# Annual Report and Financial Statements 31 December 2017

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## **Annual Report and Financial Statements**

## Year ended 31 December 2017

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## Officers and Professional Advisers

The Board of Directors John Cavill

**Bryan Acutt** 

Company Secretary Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered Office Cannon Place

78 Cannon Street

London EC4N 6AF

Independent Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Level 4 Atria One

144 Morrison Street

Edinburgh EH3 8EX

Bankers Royal Bank of Scotland Plc

Level 5

135 Bishopsgate

London EC2M 3UR

Solicitors CMS Cameron McKenna LLP

Mitre House

160 Aldersgate Street

London EC1A 4DD

#### **Directors' Report**

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the audited Annual Report and Financial Statements of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### **Principal Activities**

The principal activity of the Company is to invest in special purpose companies set up under the Government's Private Finance Initiative Scheme and other related investment activities.

#### **Performance Review**

The profit for the financial year, after taxation, amounted to £276,069 (2016: £318,556).

The profit for the financial year will be transferred to reserves.

The directors are satisfied with the overall performance of the Company and do not foresee any significant change in the Company's activities in the coming financial year.

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

In its role as a holdings company there are no key performance indicators for the directors to monitor. However, from a group point of view the performance of the investment is assessed every 6 months by testing the cash resources against the bank lending covenants. The key indicator being the debt service cover ratio. The investment has been performing well and has been compliant with the covenants laid out in the Group loan agreement.

#### **Directors**

The directors who served the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

John Cavill Bryan Acutt

#### **Dividends**

Particulars of dividends paid are detailed in note 10 to the financial statements.

#### **Qualifying Third Party Indemnity Provisions**

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors during the year. These provisions remain in force at the reporting date.

#### **Small Company Provisions**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

## Directors' Report (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### **Disclosure of Information to Auditors**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors
  are unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that
  information

The auditors are deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006

This report was approved by the board of directors on 17/04/2018... and signed by order of the board by:

Infrastructure Managers Limited Company Secretary

#### **Directors' Responsibilities Statement**

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Annual Report and Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), and applicable law).

Under company law the directors must not approve the Annual Report and Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Annual Report and Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Annual Report and Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Annual Report and Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion, Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2017; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements

#### **Conclusions Relating to Going Concern**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate, or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
  that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
  basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
  statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### Reporting on Other Information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

#### **Directors' Report**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

#### Responsibilities for the Financial Statements and the Audit

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at. www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

#### **Use of This Report**

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

#### Other Required Reporting

#### **Companies Act 2006 Exception Reporting**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

#### **Entitlement to Exemptions**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: prepare financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime; take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Paul Cheshire (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors Edinburgh

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## **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Income from shares in Group undertakings Other interest receivable and similar income	6	276,069 167,757	318,556 167.720
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(167,757)	(167,720)
Profit Before Taxation		276,069	318,556
Tax on profit	9	_	_
Profit for the Financial Year and Total Comprehensive Income		276,069	318,556

All the activities of the Company are from continuing operations.

## **Statement of Financial Position**

#### As at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed Assets Investments	11	1,000	1,000
Current Assets Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12 12	74,852 1,198,265 1,273,117	74,815 1,198,265 1,273,080
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  Net Current Assets  Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	13	(74,852) 1,198,265 1,199,265	(74,815) 1,198,265 1,199,265
Creditors: Amounts Falling due after More than One Year Net Assets	14	(1,198,265) 1,000	(1,198,265) 1,000
Capital and Reserves Called up share capital Retained earnings Total Shareholders' Funds	15 16	1,000  1,000	1,000  1,000

The Annual Report and Financial Statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on  $LD(\mathcal{O}\mathcal{A}/\mathcal{Z})$ , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

John Cavill Director

Company registration number: 05934602

# Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited Statement of Changes in Equity

## Year ended 31 December 2017

At 1 January 2016		Called up share capital £ 1,000	Retained earnings £	Total £ 1,000
Profit for the financial year			318,556	318,556
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year			318,556	318,556
Dividends paid and payable	10	_	(318,556)	(318,556)
Total Investments by and Distributions to Owners			(318,556)	(318,556)
At 31 December 2016		1,000	_	1,000
Profit for the financial year			276,069	276,069
Total Comprehensive Income for the Financial Year			276,069	276,069
Dividends paid and payable	10	_	(276,069)	(276,069)
Total Investments by and Distributions to Owners		_	(276,069)	(276,069)
At 31 December 2017		1,000		1,000

#### **Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### 1. General information

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of its registered office is Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The principal activity of the Company is to invest in special purpose companies set up under the Government's Private Finance Initiative Scheme and other related investment activities.

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling

#### 2. Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed further in the accounting policies.

The accounting policies stated below have been consistently applied to the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (b) Disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. Its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of BIF Holdco Limited which can be obtained from Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London EC4N 6AF. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (b) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.

The Company is wholly owned by BIIF Holdco Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a group.

#### (c) Consolidation

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of BIIF Holdco Limited, a company incorporated in the EEA. In accordance with Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006, is not required to produce, and has not published, consolidated accounts

#### Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### (d) Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

#### i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded in the Company's Statement of Financial Position, at amortised cost, could be materially reduced where circumstances exist which might indicate that an asset has been impaired and an impairment review is performed. Impairment reviews consider the fair value and/or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compares that with the carrying value of the asset or assets in the Statement of Financial Position Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions. Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

#### (e) Income tax

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### i) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### (f) Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

## Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Company are assigned to those units.

#### 4. Auditors' Remuneration

The audit fee of £1,951 (2016: £1,951) was borne by the subsidiary company Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Limited.

#### 5. Particulars of employees and directors

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors, amounted to nil (2016: nil) The directors did not receive any remuneration from the Company during the year (2016: £nil).

#### 6. Income from shares in Group undertakings

		2017 £	2016 £
	Income from Group undertakings	276,069	318,556
7.	Other interest receivable and similar income		
		2017	2016 £
	Interest from Group undertakings	167,757	167,720
8.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		2017	2016 £
	Interest due to Group undertakings	167,757	167,720

## Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### 9. Tax on profit

#### Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the profit for the year is lower than (2016. lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.25% (2016: 20%).

	2017	2016
	£	£
Profit before taxation	276,069	318,556
Profit by rate of tax	53,134	63,951
Income not subject to income tax	<u>(53,134</u> )	(63,951)
Total tax credit		

#### 10. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

•	2017 £	2016 £
Dividends on equity shares of £2.76 (2016. £3.19)	276,069	318,556
Dividends proposed after the year end and not recognised as a liability:		
	2017 £	2016 £
Dividends on equity shares of £0 07 (2016: £0.37)	7,106	37,129

After the year end the Company proposed and paid a dividend of £7,106 in March 2018.

#### 11. Investments

	Shares in group undertakings £
Cost	~
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	1,000
Impairment	
At 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2017	1,000
At 31 December 2016	1,000
Subsidiaries, associates and other investments	

#### Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### 11. Investments (continued)

The Company owns 100% of the issued share capital of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) (Holdings) Limited.

	2017 £	2016 £
Aggregate capital and reserves	100,000	100,000
Profit/(Loss) for the year	276,069	319,757

The carrying value of the investment is supported by the net assets of the subsidiary.

The Company indirectly owns 100% of the issued share capital of Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Limited, through the investment in Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) (Holdings) Limited.

	2017	2016	
	£	£	
Aggregate capital and reserves	(511,699)	(656,138)	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	220,394	204,460	

The directors acknowledge the investment is in net liabilities, the cause of this is due to the derivative financial instruments being brought onto the balance sheet. The directors have reviewed the investments forecasts and projections and have reasonable expectation that no impairment indicators exist and the investment will continue in operation existence for the forseeable future.

#### 12. Debtors

Debtors amounts falling due within one year are as follows:

	2017 £	2016 £
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	74,852	74,815
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year are as follows:		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	1,198,265	1,198,265

Amounts owed by Group undertakings due in less than one year relate to the coupon payable on unsecured loan stock, are unsecured, bear no interest and are repayable on demand.

Amounts owed by Group undertakings greater than one year is unsecured loan stock which ranks alongside ordinary creditors in the case of a winding up. The loan stock bears a coupon of 14% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2028. The coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable quarterly each year.

#### Notes to the Annual Report and Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 December 2017

#### 13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	74,852	74,815

Amounts owed to Group undertakings due in less than one year relate to the coupon payable on unsecured loan stock, are unsecured, bear no interest and are repayable on demand

#### 14. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	1,198,265	1,198,265
and a second sec	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,

Amounts owed to Group undertakings are unsecured loan stock which ranks alongside ordinary creditors in the case of a winding up. The loan stock bears a coupon of 14% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2028. The coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable quarterly each year.

#### 15. Called up share capital

#### Issued, called up and fully paid

	2017		2016	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	100,000	1,000	100,000	1,000

#### 16. Reserves

Retained earnings records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

#### 17. Related party transactions

The Company is wholly owned by BIIF Holdco Limited and has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a group.

#### 18. Controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Elbon Holdings (1) Limited.

The intermediate parent undertaking is BIIF Holdco Limited, which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of BIIF Holdco Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary at Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

The ultimate parent and controlling party is BIIF L.P. BIIF L.P. is owned by a number of investors with no one investor having individual control.

#### Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

Registered number 06704550

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GROUP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY. 5734662

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## **Company Information**

Directors: John Cavill

James Dawes (Appointed 21 March 2018) Nigel Middleton (Resigned 21 March 2018)

Company Secretary: Infrastructure Managers Limited

Registered Office: Cannon Place

78 Cannon Street

London EC4N 6AF

Independent Auditors: PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Level 4 Atria One

144 Morrison Street

Edinburgh EH3 8EX

## Strategic Report

#### Year Ended 31 December 2017

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of BIIF Holdco Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### Principal Objectives and Strategies

The principal activity of the Company was that of a holding company. The principal activity of the Group was the provision, operation and maintenance of various assets under the Private Finance Initiative ('PFI') and within regulated renewable energy markets.

#### Review of the Business

The results for the year are in line with management's current expectations with each of the Group's investments performing materially in line with the relevant financial model

On 1 September 2017, the Company issued a Eurobond, listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange, totaling £38,078K which was subscribed for in full by the ultimate parent entity, BIIF LP. This Eurobond bears interest at 8% per annum and falls due for repayment on 31 December 2045. On the same day all the proceeds from this issue were used to settle a Eurobond within a subsidiary company.

#### **Future Developments**

The Directors intend for the business to continue to hold its interests in the investments.

#### **Key Performance Indicators**

Group performance is measured on the basis of cash flows, both for shareholders and lenders. As with all companies in this sector, detailed cash flow projections are prepared to demonstrate the ability of the business to service its debt. Current projections demonstrate that the business can continue to maintain its debt service cover ratios at the base case levels agreed with the Group's lenders and will continue to pay returns to shareholders. As such the Directors are satisfied that the Group's performance is in line with forecast and, therefore, consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate.

#### **Going Concern**

The Group has received loans from external banks, which are secured against the cash flows from the Group's investments together with issued Eurobonds. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following an assessment of the financial viability of each of the Group's principal investments, and also the sources of cash flow projected to be available to service the portfolio debt obligations within the Group. This assessment indicates that although the Group currently has net liabilities, sufficient funds will be generated to allow ongoing obligations to be met as they fall due.

A subsidiary company within the group has a loan due to the ultimate parent entity that matures on 9 January 2019. The subsidiary company has received a letter from the manager of the ultimate parent entity stating that it does not expect that the loan will be called unless the liquidity position of the subsidiary company is adequate to justify such repayment. It is not expected that these conditions will arise in the next 12 months. The manager has also confirmed that it does not expect the ultimate parent entity to have or incur any liabilities which may require repayment of the loan due from the subsidiary in the next 12 months.

#### Financial Risk Management

The Group is exposed to a variety of financial risks that include retail price indices, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Group has in place measures to limit the adverse effects of changes in these risks. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash deposits and proceeds from investment sums. The Group also invests in cash deposits at floating rates.

## Strategic Report (continued)

#### Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### Objectives and policies

The Company's exposure to and management of interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are detailed below:

#### Interest rate risk

The financial risk management objectives of the Group are to ensure that financial risks are mitigated by the use of financial instruments. The Group uses interest rate swaps to reduce its expose to interest rate movements. Financial instruments are not used for speculative purposes

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer, counterparty to a financial instrument or counterparty for facility management services fails to meet their contractual obligations.

Credit risk is overseen by management, and arises mainly from:

- cash and cash equivalents;
- derivative financial instruments;
- · credit exposures to amounts due from outstanding receivables; and
- other committed transactions with counterparties.

The Group's objective is to minimise credit risk to an acceptable level whilst not overly restricting the Group's ability to generate revenue and profit. It is the Group's policy to invest assets safely and profitably. Management monitors credit risk closely and considers that its current policies in managing the exposure to credit risk are appropriate.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of its key customers or counterparties. The Group's largest credit exposures are to public sector bodies and financial institutions. The amounts owed by the public sector bodies in the United Kingdom are considered to be a low credit risk by the Group. The counterparties for facility management are with well-established companies that operate several facility management contracts and the Group considers these companies unlikely to default on their respective liabilities to the Group

In determining whether a financial asset is impaired due to credit or counterparty risks, the Group takes account of.

- The fair value of the asset at the statement of financial position date and, where applicable, the historic fair value of the asset:
- In the case of receivables, the counterparty's typical payment patterns; and
- In the case of other counterparty's, the current contract performance and the latest available information on the counterparty's credit worthiness.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company's liquidity risk is principally managed through financing the Group by means of long term borrowing.

Strategic Report (continued)

#### Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The portfolio is based on long-term contracts with public sector counterparties. There is a risk, arising from any future changes in political priorities, that the public sector may wish to terminate these contracts early. In most cases, the contracts have robust provisions which set out the basis on which investors will be compensated in the event of early termination at the request of the public sector. Where such provisions do not exist, termination and associated compensation is subject to mutual agreement. Overall, the directors consider the risk of material loss arising from widespread early termination of the projects to be low.

Another risk faced by the Group is the future cost of lifecycle expenditure. Each project has a lifecycle profile which is regularly reviewed and managed, to highlight and mitigate any potential adverse effects.

Approved by the board on 25 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes

Director

## Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017.

#### Results and Dividends

The consolidated profit after tax and minority interests in the financial year was £1,240K (2016: loss £18,405K). The result for the year will be transferred to reserves. The company has a result of a profit of £565K (2016: £nil) for the financial year.

No dividends (2016: £nil) were paid by the company during the year.

#### Financial Risk Management

See information provided in the Strategic Report.

#### **Going Concern**

See information provided in the Strategic Report.

#### **Future Developments**

See information provided in the Strategic Report.

#### Directors and their Interests

The Directors in office during the year and up to the date of this report, shown on page 1, had no beneficial interest in the Company or its subsidiaries.

#### Disclosure of Information to the Auditors

So far as each of the Directors are aware, there is no relevant information that has not been disclosed to the Company's auditors and each of the Directors believes that all steps have been taken that ought to have been taken to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors have been made aware of that information.

#### **Independent Auditors**

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General meeting.

The Directors' Report was approved by the board on 25 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes Director

Registered number 06704550

## Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and Group Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 have been followed, subject to any
  material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
  continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The Directors' responsibilities were approved by the board on 25 September 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes

Director

## Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, BIIF Holdco Limited's group financial statements and company financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of the group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Consolidated Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2017; the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of cash flows, and the consolidated and company statements of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion

#### Independence

We remained independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, as applicable to listed entities, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### Our audit approach

#### Overview



- Overall group materiality: £7,791,150, based on 5% of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA").
- Overall company materiality: £7,012,035, based on an allocation of group materiality.
- The group comprises a large number of components, being operating subsidiaries, intermediary holding companies, joint ventures and associates.
- Our audit scope was tailored to provide appropriate coverage of the consolidated financial statements through audit procedures performed across the components by the group audit team
- The components where we performed full scope audit work accounted for approximately 75% of the group's turnover
- Risk of incorrect recognition of turnover as a result of inappropriate calculation and allocation of the unitary charge
- Risk of incorrect valuation of derivatives and application of hedge accounting.
- Basis of preparation going concern.

#### The scope of our audit

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements. In particular, we looked at where the directors made subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain.

## Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

As in all of our audits we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including evaluating whether there was evidence of bias by the directors that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

#### Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in the auditors' professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and include the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) identified by the auditors, including those which had the greatest effect on: the overall audit strategy; the allocation of resources in the audit; and directing the efforts of the engagement team. These matters, and any comments we make on the results of our procedures thereon, were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. This is not a complete list of all risks identified by our audit.

#### Key audit matter

Risk of incorrect recognition of turnover as a result of inappropriate calculation and allocation of the unitary charge

Through its subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates, the group has service concession arrangements with external parties for the design, construction, finance and maintenance of various public use assets including education facilities, railways, hospitals, roads, prisons and police stations.

A significant proportion of the service concession arrangements are accounted for as finance debtors, with amortisation and finance income recognised each year at a constant rate.

The unitary charge payments received from customers for the service concession arrangements are allocated to turnover, finance income and the finance debtor amortisation. The allocation to turnover is calculated by applying a margin to the costs incurred in the operations and ongoing maintenance of the related asset. Due to the judgement required to estimate the margin over the life of the project and the significant impact that the allocation of the unitary charge has on key accounts: turnover, finance income, the finance debtor and any unitary charge control accounts ("UCCA"), including those most susceptible to fraudulent manipulation, we consider this risk to be a key area of audit focus.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit addressed the risk as follows

In each project where such accounting is applied, we:

- tested a sample of unitary charge payments received from the customer, agreeing to invoice and evidence of cash receipt and used this to determine an expectation for total value of payments received in the year;
- compared the margin applied in the current year to the margin applied in the prior year. Where there is a material movement in the margin, we sought to understand and corroborate the factors that have driven this change. This included analysing the project financial models to establish any changes in trends for expected future costs which impact the lifetime margin of the project, and investigating unusual trends in key elements of the project forecasts.
- recalculated the revenue recognised by applying the margin to qualifying costs incurred in the year ended 31 December 2017,
- re-performed the allocation of the unitary payment between turnover, finance debtor amortisation, finance income and where applicable the UCCA and checked that the allocated amounts had been recognised appropriately.

Our audit work did not identify any issues and we therefore concluded that there was no material misstatement in any of the impacted financial statement lines.

Risk of incorrect valuation of derivatives and application of hedge accounting

The group holds financial instruments, predominantly interest rate and RPI swaps, to hedge its floating rate borrowings.

These derivatives are held on the balance sheet and measured at fair value Calculation of the fair value of a derivative can be complex and involves a number of assumptions, including assumptions which are forward-looking.

The group applies hedge accounting to account for movements in the fair value of its derivatives through other comprehensive income and a hedge reserve in equity rather than through the income statement. FRS 102 requires that certain conditions are met in order to apply fully effective hedge accounting, including the matching of the derivative to the hedged item. Not all of the group's derivatives fully achieve these conditions, therefore a proportion of the movements in fair value (the portion which constitutes an ineffective hedge) remains in the income statement.

