Burt's Bees (UK) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

for the period ended 31 December 2007

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Burt's Bees (UK) Limited

Registered No 06062933

Directors

Doug Haensel John Replogle

Secretary

Robert Wood

Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP One Bridewell Street Bristol BS1 2AA

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc 10 – 14 High Street Old Town Swindon SN1 3ED

Solicitors

Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson (London) LLP 99 City Road London ECIY IAX

Registered Office

Office 39
Basepoint Business Centre
Rivermead Drive
Westlea
Swindon
Wiltshire
SN5 7EX

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and audited financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2007

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the wholesale of natural personal care products

Business review

The company was incorporated on 23 January 2007 and commenced trading on 1 September 2007. The results of the company are detailed in the profit and loss account on page 7.

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Burt's Bees Inc , a company incorporated in Delaware, USA. The Burt's Bees Inc. group was acquired by The Clorox Company on 30 November 2007.

Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

Doug Haensel (appointed 23 January 2007) John Replogle (appointed 23 January 2007)

Directors' statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who were members of the board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1. Having made enquires of fellow directors and of the company's auditors, each of these directors confirm that

- to the best of each director's knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditors are not aware, and
- each director has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable donations in the year

Directors' report (continued)

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting

By order of the Board

Robert Wood

Company Secretary

Date august 8, 2008

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions

Independent auditors' report

to the members of Burt's Bees (UK) Limited

We have audited the company's financial statements for the 11 month and 8 day period ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 14 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report

to the members of Burt's Bees (UK) Limited (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally
 Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of
 its loss for the period then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985,
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

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Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor Bristol

Date 12 August 2008

Profit and loss account

for the period ended 31 December 2007

	Period ended	
		31 December
		2007
	Note	£
Turnover	2	677,169
Cost of sales		(457,728)
Gross profit		219,441
Administrative expenses		(1,190,472)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(971,031)
Γax on loss on ordinary activities	5	•
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	12	(971,031)

All results stated above are all derived from continuing activities

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the period ended 31 December 2007

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the loss of £971,031 attributable to the shareholders for the period ended 31 December 2007

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2007

	31 December	
	Note	2007 £
Fixed assets	1,010	~
Tangible assets	6	18,629
0		
Current assets Stock	7	494,021
Debtors	8	380,092
Cash at bank and in hand		317,431
		1,191,544
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,180,204)
Net current liabilities		(988 660)
Net liabilities		(970,031)
		•
Capital and Reserves		
Called up share capital	11	1,000
Profit and loss account	12	(971,031)
Equity shareholders' deficit	12	(970,031)

Approved by the Board

Doug Haensel

Director

Date

08 AUG 2008

at 31 December 2007

1. Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

Fundamental accounting concept

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because the company's parent undertaking has agreed to provide sufficient financial support to enable the company to meet its debts as they fall due

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom and under the historical cost accounting rules

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Computer and office equipment

5 years

Furniture and fixtures

5 years

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In determining the cost of finished goods, the value used is the price charged by the US parent

Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception

 Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

at 31 December 2007

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Cash flow statement

Under FRS 1 (Revised) the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in pounds sterling at actual exchange rates as of the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. There were accrued pension costs of £5,391 at 31 December 2007. The pension cost for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £9,351.

2 Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax and trade discounts) derived from the sale of goods and is recognised on despatch to the customer

Period ended 31 December 2007 £
664,962 12,207
677,169

UK Ireland

at 31 December 2007

3. Operating lo	SS
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Operating loss is stated after charging

		31 December
		2007
		£
Depreciation of tangible fixed	assets - owned	2,271
Operating lease rentals		14,495
Auditors' remuneration	- audit services	8,000
	- non-audit services	6,000
Foreign exchange loss		50,831
		

Included in administrative expenses is £475,519 in relation to deal related costs from the acquisition of the Burts Bee's Inc by The Clorox Company on 30 November 2007

4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows

by category, was as tonows	Period ended
	31 December
	2007
	No.
	NO
Sales	2
Administration	4
Administration	
	6
	
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows	
	Period ended
	31 December
	2007
	£
Wasan and colonics	234,917
Wages and salaries	
Social security costs	26,951
	261,868

No directors received any direct remuneration in the period ended 31 December 2007

Period ended

at 31 December 2007

5. Taxation

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge for the period differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30%

The differences are explained below

The differences are explained below	Period ended 31 December 2007 £
Current tax reconciliation	
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	(971,031)
Current tax at 30%	(291,009)
Effects of	120.072
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	130,072
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	681
Other timing differences	2,480
Unrelieved tax losses carried forward	157,776
Total current tax charge	-

From 1 April 2008, the UK corporation tax rate will reduce from 30% to 28%. This rate change will both affect the amount of future cash tax payments to be made by the company and will also reduce the size of the company's deferred tax asset. Changes to the UK capital allowance regime have also been proposed, the most significant of these changes for the company is the reduction in the rate of capital allowances applicable to plant and machinery expenditure from 25% to 20% per annum on a reducing balance basis. The effect on the company of these proposed changes to the UK tax system will be fully reflected in the company's financial statements for the year ending 31 December 2008.

6. Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets	Office and computer · equipment £	Furniture and fixtures £	Total £
Cost	15.164	5 716	20,900
Additions during the period	15,154	5,746	20,900
At 31 December 2007	15,154	5,746	20,900
Depreciation Charge in period	(1,736)	(535)	(2,271)
At 31 December 2007	(1,736)	(535)	(2,271)
Net book value At 31 December 2007	13,418	5,211	18,629

at 31 December 2007

7	Stocks	
		31 December
		2007
		£
	Finished goods for resale	494,021
8.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	
0.	Debtors, amounts raining due within one you.	31 December
		2007
		£
	Trade debtors	370,589
	Prepayments	9,503
		380,092
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	21.0
		31 December 2007
		2007 £
		48,511
	Frade creditors	1,889,028
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	33,851
	Other taxes Accruals and deferred income	208,814
		2,180,204

at 31 December 2007

1	0.	Def	erred	taxa	tion
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The unprovided deferred tax asset is as follows

	31 December
	2007
	£
Accelerated capital allowances	636
Other timing differences	2,315
Tax losses	147,258
	150,209

11. Called up share capital

•	31 December
	2007
	£
Authorised	
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid	
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000

12 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	Called up share capıtal £	Profit and loss account	holders' funds £
On incorporation Loss for the period	1,000	(971,031)	1,000 (971,031)
At 31 December 2007	1,000	(971,031)	(970,031)

Total share-

at 31 December 2007

13 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions conferred by FRS 8 from the requirements to make disclosures concerning group related parties as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking

14 Ultimate parent company

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Burt's Bees International Holdings Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America

In the directors' opinion the company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is The Clorox Company, a company incorporated in the United States of America—Copies of its group financial statements, which include the company are available from Clorox Inc, 1221 Broadway, Oakland, CA94612

The smallest group of which the company is part is Burt's Bees International Holdings Inc , the largest group of which the company is part is The Clorox Company