COMPANIES HOUSE STEY

## **Big Bear Group Plc**

Report and Financial Statements
Year Ended
31 August 2010

Company Number 05969485

WEDNESDAY

A15

02/02/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

16

# Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010

#### **Contents**

#### Page:

1	Statement from Joint Chairmen
3	Report of the directors
6	Independent auditor's report
8	Consolidated profit and loss account
9	Consolidated balance sheet
10	Company balance sheet
11	Consolidated cash flow statement

Notes forming part of the financial statements

#### **Directors**

12

J A Jackson P N Wilkinson M Giannotta M G Grahame D J Martin K M Buchanan J L James

#### Secretary and registered office

K M Buchanan, Sunningdale Road, Braunstone, Leicestershire LE3 1UE

#### Company number

05969485

#### **Auditors**

BDO LLP, 125 Colmore Row, Birmingham, B3 3SD

#### Statement from Joint Chairmen

#### Introduction

Your company has made significant progress in 2010 and despite the continuing difficult economic climate, we have achieved record results with operating profits before exceptional items over 34% ahead of last year. There has been continuous pressure during the year from major food retailers on their suppliers to control selling prices and we have seen no inflation in our selling prices since the spring of 2008, with the exception of Just Brazils.

Whilst we continue to make efficiencies in our supply chain and production processes, in the second half of this year we have seen substantial increases in most of the raw materials' prices that your company uses. Other food manufacturers have started to raise selling prices to their customers and we are watching the situation carefully.

The general public continue to look for exciting, value for money, innovative food products and our key brands have generally continued to grow their market share. Recent weeks have seen significant introduction of new products, and we are pleased to have gained permanent listings with Tesco, Morrison's and Asda for our new chocolate flavoured breakfast cereals.

Both operating subsidiaries, Honey Monster Foods ("HMF") and Fox's Confectionery ("FCL") are thriving in the current environment and have made excellent trading progress this year

HMF produces branded ready-to-eat breakfast cereals, including Sugar Puffs, Choco Puffs, Honey Monster Honey Waffles and Choco Waffles, and healthy alternatives through the Good Grain Company such as Puffed Wheat, as well as cereal bars, mainly under the Harvest Cheweee brand FCL produces branded sugar and chocolate confectionery under the Fox's Glacier, XXX, Poppets and Just brand names

#### Results

Full year results of Group sales at £56 01 million (2009 £53 25 million) and EBITDA before exceptional and restructuring costs of £11 78 million (2009 £9 26 million) were 5 2% and 27 2% up respectively whilst operating profits before goodwill amortisation, exceptional items and interest were £10 60 million (2009 £8 06 million), an increase of 31 5% Exceptional costs in 2009/10 of £590K were related to professional advice, legal and accountancy costs incurred during the flotation process which your Board cancelled in mid-February Redundancy costs of £43K were also incurred. Prior year restructuring costs of £151K were also principally redundancy related.

Total interest costs for the year of £3 06 million were broadly in line with the charge for 2009 of £2 99 million, however the current year figure includes a provision for the calculated "A" loan note redemption premium of £803K on the assumption that the loan notes are likely to be redeemed in 2010. Underlying interest charges are reducing sharply as a result of the substantial loan note redemption that took place in 2009, and the improving cash flow in the second half of the current year.

Pre-tax profits of £7 6 million before exceptional items and goodwill amortisation are 50% ahead of last year These excellent results flow from the investment in Project Harrier which was completed in early February 2010. The successful conclusion of this project has made Big Bear Group entirely self sufficient in handling its sales, distribution and invoicing to customers in the United Kingdom, and has considerably reduced the costs of our Group operations. The full year benefit of Harrier is anticipated to be well in excess of £1 million.