There are audit risks that managements' valuation of the derivatives is incorrect or that the proportion of the hedge which is effective is not appropriately calculated

Our audit addressed the risk of valuation as follows, for a sample of derivatives across the group:

- We confirmed the underlying derivative details to counterparty confirmations and original contracts.
- We engaged our PwC Valuations specialists to re-perform the valuation of the derivatives, using market benchmark assumptions, independent from those assumptions applied by management.
- We compared the values used by management and those provided by our PwC Valuations specialists, applying a tolerable threshold to allow for a reasonable range of possible outcomes, and considered the impact of any of management's valuations which fell outside this threshold range

We noted no valuations which required adjustment.

Our audit addressed the risk associated with the application of hedge accounting as follows, for a sample of derivatives across the group.

 We sought evidence from management to support their assertion that there was appropriate hedging documentation in place for each derivative

## Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

#### Key audit matter

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We assessed management's evidence of whether the necessary matching criteria to achieve hedge accounting had been met for
- Where matching of the derivative to the hedged item was not fully achieved, we recalculated the proportion of the derivative which was ineffective, and compared this proportion to management's calculation of the fair value movement to be accounted for in the income statement.

We noted no matters which required adjustment.

#### Basis of preparation - going concern

A subsidiary company within the Group has issued Eurobonds with a We have discussed the position with regard to the terms of the bonds value at the year end of £590 million (Note 13) which have a repayment date of 9 January 2019. They are therefore due within 12 months of the date of approval of the financial statements. These Eurobonds are held by the ultimate parent, BIIF LP

The subsidiary company has received a letter from the Manager (3) BIFM Investments Limited) of the ultimate parent entity confirming that it does not expect that the bonds will be called for repayment unless the liquidity position of the subsidiary company is adequate to justify such repayment. It is not expected that these conditions will arise in the next 12 months. The manager has also confirmed that it does not expect the ultimate parent entity to have or incur any liabilities which may require repayment of the loan due from the subsidiary company in the next 12 months.

Based upon the matters above, the directors have concluded that the Eurobonds will not require repayment within the next 12 months, and it is therefore appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

with the Directors of the subsidiary company and the Directors of the company to confirm their understanding of the terms of the letter from the Manager and that it reflects their understanding of the facts and circumstances. We have also confirmed that it is consistent with our own knowledge of the subsidiary company and the wider Group, including the ultimate parent.

We noted that there are common directors on the Boards of the Manager and the subsidiary company, and that the Manager is also responsible for the preparation and approval of the financial statements of the ultimate parent.

We confirmed that under the terms of the partnership agreement of the ultimate parent, BIIF LP, that the Manager has the authority to issue the letter and not to seek repayment of the bonds on 9 January 2019

We considered the adequacy of the disclosures made by the Directors of the company in note 1 setting out the basis of their conclusion that adoption of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements is appropriate

Our conclusion in respect of going concern is set out below in the section of our report titled "Conclusions Relating to Going Concern".

We determined that there were no key audit matters applicable to the company to communicate in our report.

#### How we tailored the audit scope

We tailored the scope of our audit to ensure that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial statements as a whole, taking into account the structure of the group and the company, the accounting processes and controls, and the industry in which they operate.

The group comprises a number of operating subsidiaries, intermediary holding companies, joint ventures and associates.

Our audit scope included the audit, for individual statutory purposes, of the majority of entities in the group. We have assessed the coverage that we obtained from that work performed and are satisfied that we have covered a sufficient proportion of the group's activities to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Our audit scoping included full scope audit procedures over components which contributed 75% of the group's consolidated turnover.

#### Materiality

The scope of our audit was influenced by our application of materiality. We set certain quantitative thresholds for materiality. These, together with qualitative considerations, helped us to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures on the individual financial statement line items and disclosures and in evaluating the effect of misstatements, both individually and in aggregate on the financial statements as a whole.

## Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

Based on our professional judgement, we determined materiality for the financial statements as a whole as follows:

	Group financial statements	Company financial statements
Overall materiality	£7,791,150	£7,012,035
How we determined it	5% of earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	An allocation of group materiality
Rationale for benchmark applied	EBITDA is a generally accepted performance benchmark which is commonly used by shareholders of groups with investment portfolios which are financed through debt. It is a benchmark that is closely correlated to the cash flows generated by the portfolio of investments. It is therefore considered the most appropriate benchmark for assessing materiality for the audit of the Group.	We considered the most appropriate benchmark for the company to be total assets as it is a holding company, however this resulted in a materiality that was significantly higher than Group materiality. Therefore, we applied an allocation of Group materiality.

For each component in the scope of our group audit, we allocated a materiality that is less than our overall group materiality. The range of materiality allocated across components was between £15,764 and £7,012,035. Certain components were audited to a local statutory audit materiality that was also less than our overall group materiality.

We agreed with the Directors that we would report to them misstatements identified during our audit above £389,000 (Group audit) and £350,100 (company audit) as well as misstatements below those amounts that, in our view, warranted reporting for qualitative reasons.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's and company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the group's and company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below

## Independent Auditors' Report to the members of BIIF Holdco Limited

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and company and their environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

#### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

#### Other required reporting

#### Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · the company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Mark Hoskyns (Abrahall (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Edinburgh

25 September 2018

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	Year ended 31 £000	Dec 2017 £000	Year ended 31 £000	Dec 2016 £000
Turnover	2		318,907		310,595
Cost of sales			(233,122)		(228,627)
Gross profit			85,785		81,968
Operating expenses			(43,228)		(34,545)
Operating profit			42,557		47,423
Finance costs - Group - Fair value profit/(loss) on derivatives	3	(84,879) 25,502	(59,377)	(79.277) (17.066)	(96,343)
Share of results in joint ventures and associates	9		30,846		29,414
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	4		14,026		(19,506)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	6		(9,840)		4,820
Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities after taxation			4,186	-	(14,686)
Non-controlling interests			(2,444)		(3.719)
Profit/(Loss) for the financial year			1,742	- -	(18,405)
Other comprehensive income/(expense) Fair value movements on cash flow hedging instruments, net of tax - Group		28,252		(52,954)	
- Associates and joint ventures		14,990	43,242	(47,313)	(100,267)
Non-controlling interests			(296)		246
Exchange differences on retranslation of subsidiary undertakings			3,395		(23)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year			48,083		(118,449)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year attributable to:					
Non-controlling interests Owners of the parent company			(2,740) 50,823 48,803		(3,473) (114,976) (118,449)

## Consolidated and Company Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2017

	Note	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Fixed assets	_	252.00	270.040		
Tangible assets	7	352,666	372,960	•	-
Investment properties	7	66,864	66.864	30.059	-
Investments	8	-	****	38,078	-
Investments					
Interests in joint ventures:	9				
Share of gross assets		1,708,147	1,739,819	-	
Share of gross liabilities		(1,480,364)	(1,537,665)	_	_
Associates:	9	(2,100,001)	(1,551,000)		
Interest in associates	,	87,486	87,490	_	
interest in absorbes		011100		( <del></del>	
		315,269	289,644	•	
		734,799	729,468	38,078	
Current assets		70 4,193	- 25.100	00,0.0	
Debtors: due within one year	10	129,439	138,986	565	-
Debiors, due after more than one year	11	1,303,065	1,381,345		-
Cash in hand and at bank	* 4	236,117	222,466	_	_
Cash in hand and at bank		230,111	222,700		
		1,668,621	1,742,797	565	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(325,023)	(316,982)		-
Net current assets		1,343,598	1,425,815	565	-
Total assets less current liabilities		2,078,397	2,155,283	38,643	-
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	13	(1,999,676)	(2,062,454)	(38,078)	-
Derivative financial instruments	14	(547,315)	(609.348)	-	-
Provision for liabilities and charges		(	/ca. (a.)		
Deferred taxation	15	(61,687)	(62,426)	•	-
Net assets/(liabilities)		(530,281)	(578,945)	565	_

# Consolidated and Company Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2017

	Note	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	16	-	-	•	-
Hedging reserve		(400,321)	(443,267)		
Other reserves		8,473	5,078	-	-
Profit and loss account		(178,436)	(178,019)		
At beginning of year			-	-	-
Profit for the year		-	-	565	_
At end of year		-	-	565	_
Total shareholders' (deficit)/funds		(570,284)	(616,208)	565	
Non-controlling interests		40,003	37,263	-	-
		(530,281)	(578,945)	565	

These financial statements on pages 12 to 48 were approved by the Directors and authorised for issue on 25 September 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

James Dawes

Director

Company registration number: 06704550

BIIF Holdco Limited

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year then ended 31 December 2017

			<b>-</b>	Other reserves	rves		
Group	Called up share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Hedging reserve	Revaluation reserve	Foreign exchange reserve	Non-controlling interests £'000	Total equity £'000
As at 1 January 2016 (Loss)/Profit for the year Fair value movements on cash flow	1 1 1	(154,443) (18,405)	(343,246)	2,685	(494)	33,790 3,719	(461,708) (14,686) (100,267)
bedging instruments, net of tax Non-controlling interests Exchange differences on retranstation of subsidiary	, ,	(2,261)	246	, ,	(23)	(246)	(2,261)
undertakings Revaluation of investment property Total comprehensive income for the year	T	(23,576)	(100,021)	2,910 2,910	(23)	3,473	(117,237)
As at 31 December 2016		(178,019)	(443,267)	5,595	(517)	37,263	(578,945)
(Loss)/Profit for the year Fair value movements on cash flow	i i	1,742	43,242		,	2,444	4,186 43,242
hedging instruments, net of tax Non-controlling interests Exchange differences on retranslation of subsidiary	•	(2,159)	(296)		3,395	296	(2,159) 3,395
undertakings Total comprehensive income for the year	ı	(417)	42,946		3,395	2,740	48,664
As at 31 December 2017		(178,436)	(400,321)	5,595	2,878	40,003	(530,281)

