Registered number: 05976618

FUTURE CAPITAL PARTNERS (FS) LIMITED

UNAUDITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015



COMPANY INFORMATION

. Timothy Levy

COMPANY SECRETARIES:	Heidi Elliss (resigned 10 June 2016)
	CARGIL MANAGEMENT SERVICES LTD (appointed 10 June 2016)
REGISTERED NUMBER:	05976618
REGISTERED OFFICE:	10 Old Burlington Street
	London

BANKERS: Barclays Bank Plc

DIRECTOR:

27 Soho Square

London

W1S 3AG

W1D 3QR

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DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

The director presents his annual report together with the financial statements for the period ended 30 April 2015.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with the applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit and loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether the applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company is to promote, operate and, ultimately, to wind up unregulated collective investment schemes and operate, promote and execute tax enhanced investment opportunities that are undertaken by unregulated collective investment schemes and other entities.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company faces a variety of risks in the operation of its business. These risks are actively monitored and managed by the director.

The last few years have been a turbulent period for the industry in which the Group operates. Negative media stories, political pressure and general public opinion have all conspired to damage the industry's image, with the Group's business being categorised under the heading of "tax avoidance". While there is a risk that this may have damaged the Group's brand, the director is clear in his view that the Group's business was not one of tax avoidance, but that instead it was a project finance/venture capital house that uses tax legislation to provide downside protection to investors putting money into commercial ventures. With the business now in run-off and that negative perception likely to remain, there is some risk to the ability of the Group to be able to generate sufficient cash-flows to continue to manage that run-off and meet obligations as they fall due.

The Group's employees are its most important asset. The Group's ability to attract and retain key personnel is crucial in continuing to provide the quality of service given to clients and this has become much more difficult now that the business has been placed in run-off. Over the course of the last two years the Group has extended the senior management team in an attempt to mitigate this risk. In particular, a number of key relationships are held by Timothy Levy. Without these relationships there would be a significant adverse effect on the Group's results. As a director and the ultimate controlling party, however, Timothy Levy's personal interests are closely tied to those of the Group and therefore the risk of losing these relationships is reduced.

Given the nature of the Group's business and in particular legacy film products; there is a risk that further litigation by HMRC could have a material adverse effect on the Group's cash-flows. Indeed, not only does the Group, at its own cost, retain, via a third party, a team of 5 tax professionals to manage the litigation process, but several cases have resulted in significant external legal costs. As a key differentiator to its competitors, the Group historically has funded any litigation costs up to and including the First Tier Tribunal. The Group used Magic Circle law firms and top Queens' Counsel in structuring its investments in order to reduce this risk as much as possible. With the business now in managed run-off, the Group no longer has the financial resource to fund litigation costs and therefore any further litigation by HMRC against investment vehicles previously promoted by the Group is likely to have to be funded by investors, with no adverse financial consequences for the Group.

With many of the Group's historic products subject to litigation by HMRC and in many cases investors being unable to claim the tax relief which was envisaged, there remains the risk of investors seeking redress from the Group. The director however believes that such litigation is unlikely to be successful on the basis that great care was taken, through the use of Magic Circle law firms and top Queens' Counsel, to design products that adhered to the relevant tax legislation at the time. No account could of course be taken of subsequent changes in legislation or changes to interpretation of the legislation. Further, the director believes that since the Group has never provided advice to investors, it therefore has no responsibility for the investment decisions that were made.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The company made a profit before taxation for the period ended 30 April 2015 of £1,345,018 (period ended 31 October 2014 (as restated) - £2,474,664). Turnover during the period was £1,473,471 (period ended 31 October 2014 (as restated) - £2,810,812).

The company is a member of the Group headed by Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited (together "the Group") and acts as promoted and operator to the Group's unregulated collective investment scheme offerings. The company primarily earns its income from a fellow group undertaking, Future Capital Partners Limited, while Future Capital Partners Limited also provides services to the company (mainly provision of human resources) to enable it to satisfy its obligations as promoter and operator. When conducting a review of the business it is necessary to consider the Group as a whole rather than the company in isolation.

The Group has historically focused on the origination and structuring of investment opportunities in media, renewable energy, property, financial services and healthcare. The structuring in many cases was designed to offer certain tax advantages to investors to provide downside protection in what were generally risky investments. Without these tax advantages the Group felt that the risks would have been too great for the majority of investors. During the period the Group faced a number of challenges including, amongst other factors, the introduction of HMRC's high risk promoter regime, the General Anti-Abuse Rule, the cap on income tax loss relief and Advance Payment Notices for DOTAS schemes, which had a significant adverse impact on the Group's business. Accordingly the Group decided that, with effect from 1 May 2014, the business would be placed in managed run-off and that no new investment opportunities would be marketed.

