HOLDHURST FARM ESTATE LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

SATURDAY



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08/08/2015 COMPANIES HOUSE #280

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr J James

Mr M Egglenton

Miss F James (appointed 22/8/2014)

Secretary

Mrs R Wood

Company number

6119015

Registered office

Portland House 12-13 Greek Street

London UK W1D 4DL

Auditor

KPMG LLP St Nicholas House 31 Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FQ

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of farm management.

Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Political and charitable donations

The Company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the period.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2014:

Mr J James Mr M Egglenton

Miss F James

(from 22/08/2014)

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and they has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the board

Director

31 July 2015

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF HOLDHURST FARM ESTATE LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Holdhurst Farm Estate Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 set out on pages 4 to 10. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of its loss for the year then ended:
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Wayne Cox (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of KPMG LLP

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

6 kg-sv 21 July 2015

St Nicholas House 31 Park Row Nottingham NG1 6FO

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

		2015	2014
	Notes	€ '000	£ '000
Turnover		269	240
Cost of Sales ,		(318)	(176)
Gross (loss)/profit		(49)	64
Administrative expenses		(167)	(170)
Operating loss	2	(216)	(106)
Other interest receivable and similar income	3	_	. 1
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(216)	(105)
Tax on ordinary activities	4	(6)	31
Loss for the year	10	(222)	(74)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 March 2015

		2015		201	
	Notes	£ '000	£ '000	£ '000	£ '000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		17,727		11,375
Current assets					
Debtors	6	145		116	
Cash at bank and in hand	· _	29		9	
		174		125	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7 _	(18,285)		(11,662)	
Net current liabilities		-	(18,111)	_	(11,537)
Total assets less current liabilities			(384)		(162)
Net liabilities			(384)	<u>-</u>	(162)
Capital reserves					
Called up share capital	8		-		
Profit and loss account	9		(384)		(162)
		-			
Shareholders' deficit	10		(384)		(162)

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 31 July 2015 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr J James Director

Company Registration No. 6119015

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost accounting rules, modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings and UK Generally Accepted Accounting Policies (UK GAAP).

Under FRS 1 the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary it has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with wholly owned subsidiaries which form part of the group.

Going concern

The directors have reviewed the profit and cash forecasts for the twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. The forecasts show a return to profit and that a positive cash balance will be maintained. Notwithstanding the net current liabilities the directors have concluded that there are sufficient funds available to continue to trade in an orderly fashion. On this basis the directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Turnover

Turnover represents income receivable for the year exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets other than freehold land are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery 10 years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Tax

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of timing differences that had originated but had not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less tax. Deferred tax liabilities are not recognised where the company has discretion to avoid the future reversal of timing differences.

In respect of deferred tax assets, these are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Investment properties

In accordance with SSAP 19 Investment Properties are valued annually and any fluctuations in value transferred to the revaluation reserve. The properties are therefore not depreciated which represents a departure from the Companies Act requirement under which depreciation should be charged on assets held for continuing use. The directors consider that, because these properties are not held for consumption, but their investment potential, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view and that it is necessary to adopt SSAP 19 in order to give a true and fair view.

With regard to properties undergoing conversion or development at the period end, where those properties were previously held as investment property and will continue to be held as investment property once the work is complete, they will continue to be disclosed as investment property during the temporary period of conversion or development. The directors regard this override of SSAP 19 as necessary to give a true and fair view.

2	Operating loss	2015 £ '000	2014 £ '000
	Operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation	20	13
	Profit on sale of fixed asset	(1)	-
	Auditor's remuneration (including expenses and benefit in kind)	-	-
	Payroll and directors' remuneration is borne by another group com	pany	
3	Other interest receivable and similar income	2015	2014
	•	£ '000	£ '000
	Bank interest	-	1
		-	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

4	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		2015 £ '000	2014 £ '000
a,	Analysis of tax charge/(credit) for the year			
	U.K. Corporation tax		6	(56)
	Adjustment for prior years		-	25
	Total current tax		6	(31)
ο,	Factors affecting the tax charge for the period			
	The tax assessed for the year is higher (2014: higher	r) than the standard	rate of cornoration	tax of 21%
	(2014: 23%) for the reasons explained below:	Ty than the Standard	rate of corporation	tax 01 2 1 70
	Loss on ordinary activities	=	(216)	(105)
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied	by standard rate		
	of UK corporation tax of 21% (2014: 23%)		(45)	(24)
	Effects of			
	Non deductible expenses		11	8
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation		(63)	(78)
	Group relief		103	38
	Prior year adjustment		-	25
	Current charge for the tax year	-	6	(31)
			Plant and	
5	Tangible fixed assets	Investment properties	machinery etc	Total
,	Tallyible liked assets	£ '000	£ '000	£ '000
	Cost or valuation	2 000	2 333	
	At 1 April 2014	11,256	142	11,398
	Additions	6,101	301	6,402
	Disposals	-	(30)	(30)
	At 31 March 2015	17,357	413	17,770
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2014	-	23	
	·	- -	23 20	23 20
	At 1 April 2014	- -		20
	At 1 April 2014 Charge for the year At 31 March 2015 Net book value	- - -	43	
	At 1 April 2014 Charge for the year At 31 March 2015	17,357	20	20

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

6	Debtors	2015 £ '000	2014 £ '000
	Trade debtors Other debtors	25 120	26 90
•		145	116
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2015 £'000	2014 £ '000
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertaking and connected parties Deferred income Accruals Corporation tax	291 17,796 20 173 5	27 11,237 20 378
		18,285	11,662
8	Share capital	2015 £ '000	2014 £ '000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary Share of £1		
9	Statement of movements on profit and loss account	£ '000	£'000
	Balance brought forward Loss for the year	(162) (222)	(88) (74)
	Balance as at 31 March	(384)	(162)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2015

10	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit	2015 £ '000	2014 £ '000
	Loss for the financial year Opening shareholders' funds	(222) (162)	(74) (88)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(384)	(162)

11 Control

The immediate parent company is Soho Estates Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Soho Estates Holdings Limited prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from Companies House, Cardiff.

Throughout the period the company was ultimately controlled by the Paul Raymond family trusts.