# Company Statement of Changes in Equity For the year then ended 31 December 2017

Company	Called up share capital £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total equity £'000
As at 1 January 2016 Profit for the year	-	<del>-</del>	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2016	_	-	
Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year		565 565	565 565
As at 31 December 2017		565	565

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		Year ended 31 Dec 2017	Year ended 31 Dec 2016
			<del>-</del>
	Note	£000	£000
Net cash from operating activities	17	125,467	118,917
Taxation		(1,540)	(1,049)
Net cash generated from operating activities		123,927	117,868
Investing activities			
Interest received		97,369	52,284
Dividends received		26,555	19,561
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(40)	(188)
Net cash generated from investing activities		123,884	71,657
Financing activities			
Interest paid		(178,533)	(138,156)
Issue of bond		10,145	-
Net decrease in bank borrowings and other loans		(76,712)	(68,638)
Capital repayments of loan amounts issued to joint			
ventures and associates		8,102	7 142
Loans advanced to joint ventures and associates		(10,145)	(943)
Net movement in loan amounts due from project			
companies in the Group under sub participation agree	ment		
from the bank		12,871	12,108
Net cash used in financing activities		(234,272)	(188,487)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		13,539	1,038
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivale	nts	112	826
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		222,466	220,602
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		236,117	222,466

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 1. Accounting policies

A summary of the principal Group Accounting Policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the year, is set out below.

### Statement of compliance

BIIF Holdco Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in England. The Registered Office is Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AF.

The Group's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial instruments and in accordance with Companies Act 2006 and applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the Group and rounded to the nearest £'000.

The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption available under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a statement of comprehensive income for BIIF Holdeo Limited.

### Going concern

The Group has received loans from external banks, which are secured against the cash flows from the Group's investments and also loans from its ultimate parent undertaking. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis following an assessment of the financial viability of each of the Group's principal investments, and also the sources of cash flow projected to be available to service the portfolio debt obligations within the Group. This assessment indicates that although the Group currently has net liabilities, sufficient funds will be generated to allow ongoing obligations to be met as they fall due.

### Method of consolidation - subsidiaries

On acquisition of a business, all the business' assets and liabilities that exist at the date of acquisition are recorded at their fair values. Initially, provisional fair values are allocated and these are finalised within twelve months of the date of control All changes to those assets and liabilities and resulting gains and losses that arise after the Group has gained control of the subsidiary are charged to the post acquisition statement of comprehensive income. The purchase consideration is measured as the fair value of the assets given up or liabilities undertaken plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill is the excess purchase consideration over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired.

Subsidiaries are enterprises that are controlled by the Group over which it typically has in excess of 50% of the voting rights. The Group consolidates the results of the company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiary acquisitions are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. All inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group entities have been eliminated in full.

Fair value adjustments which are made at the date of acquisition are amortised on a straight line basis over the period of the life of the underlying asset.

Uniform accounting policies are applied across all subsidiaries within the Group.

### Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Accounting policies (continued)

### Method of consolidation - associates and joint ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures are consolidated using the equity method. In arriving at the amounts to be included by the equity method, the same accounting policies as those of BIIF Holdco Limited are applied. Where practicable, associates and joint ventures are included on the basis of financial statements prepared for a period not more than three months before the Group's year end. Where the associate's or joint venture's accounting reference date is greater than three months prior to 31 December, the associates are consolidated based on the latest statutory accounts adjusted for management accounts to 31 December.

Associates are enterprises, other than joint ventures, that are not controlled by the Group, over which the Group generally has between 20% and 50% of the voting rights, or over which the Group has significant influence.

All balances and effects of transactions between each associate and joint venture and the Group have been eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate and joint venture.

### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

### Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

### i) Hedge accounting and consideration of the fair value of derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain economic exposures in relation to movements in interest rates and movements in RPI as compared with the position that was expected at the date the underlying transaction being hedged was entered into. The Group fair values its derivative financial instruments and records the fair value of those instruments on its statement of financial position.

Movements in the fair values of the Group's derivative financial instruments may be accounted for using hedge accounting where the requirements of hedge accounting are met under FRS 102 including the creation of compliant documentation and meeting the effectiveness testing requirements. If a hedge does not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, which may include a consideration of whether there has been a substantial modification to the terms of the hedge, or where there is some degree of ineffectiveness identified in respect of the hedging relationship, then the change in fair value in relation to these items will be recorded in the comprehensive income statement. If a hedging relationship is judged to be discontinued for hedge accounting then any amounts previously deferred in other comprehensive income in respect of that previously hedged position, must immediately be recognised in the income statement. Otherwise, in respect of the Group's derivative financial instruments, these changes in in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income.

As referred to above, the Group carries its derivative financial instruments on its statement of financial position at fair value. No market prices are available for these instruments and consequently the fair values are derived using financial models developed by the shareholders based on counterparty information that is independent of the Group, but use observable market data in respect of RPI and interest rates as an input to valuing those derivative financial instruments.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Accounting policies (continued)

### ii) Revaluation of investment properties

The Group carries its investment property at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. The Group engaged independent valuation specialists to determine fair value at 30 April 2017 (residential property) and 31 December 2013 (commercial property). The valuer used a valuation technique based on a discounted cash flow model as there is a lack of comparable market data because of the nature of the property. The determined fair value of the investment property is most sensitive to the estimated yield as well as the long term vacancy rate. The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of investment property are further explained in note 7.

### iii) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Judgements are required to be made as to the calculation and identification of timing differences and in the case of the recognition of deferred taxation assets, the Directors have to form an opinion as to whether it is probable that the deferred taxation asset recognised is recoverable against future taxable profits arising. This exercise of judgement requires the Directors to consider forecast information over a long-time horizon having regard to the risks that the forecasts may not be achieved and then form a reasonable opinion as to the recoverability of the deferred taxation asset.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

### i) Impairment of assets

The carrying value of those assets recorded on the Group's statement of financial position at amortised cost could be materially reduced if the value of those assets were assessed to have been impaired. Impairment reviews are performed in the event that circumstances change which might indicate that an asset has been impaired. In principle, such impairment reviews consider the fair value and or value in use of the potentially impaired asset or assets and compares that with the carrying value of the asset or assets on the statement of financial position. Any reduction in value arising from such a review would be recorded in the income statement. Impairment reviews involve the significant use of assumptions Consideration has to be given as to the price that could be obtained for the asset or assets, or in relation to a consideration of value in use, estimates of the future cash flows that could be generated by the potentially impaired asset or assets, together with a consideration of an appropriate discount rate to apply to those cash flows.

### ii) Accounting for service concession agreements

Accounting for the service concession contracts and finance debtors requires estimation of service margins, finance debtor interest rates and associated amortisation profiles which are based on forecast results of the contracts.

### Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

### Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Accounting policies (continued)

### ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date except for certain exceptions. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### Turnover

Turnover represents the services share of the management services income received by the Group for the provision of a PFI asset to the customer. This income is received over the life of the concession period. Management service income is allocated between revenue and reimbursement of finance debtor so as to generate a constant rate of return in respect of the finance debtor over the life of the contract.

### Interest income

Interest income is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

### Dividends

Dividends are recognised as income when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

### Foreign currencies

Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The assets and liabilities of overseas subsidiary undertakings are translated into the presentational currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at exchange rates at the dates of transaction. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

### Accounting for PFI assets

The Group has taken the transition exemption in FRS 102 Section 35.10(1) that allows the Group to continue the service concession arrangement accounting policies from previous UK GAAP.

### i. Finance debtor

The company is accounting for the concession asset based on the ability to substantially transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership to the customer, with this arrangement the costs incurred by the company on the design and construction of the assets have been treated as a finance debtor within these financial statements.

### ii. Tangible fixed assets

The company is accounting for the concession asset based on the mability to substantially transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership to the customer, with this arrangement the costs incurred by the company on the design and construction of the assets have been treated as a fixed asset within these financial statements.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Accounting policies (continued)

### iii. Investment properties

Investment properties are accounted for in accordance with FRS 102 Section 16 'Investment Property'. Investment properties are revalued every two to three years by an external qualified and registered property valuer and every other year the Directors assess the carrying value in light of any changes in market conditions. The aggregate surplus or deficit is charged to the income statement; and no amortisation is provided in respect of long leasehold investment properties.

### Depreciation

On completion (date on which an availability certificate is issued), depreciation is charged on buildings on a straight line basis to the income statement over the useful economic life of each asset. The annual rates applied to each class of asset are:

Buildings

concession period 25 to 35 years - 2.9% to 4 0% straight line

Equipment

concession period 25 to 29 years straight line

short life assets 3-4 years straight line and 12.5% - 33% reducing balance

### Impairment

All assets, including financial assets, are reviewed for impairment annually at the reporting date. Where an indicator of impairment or objective evidence exists, an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount is made. An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets. This is at the individual project company level within the Group.

### Government grants

Grants which relate to specific capital expenditure are accounted for using the accrual model. These are initially treated as deferred income and subsequently released to the income statement on a straight line basis over the asset's useful economic life. Other grants are recognised in the income statement when any associated performance conditions are met.

