

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 06059014

Pentney House Gifts Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 December 2019

Pentney House Gifts Limited

Balance Sheet

31 December 2019

		2019	2018
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	5	12,200	18,300
Tangible assets	6	142,988	164,701
		-----	-----
		155,188	183,001
Current assets			
Stocks		80,000	86,000
Debtors	7	8,271	9,048
Cash at bank and in hand		53,517	59,920
		-----	-----
		141,788	154,968
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	87,767	119,948
		-----	-----
Net current assets		54,021	35,020
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		209,209	218,021
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		176	1,304
		-----	-----
Net assets		209,033	216,717
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		208,033	215,717
		-----	-----
Shareholders funds		209,033	216,717
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings (including profit and loss account) has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Pentney House Gifts Limited

Balance Sheet *(continued)*

31 December 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 August 2020 ,
and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs V C Graham-Wood

Director

Company registration number: 06059014

Pentney House Gifts Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st December 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is The Stables, Barkers Lane, The Green, Burnham Market, Kings Lynn, PE31 8HD.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced and accrued during the year net of VAT.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Long leashold	-	5% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	-	15% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	-	25% reducing balance
Equipment	-	15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 16 (2018: 16).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1st January 2019 and 31st December 2019	60,000

Amortisation	
At 1st January 2019	41,700
Charge for the year	6,100

At 31st December 2019	47,800

Carrying amount	
At 31st December 2019	12,200

At 31st December 2018	18,300

6. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1st January 2019	270,204	73,448	61,470	9,474	414,596
Additions	—	—	—	566	566
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At 31st December 2019	270,204	73,448	61,470	10,040	415,162
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Depreciation					
At 1st January 2019	147,242	58,924	36,602	7,127	249,895
Charge for the year	13,510	2,179	6,217	373	22,279
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At 31st December 2019	160,752	61,103	42,819	7,500	272,174
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Carrying amount					
At 31st December 2019	109,452	12,345	18,651	2,540	142,988
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At 31st December 2018	122,962	14,524	24,868	2,347	164,701
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7. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Other debtors	8,271	9,048
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8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors	5,792	4,656
Corporation tax	10,962	8,473
Social security and other taxes	24,541	19,362
Other creditors	46,472	87,457
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	87,767	119,948
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9. Related party transactions

The company operates from premises owned by the directors rent free.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.