#### **Corporate Action**

Following the decision taken to defer the prospective Listing of the Company's shares on AIM last February, your directors continue to evaluate all options to improve liquidity of the Company's equity capital and loan note instruments

#### Chairman's statement (continued)

#### Outlook

The global economic turmoil which was a feature of 2009 has continued to impact the economic and financial position of the United Kingdom which is the Group's main market. The UK economy appears to have returned to growth in recent weeks having been in negative territory for much of our financial year. The poor outlook for the UK has seen its currency continue to weaken against a basket of global currencies (with the exception of the US \$), but the recent announcement that further quantitative easing is unlikely has seen an improving outlook for the value of the £. This is important for the future well being of your company, as many of its raw materials and packaging are adversely impacted by the continued devaluation of sterling. We have seen sharp rises in the prices of durum wheat, sugar, glucose and chocolate in recent months. Although we buy very little of our major supplies on the "spot" market, raw material price inflation is likely to have an impact in our pricing strategy as we move into 2011.

Apart from Project Harrier, we have invested substantial sums in capital equipment in recent months to further improve our manufacturing efficiency and to ensure that we remain competitive in the market place in which we operate. Most recently a major project to install an extruder at Southall has been successfully completed, and from September 2010, we have been able to manufacture Honey Waffles entirely in house. We also anticipate being able to use the additional capacity we have to develop further new products to add to our range in the future.

A number of new products have gained listings with the supermarkets in recent weeks, in particular Choco Puffs, Choco Waffles, and a special limited Halloween edition, Spooky Puffs. We also have some new products targeted for introduction to supermarket shelves in the new calendar year and we are working on gaining listings for these products now

We have had a subdued start to trading in the new year in September, but October trading has resumed to normal levels and with all the initiatives that have gone into growing sales and reducing our overall cost base we are confident of another good result in FY2011

#### **Employees**

We would like to thank all our employees for their continued efforts to make our business the success it is, and we are very grateful for their support and co-operation. Largely as a result of the successful implementation of Project Harrier we have seen a small rise in total employee numbers this year, but yet again tonnage per employee and operating profit per employee have grown to record levels.

Mario Giannotta and his management team have produced an excellent set of results and on behalf of all our shareholders we would like to record our thanks to everyone who has contributed to this outstanding performance

John A Jackson Paul N Wilkinson Joint Chairmen

## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 August 2010

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010

#### Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 8 and shows the profit for the year

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

#### Principal activities, review of business and future developments

The company's principal activity is that of a holding company

The main activity of the group is the production and sale of food products

#### **Review of Business**

A review of the trading position of the group is set out in the statement from the Joint Chairmen on pages 1 to 2

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The Honey Monster and Fox's Confectionery product lines have strong brand awareness and distribution which gives the directors confidence that the group's results are resilient to market pressures and changes input costs and Euro related commodities continue to be volatile and we aim to lock into appropriate forward contracts wherever possible to mitigate these risks. The business has invested in, and continues to invest in, new equipment and processes to offset price movements through improved efficiencies and a lower cost base.

Other risks to the business are not unusual or significant. Exposure to currency movement, interest rates and material price rises are mitigated wherever possible and economically desirable.

#### Financial instruments

The group's financial instruments comprise borrowings, loan notes, some cash and liquid resources, and various items such as trade debtors and creditors all of which arise directly from the group's operations

Operations and working capital requirements are funded primarily out of short term banking facilities and retained profits

#### Charitable and political contributions

During the year the group made no charitable contributions (2009 - £Nil) There were no political contributions (2009 - £Nil)

#### Policy and practice on the payment of creditors

The group is responsible for agreeing the terms and conditions under which business transactions with suppliers are conducted but does not follow any code or standard on payment practice. It is the group's policy that payments to suppliers are made in accordance with these terms, provided that the supplier is also complying with all relevant terms and conditions.

The number of average days' purchases of the group represented by trade creditors at 31 August 2009 was 55 (2009 - 52)

#### **Indemnity Cover**

Certain directors benefit from qualifying third party indemnity provisions in place during the financial year and at the date of this report

## Report of the directors for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### **Brands & Brand Support**

The group's principal focus is on the management of its key brands Fox's Glacier Mints, XXX, Poppets, Just, Sugar Puffs, Honey Monster and Harvest Cheweee

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company during the year were

J A Jackson
P N Wilkinson
M Giannotta
M G Grahame
D J Martin
K M Buchanan
J L James (appointed 7 September 2009)

#### **Directors' responsibilities**

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the group and company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company, law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### **Auditors**