### Deferred income

Deferred income also includes capital contributions towards the construction of fixed assets from the public sector counterparty on certain projects completed by the Group. These are accounted for using the accrual model and released to the income statement on a straight line basis over the life of the related asset.

### Capital instruments

Shares are included in shareholder funds. Debt instruments, which contain an obligation to repay, are classified as liabilities. The finance costs recognised in the income statement in respect of capital instruments, other than shares, are allocated to periods over the operating life of the instrument to which they relate at a constant carrying amount in accordance with FRS 102 section 22.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Accounting policies (continued)

### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the income statement, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

### Hedge accounting

Some entities in the Group have entered into an arrangement with third parties that is designed to hedge future cash flows arising on variable rate interest loan arrangements, with the net effect of exchanging the cash flows arising under those arrangements for a stream of fixed interest cash flows ("interest rate swaps"). Some entities have also entered into an arrangement with third parties that is designed to hedge future cash receipts arising from its principal activity (RPI swaps). These entities have designated that these arrangements are a hedge of another (non-derivative) financial instrument, to mitigate the impact of potential volatility on the Group's net cash flows.

To qualify for hedge accounting, documentation is prepared specifying the hedging strategy, the component transactions and methodology used for effectiveness measurement. Changes in the carrying value of financial instruments that are designated and effective as hedges of future cash flows ("cash flow hedges") are recognised directly in a hedging reserve in equity and any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement. Amounts deferred in equity in respect of cash flow hedges are subsequently recognised in the income statement in the same period in which the hedged item affects net profit or loss or the hedging relationship is terminated and the underlying position being hedged has been extinguished.

### Capital risk management

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

### **Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Accounting policies (continued)

### Company

### Disclosure exemptions

The company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (b) The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in section 33 of FRS 102 'Related Party Disclosures', that allows it not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of a group.

### 2. Turnover

The turnover and loss before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the Group and arise entirely from continuing operations. An analysis of revenue is given below:

operations. An analysis of revenue is given below:	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
	0003	£000
United Kingdom	310,910	303,413
Other European Union	7,997	7,182
Total revenue	318,907	310,595
3. Interest and similar items		
	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
Tutonest mariable	0003	£000
Interest payable Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts	(82,188)	(81,866)
• •	(49,320)	(49,565)
Interest payable on Eurobond	(11,727)	(9,848)
Interest on long term bond	(11,727)	(3,040)
Total interest payable and similar items	(143,235)	(141,279)
Interest receivable		
Bank interest receivable	429	808
Other interest receivable	7,435	7,002
Finance debtor interest receivable	50,492	54,192
Total interest receivable	58,356	62,002
Net interest payable and similar items	(84,879)	(79,277)

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 4. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	21,761	21,453
Amortisation of fair value adjustments	30,221	30.221
Wages and salaries	5,720	5,266
Social security costs	647	588
Other pension costs	441	338
Fee payable to the company auditor for the audit of the parent company, subsidiary	749	730
companies and consolidated accounts (parent company: 2017; £4K 2016; £4K)		
Fees payable to the company auditor for other services		
- Audit-related services	11	12
- Tax compliance and advisory services	268	184

The number of monthly average employees in the financial year other than the Directors was 83 (2016, 79)

None of the Directors of the Company received any remuneration from the Group during the year (2016 Eml). Attention is drawn to the payments made to certain Directors of subsidiary undertakings disclosed in note 19.

### 5. Results of holding company

A Company profit of £565K (2016: £nil) is dealt with by the group accounts of BIIF Holdco Limited. The Directors have taken advantage of the exemption available under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and have not presented a statement of comprehensive income for the Company.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

6.	Taxation		
		31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
		£000	£000
	Current tax	4.148	5.678
	UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) for the year	4,148 3,071	3.076 (969)
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods for subsidiary companies	3,071	(303)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7,219	4,709
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of tinung differences	2,552	(8,295)
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods for subsidiary companies	96	(256)
	Impact of change in tax rate	(27)	(978)
	Total deferred tax credit	2,621	(9,529)
	Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	9,840	(4,820)
	The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2016: lower than) the standard rate apply. The differences are explained below:	ring in the UK (19.259	%) (2016: 20%)
	The differences are explained below	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
		0002	000£
	Group profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	14,026	(19,506)
	Profit/(Loss) on ordinary activities at the UK tax rate 19.25% (2016, 20%)	2,700	(3,901)
	Effects of:		
	Expenses/(income) not deductible for tax purposes	765	(2,163)
	Losses utilised	1,328	(1,230)
	Adjustment in respect of prior year tax charge	3,167	(1,225)
	Non-trading transfer pricing adjustment	4,630	4,957
	Group relief not paid	(2,724)	(280)
	Effect of rate change	(26)	(978)
	Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	9,840	(4.820)
		9,840	(4,820

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 7. Tangible fixed assets - Group

	Buildings £000	Equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation			
As at 1 January 2017	435.371	130,183	565,554
Additions	20	20	40
Disposals		(482)	(482)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	-	1,907	1,907
As at 31 December 2017	435,391	131,628	567,019
Depreciation			
As at 1 January 2017	136.897	55,697	192,594
Charge for the period	15,407	6,354	21,761
Disposals	-	(436)	(436)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	-	434	434
As at 31 December 2017	152,304	62,049	214,353
Net book value			
As at 31 December 2017	283,087	69,579	352,666
As at 31 December 2016	298,474	74,486	372,960

Interest charged to the income statement included within the depreciation charge is £578K (2016: £586K).

Interest capitalised to date, included in cost, totals £23,701K (2016: £24,357K).

Included within the total for Equipment is £nil (2016: £nil) in respect of assets held under finance lease.

### Company

The Company had no fixed assets at 31 December 2017 (2016: none).

Investment properties - Group	Land & Buildings £000
Cost or valuation As at 1 January 2017 Revaluation	66,864
As at 31 December 2017	66,864

The Group holds residential and commercial investment properties.

The residential investment properties were revalued in April 2017 by Alistair Wood a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors on behalf of Cushman & Wakefield Debenham Tie Leung Limited. The valuation was recognised in the Financial Statements to 31 December 2016. The basis of the valuation was to compare recent arm's length transactions in respect of market rent and market value, together with an external inspection of all properties from adjacent public roads and footpaths. Valuations are performed every 2 years, the Directors are satisfied there has been no reason to assume any significant movement in valuation since April 2017. When carrying out the valuation the following assumptions have been made:-

- A) Market Value increased by 8.2% since the previous valuation in 2015
- B) Average property value of £231,000.
- C) Rental income increased by 19 2% since

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Investment properties - Group (continued)

The commercial investment property was revalued on a vacant possession basis in December 2013 by Ian Palmer a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors on behalf of Rushton International. In the current year the directors have assessed the carrying value against current market conditions and believe it remains appropriate.

### Company

The Company had no investment properties at 31 December 2017 (2016: none).

### 8. Investments

The Group has no fixed asset investments.

### Company

	Total £000
Cost	2000
As at 1 January 2017	•
Additions	38,078
As at 31 December 2017	38,078
Impairment	
As at 1 January 2017 and 31 December 2017	38,078
Carrying amount	
As at 31 December 2017	38,078
As at 31 December 2016	

### Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

During the year, the Company acquired the entire share capital of BIIF Holdco II from one of the company's subsidiaries. The Company paid £38,078K for the net book value of the assets and liabilities of BIIF Holdco II as consideration. The Company also owns 100% of the issued share capital of BIIF Issuerco Limited. The investment is held at cost £1 (2016: £1).

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 9 Investments - Group

### Interests in joint ventures and associates

	Joint ventures £000	Associates £000	Loans to joint ventures £000	Loans to associates £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation					
As at 1 January 2017	57,034	63,131	145,120	24,359	289,644
Additions	-	-	14,007	-	14,007
Share of retained profits	20,220	10,626	-	-	30,846
Dividends receivable	(18,187)	(8,368)	-	-	(26,555)
Movement on hedge reserve	12,104	2,886	-	-	14,990
Foreign exchange movement	69	(63)	433	-	439
Repayment of loan	-	-	(3,017)	(5,085)	(8,102)
As at 31 December 2017	71,240	68,212	156,543	19,274	315,269

The following additional information is provided in respect of equity accounted investments:

	Share of Revenue £000	Share of non- current assets £000	Share of current assets £000	Share of non-current liabilities £000	Share of current liabilities £000	Share of net assets £000
31 December 2017						
Joint ventures	152,138	1,510,634	197,513	1,391,721	88,643	227,783
Associates	57,030	297,448	89,009	253,596	45,375	87,486
31 December 2016						
Joint ventures	140,000	1,474,723	265,096	1.431,764	105,901	202,154
Associates	53,737	321,417	87,935	278,407	43,455	87,490

Investments in Group undertakings are stated at cost and are listed in note 23 and 24. The Directors consider that to give full particulars of all subsidiaries would lead to a statement of excessive length.