Historically the Group, being privately owned, had a policy of distributing the vast majority of its income by way of bonus payments. Hence, the Group has always reported either losses or small profits. Alongside this, in placing the business into run-off, the Group was forced to give up many of its assets to its debt provider, leaving the Group with minimal liquid assets and no new revenue generating opportunities.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the period were:

Timothy Levy

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

The director at 30 April 2015 holds no interest in the shares of the company. Timothy Levy's interests in the share of the parent undertaking, Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited, are stated in the accounts of that company.

GOING CONCERN

Accounting standards require the director to consider the appropriateness of the going concern basis when preparing the financial statements. The director confirms that he considers that the going concern basis remains appropriate. The director has taken note of the Financial Reporting Council guidance 'Going Concern and Liquidity Risk Guidance for Directors of UK Companies 2009' which requires the reasons for this decision to be explained.

The director regards the going concern basis as remaining appropriate since the main trading subsidiary of the Group, Future Capital Partners Limited, have confirmed their intention to continue to meet the obligations of the company for the period of at least 12 months from the date that these accounts are approved and also their intention to continue to be a significant customer of the company and supplier of necessary services to the company. This is considered relevant because, while the company is expected to generate profits and cash inflows from its operating activities, it is also expected that Future Capital Partners Limited will continue to act as banker for the Group as a whole, such that the company will not itself has control over the application of the cash inflows that it generates. It is also considered relevant since the company has few direct external customers outside the Group and Future Capital Partners Limited is also the key supplier of services. However, the director has also provided the assurance, in his capacity as the ultimate controlling party, that he will provide any additional funding required enabling the company to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date that these accounts are approved.

The key assumption on which the assessment of the going concern status of the company is therefore based is the ability of Future Capital Partners Limited to provide sufficient financial support to the company. In concluding whether this assumption is fair, the director has considered the conclusion reached by the director of Future Capital Partners Limited as to whether that company remains a going concern. It is noted that the key assumptions made by the director as to the going concern status of Future Capital Partners Limited are, as follows:

- i) The Group as a whole will generate sufficient cash in-flows from its operating activities the Future Capital Partners Limited (in its capacity as banker for the Group) to meet its obligations (and those of the Group as a whole) as they fall due;
- ii) Should sufficient cash in-flows from operating activities not be generated, and sufficient finance from external sources not be available, then it is understood that Timothy Levy (as the ultimate controlling party of Future Capital Partners Limited and the Group as a whole) would intend to make available to

Future Capital Partners Limited sufficient funds to ensure that Future Capital Partners Limited (and therefore the wider Group) can meet its obligations as they fall due.

A further key assumption on which the assessment of the going concern status of the company is therefore based is the ability of Timothy Levy to provide any additional funding required by the company, in the event that the support provided by Future Capital Partners Limited is insufficient.

However, as discussed in the business review, the Group as a whole has highlighted a number of principal uncertainties and risks that it faces in the short to medium term. The director feels that it is necessary to consider the key assumptions relating to the going concern basis preparation of the company's accounts (as above) in the context of these principal uncertainties and risks.

was approved by the board on 24/11/2016

and signed on its behalf.

Director

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

		Period to 30 April 2015	Period to 31 October 2014 (restated)
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER	2	1,473,471	2,810,812
Cost of Sales		(2,500)	(1,000)
GROSS PROFIT	3	1,470,971	2,809,812
Administrative expenses		(125,953)	(335,148)
OPERATING PROFIT		1,345,018	2,474,664
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		1,345,018	2,474,664
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5		
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	11	1,345,018	2,474,664

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2015 or 2014 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 12 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2015

			30 April 2015		31 October 2014 (restated)
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Investments	6		4		4
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	, 7 ·	4,515,323		3,209,931	
Cash at bank		6,357	_	1,749	
		4,521,680	•	3,211,680	•
CREDITORS: amounts		•	·		
falling due within one year	8 _	(118,844)	· _	(223,862)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			4,332,836		2,987,818
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			4,332,836		2,987,818
NET ASSETS			4,332,840		2,987,822
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			•		
Called up share capital	9 .		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account	10 ·		4,282,840		2,937,822
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		:	4,332,840	,	2,987,822

The notes on pages 12 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 479a of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain and audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 April 2015 and of its profit for the period in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 of the Act and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 24/M120c



Director

Registered number: 05976618

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

			Period to
		Period to	31 October
	•	30 April 2015	2014
			(restated)
	Note	~ £	£
Net cash flow from operating activities	12	4,608	1,658
INCREASE IN CASH IN THE PERIOD	•	4,608	1,658