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

On behalf of the board

K M∕Buchanan

Director

Date 5 November 2010

#### Independent auditor's report

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF BIG BEAR GROUP PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Big Bear Group Plc for the year ended 31 August 2010 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated and company balance sheets, the consolidated cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 August 2010 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Independent auditor's report (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns,
   or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

800 m

Graham Clayworth (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Birmingham
United Kingdom

Date S November 2010

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

# Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 August 2010

	Note	Before exceptional costs 2010 £'000	Exceptional costs 2010 £'000	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
Turnover	2	56,008	-	56,008	53,250
Cost of sales		33,303	-	33,303 ——	33,120
Gross profit		22,705	-	22,705	20,130
Distribution costs Administrative expenses	3	7,565 4,736	590 ———	7,565 5,326	8,685 3,690
Group operating profit	4	10,404	(590)	9,814	7,755
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	7			1 (3,055)	52 (2,990)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation				6,760	4,817
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	9			2,089	1,448
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation				4,671	3,369

All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account

#### Consolidated balance sheet at 31 August 2010

Company number 05969485	Note	2010	2010	2009 As restated	2009 As restated
		5,000	5,000	€,000	£,000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	10		19,369		19,520
Tangible assets	11		18,517		17,993
			37,886		37,513
Current assets					
Stocks	13	5,041		6,395	
Debtors	14	12,568		10,839	
Cash at bank and in hand		90		541 ———	
		17,699		17,775	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	16,097		19,019	
<b>,</b>					
Net current assets/(liabilities)			1,602		(1,244
Total assets less current liabilities			39,488		36,269
Creditors. amounts falling due after					
more than one year	16	23,745		25,384	
Provisions for liabilities	17	1,469		1,282	
			25,214		26,666
			14,274		9,603
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	19 20		2,491 11,783		2,491 7,112
. Ton and lood account					
Shareholders' funds	21		14,274		9,603

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 November 2010

M Giannotta

Director

K M Buchanan

The notes on pages 12 to 27 form part of these financial statements

## Company balance sheet at 31 August 2010

Company number 05969485	Note	2010 £'000	2010 £'000	2009 As restated £'000	2009 As restated £'000
Fixed assets					2000
Fixed assets Fixed asset investments	12		29,880		29,881
Current assets Debtors	14	61		2,440	
Debiois	14	01		2,440	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	2,934		3,183	
Net current liabilities			(2,873)		(743)
					<del></del>
Total assets less current liabilities			27,007		29,138
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	16		24,991		26,111
more than one year	10				
			2,016		3,027
					-
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	19		2,491		2,491
Profit and loss account	20		(475)		536
Shareholders' funds	21		2,016		3,027

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 November 2010

M Giannotta Director

K M Buchanan

Director

# Consolidated cashflow statement for the year ended 31 August 2010

	Note	2010 £'000	2010 £'000	2009 £'000	2009 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	24		7,466		6,820
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid bank loans Interest paid other loans	9	1 (1,292) (305)		52 (1,130) (2,453)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(1,596)		(3,531)
Taxation Corporation tax paid			(1,020)		(1,319)
Capital expenditure and financial investment Payments to acquire tangible fixed asse	ts		(1,696)		(1,078)
Cash inflow before use of financing			3,154		892
Financing New loans Loans repaid - bank Capital element of finance leases repaid Loans repaid - other Facility fees associated with new loans	i	(3,432) (173) - -		25,000 (15,104) (180) (15,132) (644)	
Net cash outflow from financing			(3,605)		(6,060)
Decrease in cash	25		(451)		(5,168)

# Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010

#### 1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

#### Basis of preparation

The group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out in the Statement from the Joint Chairmen and the Directors' Report on pages 1 to 5

The group has considerable financial resources together with long-term trading relationships with a number of customers and suppliers, the group is profitable and is expected to continue to generate strong positive cash flows for the foreseeable future. The company participates in centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with its subsidiaries, the directors are pleased to report that adequate bank facilities are in place until 2011.

