**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06065109** 

# Financial Counselling Services Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 30 April 2018

# **Financial Counselling Services Limited**

# Statement of Financial Position

# 30 April 2018

2017
£
525
<b>4</b> ,175
3,650
(3,650)
(3,650)
1
( 3,651)
( 3,650)

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30th April 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 August 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr C J Houghton

Director

Company registration number: 06065109

# **Financial Counselling Services Limited**

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

# Year ended 30th April 2018

# 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 483 Birmingham Road, Marlbrook, Bromsgrove, Worcestershire, B61 0HZ.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

## 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

# Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# 4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1st May 2017 and 30th April 2018	20,000
Amortisation	
At 1st May 2017 and 30th April 2018	20,000
Carrying amount	<del></del>
At 30th April 2018	-
A. 201 A. 11 00 4	
At 30th April 2017	_

# 5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Corporation tax	60	249
Other creditors	3,542	3,926
	3,602	4,175

# 6. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2018	
		Advances/	
	Balance brought forward	(credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr C J Houghton	( 3,326)	384	( 2,942)
		2017	
		Advances/	
	Balance brought forward	(credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr C J Houghton	( 4,113)	787	( 3,326)
			*******

# 7. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr Houghton throughout the current and previous year. Mr Houghton is the managing director and majority shareholder. No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.