The Group accounts for an investment as an associate when it has significant influence but not control. This is typically demonstrated when the Group nominates one or more Directors to the board of the investment. Where the shareholder agreements stipulate that all shareholders with board representation must consent to the approval of key matters the Group designates the investment to be a joint venture, even if the equity holding is not 50%.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 10 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Trade debtors	14,802	26,273	-	-
Finance debtor	44,265	43,149	-	
Sub participation amounts due (note 11)	12,286	12,671	-	_
Prepayments and accrued income	39,593	30,533	-	-
Other debtors	18,493	26,360	565	-
	129,439	138,986	565	-

Refer to note 22 for further information in relation to credit risk exposure in the Group

### 11. Debtors: amounts falling due after one year

	Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
Sub participation amounts due	183,329	195,815	-	-
Finance debtor	999,477	1.052,526	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	57,632	63,139	•	-
Deferred tax asset (Note 15)	62,627	69,865	-	-
	1,303,065	1,381,345		

Sub participation amounts due represents debt due from the bank, arising from a sub-participation agreement between the bank and a subsidiary company (PFI Senior Funding Limited) dated 28 July 2011. These loans are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets, rights and undertakings of the individual project companies. Each project has an individual repayment profile with the final payment being settled at the end of each project concession.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

•	oreartors: univality lating due vitimi one yet				
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
		0002	£000	0003	£000
	Trade creditors	10,909	16,980	_	-
	Other creditors	16,755	16,956	-	-
	Accruals	96,347	93,681	-	-
	Corporation tax	8,949	2,210	-	_
	Other taxes and social security costs	7,012	8,072	-	_
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 13(a))	164,873	155,923	-	_
	Guaranteed secured bonds (note 13(c))	5,746	7,421	-	-
	Other loans (note 13(d))	1,570	1,537	-	•
	Deferred income (note 13(g))	12,862	14,202	-	-
		325,023	316,982		
13.	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year				
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
		000£	£000	£000	£000
	Bank loans and overdrafts (note 13(a))	1,169,855	1,236,239		-
	Eurobond (note 13(b))	628,020	617,875	38,078	-
	Guaranteed secured bonds (note 13(c))	136,743	142,572	-	•
	Other loans (note 13(d))	8,476	9,137	-	-
	Zero Coupon Bond (note 13(e))	4,567	4,143	-	~
	Other creditors (note 13(f))	13,182	12,321	-	-
	Deferred income (note 13(g))	38,833	40,167	-	~
	Finance leases (note 13 (h))	•	-	-	~
		1,999,676	2,062,454	38,078	
		<del></del> -	·		
	The repayment of bank and other loans is due as	follows:			
	Group			31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
	•			£000	£000
	Due within one year			166,443	157,471
	Due after one year			1,178,331	1,245,365
				1,344,774	1,402,836

### Company

The Company did not have any bank or other loans at 31 December 2017 (2016: none).

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 13 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year (continued)

### (a) Bank loans

The total amount drawn down under bank loans at the year-end was £1,363,243K (2016: £1,422.666K). Costs of £28,515K (2016: £30,504K) have been set off against the total loan drawdowns, with £2,631K (2016: £3,342K) of these debited to the income statement in the year.

An amount of £815,800K (2016: £821,856K) relates to two senior banking facilities. The first facility relates to the finance of 18 PFI projects and is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of these projects. This facility expires on 30 Sept 2035. The second facility is split into two parts Facility A £476,521K (2016: £476,521K) which expires on 31 December 2025, and Facility B £47,975K (2016: £47,975K) which is scheduled to be fully repaid by 31 December 2035. The second facility is secured over the distributions and shareholder loan payments from all group companies, excluding those secured under the first facility. The loan facilities have principal payments due on a six-monthly basis. The Company has interest rate swap arrangements and under these arrangements the Company receives interest on a variable basis and also pays interest at 7.008%. Facility B has a fixed lending rate of 4.182%. The other bank loan of £291,304K (2016: £297,360K) receives interest on a variable basis and pays interest at a fixed rate of 8.55%. This loan will be repaid by 30 September 2035.

The remaining facilities relate to borrowings held by individual project subsidiary companies and they are secured by way of fixed and floating charges over the assets of the specific project company which holds the borrowings. Maturity of these facilities ranges from 2016 to 2035. Interest payable on the Group's bank loans ranges from rates of 5.11% to 7.99%.

### (b) Eurobond

A subsidiary in the Group has issued a Eurobond, listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange, totalling £589,942K (2016: £617,875K) which was subscribed for in full by the ultimate parent entity, BIIF LP. This Eurobond bears interest at 8% per annum and falls due for repayment on 9 January 2019.

During the year, the Company has issued a Eurobond, listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange, totalling £38,078K (2016: none) which was subscribed for in full by the ultimate parent entity, BHF LP. This Eurobond bears interest at 8% per annum and falls due for repayment on 31 December 2045.

### (c) Secured bonds

A subsidiary has issued, at par value, £87,190K (2016: £87,190K) 3.443% index-linked guaranteed secured bonds due 2004-2036. The bond is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the subsidiary and two immediate holding companies. Both the interest and principal balances are adjusted for the increase in the Retail Price Index at six monthly intervals, which cumulatively at 31 December 2017 amounted to 60.71% (2016: 56.66%).

A subsidiary has issued £79,314K (2016, £79,314K) 7.12% secured bonds which are due 2028. The bond is secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the subsidiary.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 13. Creditors: amounts falling due after one year (continued)

The maturity profile of all bonds is as follows:

	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Amounts repayable in one year or less or on demand Amounts falling due after one year	5,827 770,178	7.505 765.485
	776,005	772,990
Unamortised finance costs associated with the bond issue	(929)	(979)
	775,076	772,011
Included within creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(5,746)	(7,421)
Amounts falling due after one year	769,330	764,590

### (d) Other loans (all unsecured)

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan notes totalling £1,073K (2016: £1,011K) which bear interest at 13.5%. Of this balance, £785K (2016: £724K) represents unpaid interest on the loan notes and is due for payment within twelve months. The balance falls due for payment on 31 March 2032

A subsidiary in the group has issued a £46K (2016: £39K) loan stock instrument. The loan bears a Coupon of 13.5% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2035. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable on 30 September and 31 March each year. The amount is charged to the income statement as interest falls payable. The sum was advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and is, therefore, unsecured and would rank alongside ordinary creditors in the event of a winding up.

The same subsidiary also issued a £140K (2016: £134K) subordinated loan note issued at a price of 20 pence for each £1 in nominal value of loan stock held. The loan bears a Coupon of 13.5% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2035. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable on 30 September and 31 March each year. The sums were advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and rank alongside ordinary creditors but above the loan stock detailed above in the event of a winding up.

The same subsidiary also issued a £267K (2016. £267K) subordinated loan note. The loan bears a Coupon of 13 5% per annum and payment of capital falls due in the year 2035. The Coupon on the principal amount accrues daily and is payable on 30 September and 31 March each year. The sums were advanced under a subordinated loan agreement and rank alongside ordinary creditors but above the loan stock detailed above in the event of a winding up.

A subsidiary in the group has issued an unsecured loan with a value of £1,340K (2016: £844K) due 2037, bearing interest at 13.04%

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £413K (2016: £526K). The loan stock bears interest at 14% per annum and is repayable in semi-annual instalments with the final payment due on 31 August 2018.

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £715K (2016, £715K) bearing interest at 13% per annum. Of this balance, £64K (2016; £64K) represents unpaid interest on the loan notes and is due for payment within twelve months. The principal is repayable in full in February 2036.

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £927K (2016; £1,236K) bearing interest at 9% and is repayable in installments to December 2019

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £nil (2016: £160K). The loan stock bears interest at 13% and has repayment dates between 15 December 2012 and 15 December 2017. The loan was repaid on 15 December 2017.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 13 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year (continued)

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £4,717K (2016 £5,293K). The loan stock bears interest at the rate per annum determined by the lender which will be calculated according to the aggregate of margin, LIBOR, and mandatory costs. The debt is repayable in 41 consecutive six monthly instalments, the first of which was repaid in August 2002 with the final instalment due on 31 August 2023

A subsidiary in the group has issued loan stock with a value of £407K (2016: £449K). The loan stock bears interest at 8.5%.

### (e) Zero coupon bond

A subsidiary company has issued a zero coupon bond with a redemption value of £8,000K (2016: £8,000K) on 3 October 2022. This bond was issued at a discount value of £633K which is amortised to maturity at a constant rate on the carrying amount of the debt.

### (f) Other creditors

Included in other creditors is a decommissioning provision of £459K (2016: £417K) which provides for the future costs of decommissioning a wind farm. The provision has been discounted at an annual rate of 10% and this discount is charged to the statement of comprehensive income until 2027, the estimated date of decommissioning.

(g) Deferred income	
31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
Group £000	£000
As at 1 January 54,369	54,088
Arising during the period -	-
Amortised during the period (2,089)	(167)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment (585)	448
As at 31 December 51,695	54,369

### Deferred income is divided as follows:

- In fourteen projects, on completion of construction of the facilities, the public sector client made payments to the respective project companies (Eastbrook Facilities Limited, Covesea Limited, GH Newham Limited, GH Bodmin Limited, Kintra Limited, Bannockburn Homes Limited, KE Project Limited, LH Project Limited, Machrie Limited, NewSchools (Penweddig) Limited, Connect A50 Limited, Innovate East Lothian Limited, Blackshaw Healthcare Services Limited and Adams Campus Limited) as a contribution to the capital cost of the works. These contributions were deferred and will be amortised over the life of the project. The balance as at 31 December 2017 was £25,513K (2016: £27,101K).
- £9,331K (2016: £10,077K) in respect of funding grants which will be amortised over the lifetime of the PFI concession contract.
- £4,844K (2016: £5,184K) received following the arrangement of an RPI SWAP which will be amortised over the
  lifetime of the contract
- £12,007K (2016: £12,007K) in respect of asset renewal underspend.