The directors have a firm expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of Big Bear Group Plc and all of its subsidiary undertakings as at 31 August 2010 using the acquisition method of accounting. Where the acquisition method is used, the results of subsidiary undertakings are included from the date of acquisition.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax, trade discounts and sales incentives. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a trade is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Positive goodwill is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life.

In the opinion of the directors, the useful economic life of goodwill arising on the consolidation of Fox's Confectionery Limited is 40 years and, in reaching this conclusion, the directors have chosen to rebut the presumption within FRS 10 that 20 years is the maximum life

Impairment tests on the carrying value of goodwill are undertaken

- at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition,
- in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Brands

Where separately identifiable brands are acquired, they are recognised at cost which is deemed to be the fair value as agreed between willing vendor and purchaser

Acquired brands are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful economic life but no longer than 20 years, except where they are considered to have an indefinite useful economic life, in which case they are not amortised. The carrying value of brands with an indefinite life are subject to annual impairment reviews by the Directors and any amortisation or impairment provisions are charged against profit in the year concerned.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates

Freehold property Plant and machinery Office equipment

- 2% straight line

between 6 67% and 33 33% straight linebetween 20% and 33% straight line

#### Valuation of investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for impairment

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of raw material on a first in, first out basis. Work-in-progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

#### Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions of individual companies are translated at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet dates. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account

#### Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit over the term of the debt so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Finance costs include issue costs, which are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

#### Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

#### Research

Expenditure on pure and applied research is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the group has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief, and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the group anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

#### Share-based payment

When share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the income statement over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each balance sheet date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the income statement over the remaining vesting period

#### Leased assets

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership (finance leases), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable over the term of the lease. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as amounts payable to the lessor. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged to the profit and loss account over the shorter of estimated useful economic life and the period of the lease.

Lease payments are analysed between capital and interest components so that the interest element of the payment is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and is calculated so that it represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. The capital part reduces the amounts payable to the lessor

All other leases are treated as operating leases Their annual rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

#### Pension costs

Contributions to the company's managed defined contribution pension schemes and to personal defined contribution pension schemes are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

2	Turnover		
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Analysis by geographical market		
	United Kingdom	52,736	49,744
	Europe	2,822	3,002
	Rest of the world	450	504
		56,008	53,250

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the group

#### 3 Exceptional items

Administration expenses include exceptional costs of £590,000 (2009 - £Nil) which relate to professional fees incurred in respect of the aborted IPO of Big Bear Group plc in February 2010

#### 4 Operating profit/(loss)

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
This is arrived at after charging		
Research and development - current year's expenditure	53	48
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	1,172	1,199
Amortisation of positive goodwill	151	151
Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases	18	-
Hire of other assets - operating leases	31	59
Auditors' remuneration - fees payable to the group's auditor for the		
audit of the group's annual accounts	48	48
Restructuring costs	43	151

The audit fee in respect of Big Bear Group Limited, the company, is borne by subsidiary undertaking, Fox's Confectionery Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

5	Employees		
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of		
		Group 2010 £'000	Group 2009 £'000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	7,985 726 308	6,731 695 324
		9,019	7,750
	The average number of employees (including directors) during the year was as	follows	
		Group 2010 Number	Group 2009 Number
	Production Sales and Management	180 59	161 80
		239	241
6	Directors' remuneration		
		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Directors' emoluments Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes Amounts paid to third parties in respect of directors' services	964 53 136	733 44 129

There were 4 directors receiving contributions into personal defined contribution pension schemes during the year (2009 - 3)

The total amount payable to the highest paid director in respect of emoluments was £310,000 (2009 - £240,000) Company pension contributions of £19,000 (2009 - £19,000) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

### 6 Directors' remuneration (continued)

The total directors' emoluments figure includes the following amounts payable to third parties in respect of consultancy services to the group

Nugents Park Limited, a company controlled by J A Jackson, which has a consultancy agreement with the subsidiary pursuant to which, Nugents Park Limited, through J A Jackson, provides consultancy services to the subsidiary for a fee Fees and expenses paid in the year ended 31 August 2010 were £69,000 (2009 - £65,000)