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

		Period to
	Period to	31 October
	30 April 2015	2014
•		(restated)
	£	£
Increase in cash in the period	4,608	1,658
MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS FOR THE PERIOD	4,608	1,658
Net funds at 1 November 2014/30 April 2013	1,749	91
NET FUNDS AT 30 April 2015/31 October 2014	6,357	1,749

The notes on pages 12 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

Accounting standards require the director to consider the appropriateness of the going concern basis when preparing the financial statements. The directors confirm that they consider that the going concern basis remains appropriate. The directors have taken note of the Financial Reporting Council guidance 'Going Concern and Liquidity Risk Guidance for Directors of UK Companies 2009' which requires the reasons for this decision to be explained.

The director regards the going concern basis as remaining appropriate since the main trading subsidiary of the Group, Future Capital Partners Limited, have confirmed their intention to continue to meet the obligations of the company for the period of at least 12 months from the date that these accounts are approved and also their intention to continue to be a significant customer of the company and supplier of necessary services to the company. This is considered relevant because, while the company is expected to generate profits and cash inflows from its operating activities, it is also expected that Future Capital Partners Limited will continue to act as banker for the Group as a whole, such that the company will not itself has control over the application of the cash inflows that it generates. It is also considered relevant since the company has few direct external customers outside the Group and Future Capital Partners Limited is also the key supplier of services. However, the director has also provided the assurance, in his capacity as the ultimate controlling party, that he will provide any additional funding required enabling the company to meet its obligations as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date that these accounts are approved.

The key assumption on which the assessment of the going concern status of the company is therefore based is the ability of Future Capital Partners Limited to provide sufficient financial support to the company. In concluding whether this assumption is fair, the director has considered the conclusion reached by the director of Future Capital Partners Limited as to whether that company remains a going concern. It is noted that the key assumptions made by the director as to the going concern status of Future Capital Partners Limited are, as follows:

- i) The Group as a whole will generate sufficient cash in-flows from its operating activities the Future Capital Partners Limited (in its capacity as banker for the Group) to meet its obligations (and those of the Group as a whole) as they fall due;
- ii) Should sufficient cash in-flows from operating activities not be generated, and sufficient finance from external sources not be available, then it is understood that Timothy Levy (as the ultimate controlling party of Future Capital Partners Limited and the Group as a whole) would intend to make available to Future Capital Partners Limited sufficient funds to ensure that Future Capital Partners Limited (and therefore the wider Group) can meet its obligations as they fall due.

A further key assumption on which the assessment of the going concern status of the company is therefore based is the ability of Timothy Levy to provide any additional funding required by the company, in the event that the support provided by Future Capital Partners Limited is insufficient.

However, as discussed in the business review, the Group as a whole has highlighted a number of principal uncertainties and risks that it faces in the short to medium term. The director feels that it is necessary to consider the key assumptions relating to the going concern basis preparation of the company's accounts (as above) in the context of these principal uncertainties and risks.

Should the company be unable to continue trading, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of the assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify fixed assets as current assets.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.3 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment, or at the director's current valuation, whichever is the greater.

1.4 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2. TURNOVER

100% of the company's turnover (2014: 100%) is attributable to the company's principal activity, sales made within the United Kingdom.

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	Period to	Period to 31 October 2014	
	· 30 April 2015		
	£	•	£
Fees payable to the company's auditors for the audit of the company's annual accounts	· -		-
Fees payable to the company's auditors and their associates in respect of taxation compliance services	·		-

In the period to 30 April 2015 the cost of the audit is borne by another group undertaking, Future Capital Partners Limited.

4. STAFF COSTS

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2014 - £nil).

5. TAXATION

The tax assessed for the period is lower than (2014 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2014 - 21%). The differences are explained below:

	Period to 30 April 2015	Period to 31 October 2014 (restated)
	£	· £
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	1,345,018	2,474,664
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2014 - 21%)	282,454	519,679
Group relief received	(282,454)	(519,679)
Current tax charge for the period (see note above)	-	

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There are no factors that may affect future charges.

6. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

· ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 November 2014	•	4
Additions		
At 30 April 2015		4
•		
Net book value	1.0	•
At 30 April 2015		4
At 31 October 2014		4

Subsidiary undertakings

The following are subsidiary undertakings of the company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding
FCP (DM) 1 Limited	Ordinary	100%
FCP (DM) 2 Limited	Ordinary	100%
•		
	•	

7. DEBTORS

	30 April 2015	31 October 2014 (restated)
	. £ ·	£
Trade debtors	1,030,776	289,671
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	3,476,914	2,904,073
Other taxes recoverable	7,633	16,187
	4,515,323	3,209,931

8.	. CREDITORS: amounts falling	g due within one y	/ear		
					31 October
				30 April	2014
			•	2015	(restated)
		٠		£	£
	Trade creditors			25,923	2,754
	Social security and other tax	es		49,084	67,500
	Accruals and deferred incon			113,837	. 153,608
	•		•	188,844	223,862
_			•		
9.	SHARE CAPITAL				
				30 April	31 October
				2015	2014
			_	£	£
	Allotted, called up and fully	-	١		3
	50,000 Ordinary shares of £	1 each	•	50,000	50,000
10	RESERVES				
10.	RESERVES			•	Profit and loss
			•		
					account . £
	At 1 November 2014 (restat	ad)			2,937,822
	Profit for the financial perio				1,345,018
	At 30 April 2015	u		•	4,282,840
	At 30 April 2013				4,282,840
11.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVE	MENT IN SHAREH	OLDERS' FUNDS		
	•				31 October
				30 April	2014
				2015	(restated)
•				£	£
	Opening shareholders' fund	s .		2,987,822	513,158
	Profit for the financial perio			1,345,018	2,474,664
	Closing shareholders' funds			4,282,840	2,987,822
	_				(
12.	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPI	RATING ACTIVITI	ES		
				20.4!!	31 October
				30 April	, 2014
	•			2015	(restated)
	•			£	É
	Operating profit			1,345,018	2,474,664
	Decrease/(increase) in debt	ors		(1,305,391)	(2,451,835)
	(Decrease)/increase in credi	tors		(35,018)	(2,837)
	(Decrease) in provisions			<u> </u>	(18,334)
	Net cash inflow from opera	ting activities		4,608	1,658
13.	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN I	NET FUNDS	•		
		4.01	ent el	Oak	20.5
	•	1 November	Cash Flow	Other non-	30 April
		2014		cash changes	. 2015
	Cook of books and to be ad-	£	4.608	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,749	4,608	-	6,357
•	Net funds	1,749	4,608	•	6,357

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that consolidated financial statements are prepared by the parent company, Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited.

During the period ended 30 April 2015, the company earned an amount of £1,241,567, including unbilled amounts from prior periods (as restated 2014 - £598,752) to Future Fuels No. 1 LLP in relation to the provision of operator services. Future Fuels No. 1 LLP is considered to be a related party by virtue of the fellow subsidiary undertakings, Future Fuels (Management Services) Limited and Future Fuels (Partnership Services) Limited being its designated members.

During the year ended 30 April 2009, the company provided consultancy services to the following entities, which are related parties by virtue of Timothy Levy being a director of each entity and he, and other senior employees of Future Capital Partners Limited, holding management positions. The amounts owed to/from these entities at the period end are as follows:

. Y		7	30 April	31 October
		•	2015	2014
	•		£	£
Oakley Services No.1 PCC			1,391	1,391
Oakley Services No.2 PCC		,	1,459	1,459
Oakley Services No.3 PCC			1,534	1,534

15. PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

Following the finalisation of the prior year financial statements an error was identified whereby transactions were included that were not recognised in the appropriate period. The prior year accounts have been restated to correct for this which has resulted in a decrease in turnover of £74,431, a decrease in net profit of £65,299 and a decrease in shareholders' funds of £65,299.

16. ULTIMATE PARENT UDNERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent company is Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales and the ultimate parent company is White River B.V., a company incorporated in the Netherlands. An intermediate parent company also exists, being Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling party, by virtue of his controlling interest in White River B.V., is Timothy Levy.

Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited is the parent company of the largest and smallest group for which group accounts are drawn up. Copies of these accounts available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

		Period to 30 April 2015	Period to 31 October 2014
	Page	£	£ (restated)
TURNOVER	19	1,473,471	2,810,812
Cost of Sales		(2,500)	(1,000)
GROSS PROFIT	19	1,470,971	2,809,812
Gross profit %	•	99.8%	99.9%
Administrative expenses	19 _	(125,953)	(335,148)
OPERATING PROFIT	-	1,345,018	2,539,963
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		1,345,018	2,539,963

SCHEDULE TO THE DETAILED ACCOUNTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

	Period to 30 April 2015	Period to 31 October 2014
	£	£
		(restated)
TURNOVER		
Sales	1,473,471	2,810,812
COST OF SALES		
Cost of Sales	2,500	1,000
ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES		
Staff training	•	- ,
Computer costs ·	-	<i>575</i>
Legal and professional	3,661	13,323
Auditor's remuneration	-	(1,707)
Auditor's remuneration – non-audit	-	-
Bank charges	91	215
Bad debts	· -	(42,967)
Compliance and regulatory fees	_. 255	<i>3,787</i>
Car hire	-	250
Payroll services	· -	1,671
Postage	1,946	1
Management fees	120,000_	360,000
	125,953	335,148

In accordance with Sections 394A, 448A and 479A of the Companies Act 2006.

