# ADVANCED OFFICE SOLUTIONS UK LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 JANUARY 2012

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# FINANCIAL REPORTING SERVICES LIMITED

Chartered Certified Accountants
21 Market Square
Bicester
Oxon
OX26 6AD

# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# **YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2012**

CONTENTS	PAGE	
Report to the directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements	1	
Abbreviated Balance sheet	2	
Notes to the Abbreviated accounts	4	

# REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ADVANCED OFFICE SOLUTIONS UK LIMITED

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2012**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the abbreviated accounts of Advanced Office Solutions UK Limited for the year ended 31 January 2012 as set out on pages 2 to 6 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us

As a practising member firm of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://rulebook.accaglobal.com

Our work has been undertaken in accordance with the requirements of Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at www accaglobal com/factsheet163

Financial Reporting Jooxes Limited

FINANCIAL REPORTING SERVICES LIMITED Chartered Certified Accountants

21 Market Square Bicester Oxon OX26 6AD 2<sup>rd</sup> April 2012

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### **31 JANUARY 2012**

		2012		2011
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			421	842
CURRENT ASSETS				<del></del>
Debtors		_		1,541
Cash at bank and in hand		40		1,499
Cush at bank and in hand		<del></del>		
		40		3,040
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	year	517		3,562
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		<del></del>	(477)	(522)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILIT	TES		(56)	320
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			89	177
			(145)	143
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	4		1	1
Profit and loss account			(146)	142
(DEFICIT)/SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(145)	143
(DEFICIT)/SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			(143)	173

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts

### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### **31 JANUARY 2012**

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on their behalf by for frouthor

MR B C BROADHURST

Director

Company Registration Number 06060887

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2012**

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Fixtures & Fittings

3 years straight line

Equipment

3 years straight line

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2012**

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £
COST	
At 1 February 2011 and 31 January 2012	1,263
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 February 2011	421
Charge for year	421
At 31 January 2012	842
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 January 2012	421
A. 21 January 2011	842
At 31 January 2011	842

#### 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr B C Broadhurst throughout the current and previous year Mr B C Broadhurst is the managing director and majority shareholder

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the FRSSE

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2012

#### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised share capital:

			2012	2011
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	£ 1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2012		2011	
	No	£	No	£
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	l	1
<del>-</del>				13.3