Parkside Capital, an entity controlled by P N Wilkinson, which has a consultancy agreement with the subsidiary pursuant to which, Parkside Capital, through P N Wilkinson, provides consultancy services to the subsidiary for a fee. Fees and expenses paid in the year ended 31 August 2010 were £67,000 (2009 - £64,000)

#### 7 Interest payable and similar charges

	2010 £'000	£'000
Bank loans, overdrafts and other financing costs Interest and redemption premium on loan notes Finance lease interest Facility fee amortisation	1,727 1,305 23	1,403 1,158 32 397
	3,055	2,990

#### 8 Profit for the financial year

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own profit and loss account in these financial statements. The group profit for the year includes a loss after tax of £1,011,000 (2009 - £2,932,000 profit) which is dealt with in the financial statements of the parent company

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 *(continued)* 

	2010	200
	£,000	£'00
UK Corporation tax		
Current tax on profits of the year	1,922	1,2
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(20)	
Total current tax	1,902	1,2
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	241	1
Adjustment in respect of previous periods	(54)	
Movement in deferred tax provision	187	1
Tarakan an anath an antanan akankan		
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	2,089	1,4
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below		
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation		ed to pro
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation	n tax in the UK appli	ed to pro
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation	n tax in the UK appli	ed to pro 20 £'0
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.	2010 £'000	ed to pro 20 £'0
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK.	2010 £'000 6,760	20 £'0 4,8
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%)	2010 £'000	20 £'0 4,8
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%).  Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes.	2010 £'000 6,760	20 £'0 4,8
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%). Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation.	2010 £'000 6,760 1,893 318 (165)	20 £'0 4,8
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%). Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation. Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods.	2010 £'000 6,760 1,893 318 (165) (20)	20 £'0 4,8
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%). Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation. Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods. Transfer pricing adjustments.	2010 £'000 6,760 1,893 318 (165) (20) (95)	20 £'0 4,8
The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation before tax. The differences are explained below.  Profit on ordinary activities before tax.  Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2009 - 28%). Effect of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes. Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation. Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous periods.	2010 £'000 6,760 1,893 318 (165) (20)	1,4 ed to pro 20 £'0 4,8

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### 10 Intangible fixed assets

#### Group

	Brands £'000	Goodwill on consolidation £'000	Total £'000
Cost At 1 September 2009 and 31 August 2010	13,800	6,070	19,870 ———
Amortisation At 1 September 2009 Provided for the year	- -	350 151	350 151
At 31 August 2010		501	501 ———
Net book value At 31 August 2010	13,800	5,569	19,369
At 31 August 2009	13,800	5,720	19,520

The Group's subsidiary, Fox's Confectionery Limited, owns several major iconic brands, including Fox's Glacier, Poppets, XXX and Just, whilst the brand portfolio of fellow subsidiary Honey Monster Foods Limited includes the Honey Monster, as well as iconic children's breakfast cereal brand Sugar Puffs, and the children-focused leading range of cereal bars under the Harvest Cheweee brand

Fox's Confectionery brands were acquired in September 2003 when the confectionery division was losing money, and no brand value could be attributed to the brands acquired. As a result the carrying value of all confectionery brands owned by the Company is £1. Since acquisition the group has invested in brand support and refocused operations, enabling the business to return to profitability. The directors of the Company consider that the confectionery brands today have a significant value.

The brand value of £13 8m represents the arms length cost of the acquisition of the intellectual property of the Honey Monster Foods business in September 2006. Since acquisition the company has invested significantly behind the brand resulting in increased profitability, therefore in the opinion of the directors the value of the brands has increased substantially. The directors have carried out an asset impairment test, which shows that there has been no impairment of the brand, and therefore no amortisation of the brand value is appropriate. It is the intention of the directors to perform an impairment test on an annual basis.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### 11 Tangible fixed assets

#### Group

	Freehold land and buildings £'000	Plant, machinery and office equipment £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation			
At 1 September 2009	10,427	12,900	23,327
Additions	-	1,696	1,696
			<del></del>
At 31 August 2010	10,427	14,596	25,023
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2009	268	5,066	5,334
Provided for the year	77	1,095	1,172
A4 04 A4 0040			0.500
At 31 August 2010	345	6,161 ———	6,506
Net book value			
At 31 August 2010	10,082	8,435	18,517
At 31 August 2009	10,159	7,834	17,993