AA06



Statement of guarantee by a parent undertaking of a subsidiary company

Companies House

- ✓ What this form is for You may use this form as a statement of guarantee for a subsidiary company.
- What this form is NOT for You cannot use this form as a statement of guarantee for a subsidiary which is an LLP. Use form LLAA06.

For further information, please refer to our guidance at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

1	Subsidiary company details		
	Please enter the registered name and number of the company delivering this statement.	→ Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals. All fields are mandatory unless	
Company number	0 5 9 7 6 6 1 8		
Company name in full		specified or indicated by *	
2	Relevant financial year		
	Please show the financial year end date to which the guarantee relates.	·.	
Date of financial year ending	3 6 7 2 7 1 5		

Guarantee •

Please show details of the guarantee.

FUTURE CAPITAL PARTNERS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (company number 04010585 Registered in England & Wales) (the parent undertaking) guarantees under Section 479C of the Companies Act 2006 the assets and liabilities of the undertaking shown in 1 above (the subsidiary undertaking) giving effect to

- (a) The parent undertaking guarantees all outstanding liabilities to which the subsidiary undertaking is subject at the end of the financial period to which the guarantee relates, until they are satisfied in full, and
- (b) The guarantee is enforceable against the parent undertaking by any person to whom the subsidiary undertaking is liable in respect of those liabilities

• You must include:

Details of the section of the Companies Act 2006 under which the guarantee is being given:

- Section 394C—exemption from preparing accounts for a dormant subsidiary.
- Section 448C—exemption from filing accounts for a dormant subsidiary.
- Section 479C—audit exemption for a subsidiary company.

The name of the parent undertaking and:

- a. if the parent was incorporated in the UK its registered number (if any); or
- if the parent was incorporated and registered (in the same country) elsewhere in the EEA, its registration number and the identity of the register where it is registered.

Schedule

If necessary, please attach a schedule to this form.

AA06 Statement of guarantee by a parent undertaking of a subsidiary company

4	Statement date				
	Please insert the date the statement was made.				
Date	2 4 7 7 2 6 4 6				
5	Signature on behalf of the parent undertaking®				
	I am signing this formion behalf of the parent undertaking.	This section must be signed on behalf of the parent undertaking.			
Signature	Signature	X			
6	Signature of subsidiary [©]				
	I am signing this form on behalf of the subsidiary company.	This form must be signed by a			
Signature	Signature	director of the subsidiary company			

AA06

Statement of guarantee by a parent undertaking of a subsidiary company

Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

	•
Contact name Pet	ter Simon
Company name Tov	werstone Partners Limited
Address 10 Old	d Burlington Street
- -	
Post town Londo	on
County/Region	
Postcode	W 1 S 3 A G
Country United	Kingdom
DX	
Telephone	

Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing.

Please make sure you have remembered the following:

- ☐ The company name and number match the information held on the public Register.
- You have entered the date of the financial year in Section 2.
- You have completed Section 3.
- You have entered the date of the statement in Section 4.
- □ A representative of the parent has signed their name in Section 5.
- ☐ A director of the subsidiary has signed the form. ☐ To benefit from one of these exemptions, the subsidiary must also submit the following documents to the registrar of companies on or before the date on which its accounts are due:
 - a written notice that all members of the subsidiary agree to the exemption in respect of the relevant financial year; and
 - a copy of the parent undertaking's consolidated accounts, including a copy of the auditor's report and the annual report on those accounts.

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record.

Where to send

DX 33050 Cardiff.

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

For companies registered in England and Wales: The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ.

For companies registered in Scotland: The Registrar of Companies, Companies House,

Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF. DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post).

For companies registered in Northern Ireland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG. DX 481 N.R. Belfast 1.

Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

Subsidiary Agreement

We, the members of Future Capital Partners (FS) Limited (Company Number: 05976618), confirm that we agree to the exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006. We also confirm to agree to that Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited (the parent undertaking, company number: 04010585) guarantees all outstanding liabilities to which the company is subject at the end of the financial period as of 30 April 2015.

Signed on 25 November 2016 on behalf of Future Capital Partners Group Holdings Limited (Company Number: 04010585).

Tim Levy

Director