Of the balance at the year-end, it is expected that £12,862K (2016: £14,202K) will be realised within 12 months and £38.833K (2016: £40,167K) will be realised after 12 months.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 14. Derivative financial instruments

		Group 31 Dec 2017 £000	Group 31 Dec 2016 £000	Company 31 Dec 2017 £000	Company 31 Dec 2016 £000
	Liabilities	439 034	490,560		
	Interest rate swaps RPI swaps	438,024 109,291	118,788	-	- -
		547,315	609,348	-	_
15.	Deferred taxation				
	Group			31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
	As at 1 January Prior year adjustment			7,439 (1)	(6,719) 33
	Revised balance as at 1 January			7,438	(6,686)
	Movement through other comprehensive income Deferred tax charge/(credit) for the year			(3,877) (2,621)	4,596 9,529
	As at 31 December			940	7,439
	Analysis of deferred tax balances: Accelerated capital allowances Derivatives Other timing differences			(66,223) 48,951 7,558	(73,216) 50,125 8,805
	Losses			940	21,725
					7.439
	Deferred tax asset Deferred tax liability			62,627 (61,687)	69,865 (62,426)
				940	7,439

The Group has an un-provided deferred tax asset of £18,543K (2016: £23,332K). The deferred tax asset arises on unrelieved losses within certain Group companies. This asset would be recoverable if the Group companies made sufficient taxable profits in future periods against which the losses could be offset.

### 16. Called up share capital

Group and Company	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
• •	£	£
Authorised		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Tunned a Reliance de Colonial		
Issued, called up and fully paid		
1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 17 Net cash flow from operating activities

Reconciliation of profit to net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Operating profit	42,557	47,423
Revaluation of investment property	-	(2,910)
Impairment of investments	1	52
Depreciation charge	21,761	21,453
Amortisation of fair value adjustments	15,787	15,787
Amortisation of deferred income	(2,674)	281
Foreign exchange	(1,912)	(2,655)
Decrease in debtors	51,876	38,242
(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	(1,068)	1,244
Net cash inflow from operating activities	126,328	118,917

### 18. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise the following.

	1 Jan 2017 £000	Cash flow £000	Non- cash movements £000	31 Dec 2017 £000
Cash in hand and at bank	222,466	13,651	*	236,117
Debt payable: within one year Debt payable: after one year	(164,881) (2,022,287)	(7.308) 73.875	(12,431)	(172,189) (1,960,843)
Debt payable, and the year	(2,187,168)	66,567	(12,431)	(2,133,032)
Loan payments receivable within one year	12,671	(385)	-	12,286
Loan payments, receivable after one year	195,815	(12,486)	-	183,329
Total	(1,756,216)	67,347	(12,431)	(1,701,300)

### 19. Related party transactions

The Group paid £43K (2016: £42K) to the Sodexo Group for the services of the Sodexo employees as directors to HpC King's College Hospital (Holdings) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group in which Sodexo hold a minority interest. At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016. £nil) remained outstanding.

Sodexo Group also manage the non-clinical services for HpC Kings College Hospital (Holdings) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group in which the Sodexo Group hold a minority interest. The amount charged for these services was £nil (2016: £nil). At 31 December 2017, £9K (2016: £9K) remained outstanding.

Sodexo Group also manage the lifecycle and estate services for HpC Kings College Hospital (Holdings) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group in which the Sodexo Group hold a minority interest. The amount charged for these services was £1,394K (2016: £1,362K) At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016: £nil) remained outstanding.

A Director of Innovate East Lothian Limited during the period is also a Director of FES FM Limited. FES FM Limited provided facilities management services to the Company. The amount charged for these services was £3,761K (2016: £3,674K). At 31 December 2017, £757K (2016: £737K) remained outstanding. All contracts are carried out at arms-length.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Related party transactions (continued)

A Director of Innovate East Lothian Limited during the period is also a Director of FES Limited. FES Limited is the holder of loan notes issued by Innovate East Lothian Limited totalling £407K (2016: £401K) and loan notes issued by Innovate East Lothian (Holdings) Limited totalling £46K (2016: £39K).

The Group has subcontracted the design, build, operation and maintenance of Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited to Babcock Communications Limited, a company which, through an intermediary holding company, holds a minority interest in Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited. During the year Alert Communications Limited was invoiced £3,410K (2016: £3,626K) by Babcock Communications Limited in connection with operation and maintenance fees and £nil (2016, £1,173K) in connection with additional operational services. At 31 December 2017, £691K (2016: £1,303K) remained outstanding.

Veolia manage the operational activities of Catchment Limited, Catchment Moray Limited and Catchment Tay Limited, subsidiaries of the Group in which Veolia Group hold a minority interest. The total invoices raised in the year in respect of these services amounted to £16,331K (2016: £17,201K). At 31 December 2017, £1,998K (2016: £4,068K) remained outstanding.

Balfour Beatty Investments Limited, a subsidiary of Balfour Beatty plc. is employed under a Secondment Arrangement with Connect A50 Limited for the provision of managerial staff. The value of the services provided in the year was £231K (2016 £241K). At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016: £18K) remained outstanding.

Balfour Beatty Infrastructure Services Limited, a subsidiary of Balfour Beatty plc, is employed under a contract with Connect A50 Limited for the provision of technical supervision and maintenance of a roadway. The value of the contract in the year was £5,940K (2016: £6,442K). At 31 December 2017, £nil (2016. £nil) remained outstanding.

The Group has subcontracted the design, build, operation and maintenance of Societe Des Bus Hybrids Dijonnais to Heuliez Bus, a company which holds a minority interest in Societe Des Bus Hybrids Dijonnais. During the year Societe Des Bus Hybrids Dijonnais was invoiced £729K (2016: £489K) by Heuliez Bus for these services. At 31 December 2017, £300K (2016: £52K) remained outstanding.

The Group has subcontracted the design, build, operation and maintenance of Helios B to Engie Group, a company which holds a minority interest in Helios B. Engie Group also receives a reimbursement of the costs of a corporate guarantee. During the year Helios B was invoiced £2,560K (2016. £1,763K) by Engie Group in connection with these services. At 31 December 2017 £37K (2016: £36K) remained outstanding.

### 20 Parent undertaking and ultimate controlling party

The ultimate parent and controlling entity is BHF LP. BHF LP is owned by a number of investors, with no one investor having individual control.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 21 Pension

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for its employees. The amount recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income was:

the amount recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income was:		
	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Current year contributions	441	338
22 Financial instruments		
(a) Carrying amount of financial instruments		
	31 Dec 2017 £000	31 Dec 2016 £000
Assets measured at amortised cost Assets measured at cost less impairment	1,396,408 315,269	1,468,635 289,644
Assets measured at fair value Liabilities measured at fair value through profit and loss	57,632 (547,315)	63,139 (609,348)
Liabilities measured as amortised cost	(2.119.850)	(2,174,847)

### (b) Financial instruments measured at fair value

Derivative financial instruments

The fair value of interest rate swaps is based on valuations provided by the swap counterparties. Those valuations are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market interest rates for a similar instrument at the measurement date.

The interest rates used to discount estimated cash flows, where applicable are based on market interest rates.

The fair value of RPI swaps is based on valuations provided by the swap counterparties. Those valuations are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based on the terms and maturity of each contract and using market forecast inflation rates.

The amount of change in fair value attributable to own credit risk cannot be measured reliability.

The derivative contracts used by the group are typical for PFI projects. Where projects are debt-funding, interest on the loan is calculated by reference to a floating rate. Interest rate swaps hedge Libor fluctuations and mitigate the risk that debt interest costs will fluctuate as Libor fluctuates. The full amount of the senior debt service payment is hedged in this way

RPI swaps are used to hedge fluctuations in the inflation index which is relevant for the project. Low inflation would otherwise cause a shortfall in cash with which to make senior debt service payments. RPI swaps are structured in such a way to ensure that any volatility in cash flow for senior debt service that could arise due to inflation fluctuations is effectively neutralized.

Interest rate swaps and RPI swaps, where used, are conditions imposed on the PFI project company by the senior debt provider to ensure stability in cash flows.

### (c) Hedge accounting

The following table indicates the periods in which the cash flows associated with cash flow hedging instruments are expected to occur and affect profit and loss as required by FRS 102.29(a) for the cash flow hedge accounting models:

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 22 Financial instruments (continued)

	Carrying amount	Expected cash flows	1 year or less	1 year or more
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Period ended 31 December 2017				
Interest rate swaps:				
Assets	57,632	57,632	•	57,632
Liabilities	(438,024)	(438,024)	(54,214)	(383,810)
RPI swaps:				
Liabilities	(109,291)	(109,291)	(13,527)	(95,764)
Period ended 31 December 2016				
Interest rate swaps:				
Assets	63,139	63,139	-	63,139
Liabilities	(490,560)	(490,560)	(55,066)	(435,494)
RPI swaps:				
Liabilities	(118,788)	(118,788)	(13,334)	(105,454)

The group applies hedge accounting in accordance with FRS102.12.

Interest rate swaps are used as a hedging instrument again a floating rate loans as the hedged item. RPI swaps are used as a hedging instrument against that portion of unitary payment receipts which are required to make periodic senior debt service payments.

Fair value of these hedging instruments are reported in note 22(d). The amount of the change in fair value of the hedging instruments recognised in other comprehensive income for the period and the amount that was recycled to profit or loss for the year are shown in the statement of consolidated other comprehensive income.