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £754,000 (2009 - £766,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts. The related depreciation charge on these assets for the year was £66,000 (2009 - £62,000)

The cost of freehold land and buildings includes an amount of £6,588,000 (2009 - £6,588,000) in respect of the land that is not depreciated

The cost of plant, machinery and office equipment includes an amount of £1,040,000 (2009 - £60,000) in respect of assets under the course of construction that are not depreciated.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

### 12 Fixed asset investments

The companys investment in subsidiary undertakings at 31 August 2010 was £29,881,000 (2009 - £29,881,000)

Subsidiary undertakings

13

The principal undertakings in which the company's interest at the year end is 20% or more are as follows

	Class capita	of sh of share capit	al	of business
Subsidiary undertakings				
Fox's Confectionery Limited	A,B,C shares each	ordinary 100% of £1		tion and sale ectionery
Honey Monster Foods Limited	Ordina shares			tion and sale al products
Stocks				
	Group 2010 £'000	Group 2009 £'000	Company 2010 £'000	Company 2009 £'000
Raw materials and consumables Finished goods and goods for resale Packaging	2,775 1,957 309	2,930 3,035 430	<u>.</u>	-
	5,041	6,395	•	_

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 *(continued)* 

14	Debtors				
		Group 2010	Group 2009	Company 2010	Company 2009
		£'000	As restated £'000	£'000	As restated 2'000
	Amounts receivable within one year	£ 000	1.000	£ 000	£ 000
	Amounts receivable within one year				
	Trade debtors	11,316	10,016	-	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,180	547	-	-
	Other debtors	72	276	-	-
	Deferred taxation (see note 17)	•	-	61	-
		12,568	10,839	61	-
	Amounts receivable after more than one year				
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	-	_	-	2,440
	g. and an area of group an area an area.				
	Total debtors	12,568	10,839	61	2,440
	See note 19 for details of the adjustment to the	e prior year figi	ures		
15	Creditors: amounts falling due within one	year			
		Group 2010 £'000	Group 2009 £'000	Company 2010 £'000	Company 2009 £'000
		2 000	2 000	2 000	1.000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)	2,786	2,918	2,786	2,918
	Trade creditors	4,382	5,696	-	
	Corporation tax	1,744	862	-	-
	Other taxation and social security Obligations under finance lease and hire	1,091	886	85	-
	purchase contracts	-	173	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	6,094	8,484	63	265
		<del></del>			<del></del>

16,097

19,019

2,934

3,183

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

	Group	Group	Company	Company
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	£'000	£'000	£,000	£,000
	2 000	2,000	2 000	2,000
Bank loans and loan notes	22,004	24,947	22,004	24,947
Amounts owed to group undertakings  Loan note interest and redemption	-	•	1,246	727
premium	1,741	437	1,741	437
•				
	23,745	25,384	24,991	26,111
	-			
Maturity of debt				
	Bank loans and loan notes 2010	Bank loans and loan notes 2009	Finance leases 2010	Finance leases
				2009
	£.000	£,000	£,000	£,000
In one year or less, or on demand				
In one year or less, or on demand	£,000	£,000		£,000
•	£,000	£,000		£,000
In more than one year but not more than two years	£,000	£,000		£,000
In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than	2,786	£'000 2,918 		£,000
In more than one year but not more than two years	£'000 2,786	£'000 2,918		£,000
In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five years	£'000 2,786 	2,918 2,918 2,918 17,021		£,000
In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five years	£'000 2,786 	2,918 2,918 2,918 17,021		£,000

At 31 August 2010, £20,068,000 of the loans were due to Barclays Bank PLC, the amounts above are net of finance costs of £286,000. These loans are secured on the assets of the group including full fixed and floating charges over the assets of the group. The loans attract interest at a variable rate of between LIBOR + 2.25% and LIBOR + 2.75% and are repayable as follows.

