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# A J TECHNOLOGY LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31st MARCH 2009

WEDNESDAY



A24

16/09/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE 13

### **WILDS LIMITED**

Chartered Accountants
Lancaster House
70-76 Blackburn Street
Radcliffe
Manchester
M26 2JW

# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2009

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# ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### 31st MARCH 2009

		2009		2008	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			-		4,297
Tangible assets			41,739		17,158
			41,739		21,455
CURRENT ASSETS			, , , , ,		,
Stocks		-		638	
Debtors		137,002		300,770	
Cash at bank and in hand		121,127		425,018	
		258,129		726,426	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due		·		,	
within one year		222,386		675,230	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			35,743		51,196
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			77,482		72,651
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			7,000		-
			70,482		72,651
			70,402		12,031

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### 31st MARCH 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	3	100 70,382	100 72,551
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		70,482	72,651

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 24th August 2009.

MR A JACKSON
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2009

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

over 2 years

#### Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets includes only expenditure directly incurred in bringing the assets into working condition for their intended use.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

15% & 25% straight line

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. Costs include any expenditure incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is regarded as recoverable. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rate that is expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2009

2.	FIXED ASSETS				
		Intangible Assets £		Tangible Assets £	Total £
	COST				
	At 1st April 2008	8,595		20,397	28,992
	Additions			32,841	32,841
	At 31st March 2009	8,595		53,238	61,833
	DEPRECIATION				
	At 1st April 2008	4,298		3,239	7,537
	Charge for year	4,297		8,260	12,557
	At 31st March 2009	8,595		11,499	20,094
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31st March 2009	_		41,739	41,739
	At 31st March 2008	4,297		17,158	21,455
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2009 £ 100		2008 £ 100
	100 Ordinary shares of L1 each				100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2009 No	£	2008 No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100