Loan A - quarterly repayments of £625,000 with the remaining balance due on 31 December 2011 Loan B - quarterly repayments of £125,000 with the remaining balance due on 31 December 2011

On 21 May 2007 unsecured A Loan Notes of £16,829,000 and B Loan Notes of £3,338,000 were issued at par for a non-cash consideration when the company acquired the entire share capital of Fox's Confectionery Limited. The loan notes rank behind the above bank loans for repayment with a 10 year maturity date and incur interest at a rate 9% per annum, and at 31 August 2010, £3,735,000 of A Loan Notes and £1,273,000 of B Loan Notes were outstanding

The loan notes attract a redemption premium, which became payable from 6 September 2009 Accordingly a provision has been made in the accounts of £803,000 to reflect the accrued liability as at 31 August 2010

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

### 17 Provisions for liabilities

#### Group

Deferred taxation £'000
1,282 187
1,469

#### 18 Pensions

The group manages two defined contribution pension schemes and contributes to directors personal pension schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the group in independently administered funds. The pension charge in respect of both schemes amounted to £308,000 (2009 - £324,000). Contributions amounting to £8,000 (2009 - £46,000) were payable to the funds and are included in creditors.

#### 19 Share capital

	2010	2009 As restated
	€,000	000'3
Allotted and called up		
Ordinary A shares of £0 10 each (fully paid)	1,867	1,867
Ordinary B shares of £0 10 each (fully paid)	371	371
Ordinary C shares of £0 20 each (partly paid)	253	253
	2,491	2,491

All shares have equal rights except that

The B shareholders only have first refusal to purchase any B shares that become available,

The C shares carry the right through a "ratchet mechanism" to a greater equity participation in certain circumstances

In the prior year £252,000 of the Ordinary C shares were classified as unpaid called-up share capital and included within other debtors. In the current year the treatment of these shares has been revised to reflect their partly paid, but not called up, status and therefore Ordinary C share capital has been restated from £505,000 to £253,000.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 *(continued)* 

20	Reserves				
	Group				
					Profit and loss account £'000
	At 1 September 2009 Profit for the year				7,112 4,671
	At 31 August 2010				11,783
	Company				_
					Profit and loss account £'000
	At 1 September 2009 Loss for the year				536 (1,011)
	At 31 August 2010				(475)
21	Reconciliation of movements in shareh	nolders' funds			
		Group 2010 £'000	Group 2009 £'000	Company 2010 £'000	Company 2009 £'000
	Profit/(loss) for the year	4,671	3,369	(1,011)	2,932
	Opening shareholders' funds	9,603	6,234	3,027	95
	Closing shareholders' funds	14,274	9,603	2,016	3,027

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

#### 22 Commitments under operating leases

The group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases relating to vehicles and equipment as set out below

	Other 2010 £'000	Other 2009 £'000
Operating leases which expire		
Within one year In two to five years	14 27	36 28
	<del></del>	
	41	64

#### 23 Commitments

At the year end the group had forward contracts to purchase raw materials. The contracts had an aggregate value of approximately £9 1 million (2009 - £6 4 million) with expiry dates mostly within six months of the year end date

#### Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow from operating activities 24

	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Operating profit Exceptional items included in operating profit	9,814 590	7,755 - ———
Operating profit before exceptional items	10,404	7,755
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Decrease/(increase) in stocks Increase in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors	151 1,172 1,354 (1,729) (3,381)	151 1,199 (1,139) (1,158) 12
Cash outflow relating to exceptional items	7,971 (505)	6,820
Net cash inflow from operating activities	7,466	6,820

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010 *(continued)* 

25	Reconciliation of net cash flow to me	ovement in net debt			
				2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Decrease in cash			(451)	(5,168)
	Cash inflow from changes in debt			3,248	5,650
	Movement in net debt			2,797	482
	Opening net debt			(27,497)	(27,979)
	Closing net debt			(24,700)	(27,497)
26	Analysis of net debt				
		At 1 September 2009 £'000	Cash flow £'000	Other non- cash items £'000	At 31 August 2010 £'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	541	(451)	-	90
	Debt due within one year Debt due after one year Finance leases	(2,918) (24,947) (173)	3,132 (57) 173	(3,000) 3,000	(2,786) (22,004) -
			3,248		
	Total	(27,497)	2,797		(24,700)