### (d) Fair values

The amounts for all financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value are as follows:

	Fair value	Fair value
	31 Dec 2017	31 Dec 2016
	0003	£000
Interest rate swap contracts	(380,392)	(427,421)
RPI swap contracts	(109,291)	(118,788)

During 2017, a hedging gain of £28,252K (2016: loss £(52,954K)) was recognised in other comprehensive income for changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap together with a gain of £25,502K (2016: loss £(17,065K) recognised in the profit and loss

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 23 Investments in Subsidiaries

The companies listed below are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and all investments are in ordinary shares:

### Registered Office -Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF

A-Roads Investments Limited

Adams Campus Limited

AM Holdco Limited

Anavon Holdings Limited

Anavon Limited

BHF Bidco Limited

Blackshaw Healthcare Services Holdings Limited

Blackshaw Healthcare Services Ltd

BHF Holdco II Limited

BIIF Holdco III Limited

BIIF IssuerCo Limited

BIIF Parentco Limited

CH Bolton Limited

CH Holton (Holdings) Limited

Cricketdrift Limited

Defence Management Group (Holdings) Limited

Defence Management (Holdings) Limited

Defence Management (Watchfield) Limited

Duchesspark Holdings Limited

Duchesspark Limited

Durham Investments Holdco Limited

Eastbrook Facilities Holdings 2 Limned

Eastbrook Facilities Holdings Limited

Eastbrook Facilities Limited

Flbon Holdings (1) Limited

Elbon Holdings (2) Limited

Elbon Holdings (3) lamited

Elbon PFI Fund (Investments) Limited

ERI Holdings Limited

Grannag Limited

GH Bodmin Holdings Limited

GH Bodmin Limited

GH Bury Holdings Limited

GH Bury Limited

GH Newham Holdings Limited

GH Newham Limited

**HSC Investments Limited** 

HpC King's College Hospital (Holdings) Limited

HpC King's College Hospital (Issuer) plc

HpC King's College Hospital Limited

I2 Bidco Limited

I2 Holdco 2 Lamited

12 Holdco Limited

Infrastructure Investors Castlehill Holdings Limited

Infrastructure Investors Castlehill Limited

Infrastructure Investors Limited - dormant

International Water (Highland) Limited

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 23. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

International Water (Tay) Limited

Investment Holdings (Genistics) Limited

IWL Moray Montrose Limited

IWUUHH Limited

Kilmarnock PFI Holdings Limited

Kılmarnock Prison Services Limited

Kinnoull House Holdings Limited

Kintra Limited

Lanterndew Limited

Lowdham Grange Prison Services Limited

Luton Health Facilities (Holdings) I imited

Luton Health Facilities Limited

M1-A1 Investments Limited

MI-Al Yorkshire Limited

Machine Burn Limited

Machine Limited

Matrix FPMS Holdings Limited

Matrix FPM\$ Limited

Matrix PFI Developments Limited

Matrix PFI GP Limited

Matrix PFI Holdings Limited

Matrix Premier Holdings Limited

Moreton Prison Services Limited

Newmount Holdings Limited

Newmount Limited

Newschools (Penweddig) Holdings Limited

Newschools (Penweddig) Limited

Normanby Healthcare Group Holdings Limited

Normanby Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Normanby Healthcare (Projects) Limited

Nuffield Albion Healthcare Limited

NVSH TopCo Limited

PFI Infrastructure Finance Limited

PFI Senior Funding Limited

PIF Vulcans Lane Limited

PIF West Cumbria Limited

Premier Custodial Finance Limited

Premier Custodial Investments Limited

Premier Custodial Sub-debt Limited

Pucklechurch Custodial Services Limited

Reno Water Highland Limited

Reno Water (Moray) Limited

Reno Water (Tay) Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Group Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Group Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Ingleby Barwick) Limited

Robertson Health (Chester le Street) Group Holdings Limited

Robertson Health (Chester le Street) Holdings Limited

Robertson  $H_{ealth}$  (Chester le Street) Limited

SD Marine Services (Holdings) Limited

SD Marine Services Limited

TBEP Investments Limited

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 23 Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

Tiverion Healthcare Facilities Limited
VLE Holdings Limited
Vulcans Lane Estates Limited
Wansbeck Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited
Wansbeck Healthcare Facilities Limited
WCEM Holdings Limited
West Cumbria Estates Management Limited

### Registered Office -2nd Floor. 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 IDF

ABC Schools (Holdings) Limited

ABC Schools Limited

Alpha Schools (West Lothian) Holdings Limited

Alpha Schools (West Lothian) Limited

Bannockburn Group Limited

Bannockburn Holdings Limited

Bannockburn Homes Limited

Catchment Highland Holdings Limited

Catchment Highland Limited

Catchment Limited

Catchment Moray Holdings Limited

Catchment Moray Limited

Catchment Tay Holdings Limited

Catchment Tay Limited

Covesea Holdings Limited

Covesea Limited

Dumfries Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Dumfries Facilities Ltd

Elbon PFI Fund II

Elgon Water Limited

Forfar Healthcare (Holdings) Limited

Fortar Healthcare Limited

Infrastructure Managers Limited

Innovate East Lothian (Holdings) Limited

Innovate East Lothian Limited

International Water UU (Highland) Limited

KE Project Limited

Kinnoull House Limited

LH Project Limited

Lochgilphead Healthcare Services (Holdings) Limited

Lochgilphead Healthcare Services Limited

Midlothian Schools (Debtco) Limited

Midlothian Schools (Holdings) Limited

Midlothian Schools Limited

Morns Eddie Limited

NVSH Holdco Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Holdings Limited

Robertson Education (Aberdeenshire) Limited

Salisbury Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

Salisbury Healthcare Facilities Limited

Tiverton Healthcare Facilities (Holdings) Limited

West Lothian Education Limited

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2017

### 23. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

### Registered Office -4/7 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JEI ODE

BHF Offshare Windkraft Holdings Limited

### Registered Office - St James Chambers, Athol Street, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM1 1JE

PFI Infrastructure Company plc

### Registered Office - 6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NWI 3AX

Connect A50 Limited
Connect Roads Limited

### Registered Office - 33 Wigmore Street, London, WIU 1QX

Alert Communications Group Holdings Limited Alert Communications (2006) Limited Alert Communications Limited

### Registered Office - Arnolds Cottage, Eddy Green Road, Lytchett Matravers, Poole, Dorset, BH16 6HL

Alert Communications (Holdings) Limited

### Registered Office - Beaufort Court Egg Farm Lane, Off Station Road, Kings Langley, Hertfordshire, WD4 8LR

Black Hill Wind Farm Topco Limited Black Hill Wind Farm Holdco Limited Black Hill Wind Farm Limited

### Registered Office - Hill House, I Little New Street, London, EC4A 3TR

Infrastructure Investors General Partner LLP - dormant

### Registered Office - 6, Rue Eugene Ruppert L-2453, Luxembourg

Barclays Integrated Infrastructure Project sari Helios B (S]DA 11) Societe des Bus Hybrides Dijonnais

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

## 24. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The companies listed below are investments in joint ventures and associates together with particulars of loans due.

THE COMPANIES USED DEIOW AIC INVESTIGENCES IN JOHN	w div illav		ventures and associates together with particulars of roams the	SOCIALES LOE	למווכו אוווו ל	A III Mas	or roans un	Accrued		
	% holding ordinary shares	Country of Incorporation	Sector	Sum Sum E0003	Interest rate applied	Date of maturity of loan	faterest received £000	income and prepayment at 31 Dec 2017 £800	Accounting period end date	Registered office
Key Health Services (Addenbrookes) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Healthcare	3,563	11 25%	2037	423	736	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, Landon, EC4N 6AF
	50%	England & Wales	Military	2,872	11 25%	2025	467	115	31 December	Hill Park Court, Springfield Drive. I catherhead, Surrey, KT22 7N1.
Summit Healthcare (Wishaw) Limited	9009	Scotland	Healthcare	8,819	18 00%	2028	1,270	907	31 March	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Modern Courts (Humberside) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Justice	1,273	13.00%	2025	165	28	30 Aprıl	Gannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Modern Courts (East Anglia) Limited	9069	England & Wales	Justice	688	13.20%	2025	117	,	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, ECAN 6AF
The Education Support Company (Leeds) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Education	1,369	13 00%	2028	178	45	31 March	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Consort Healthcare (Durham) inmited	20%	England & Wales	Healthcare	4,338	LIBOR + 6%	2028	288	35	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
	30 <del>0/</del>	England & Wales	Military	8,813	13 50%	2020	651'1	29	31 December	Rolls Royce Pic PO BOX 31, Moor Jane, Derby, Derbyshire, DE24 8B)
	50%	England & Wales	Fransport	2,854	15 (10%	2016	424	157	31 March	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX
PPP Services (North Ayrshire) Limited	55%	Scotland	Education	4,185	14.00%	2037	286	124	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
	45%	Scotland	Education	1,636	800.6	2037	328	83	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Roya) Infirmary) Limited	30%	Scotland	Education	6,994	LIBOR + 6%	2023	515	165	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Glasgow Healthcare Facilities Limited	50%	Scotland	Healthcare	9,700	13 75%	2039	1,334	336	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Stobhill Healthcare Facilities Limited	0 <del>00</del> 90	Scotland	Healthcare	1,206	13 25%	2031/	991	53	31 December	2nd Fluor 11 Thustle Street, Edinburgh, FH2 1DF
Sewell Education (York) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Education	•		1	•	,	31 December	Geneva Way, Leads Road, Hull, North Humberside, HU7 0DG
	20%	Scotland	Education	3,309	13 50%	2039	447	112	31 March	Quartermile One, 15 Lauriston Place, Edinburgh. EH3 9EP
	50%	England & Wales	Transport	2,680	12.75%	2033	349	86	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

# 24. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

<b>Registered office</b> Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	6, Rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg	6, Rue Eugène Ruppert L-2453 Luxembourg	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	C/O Albany Spc Services Lid 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, MJ 4HB	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	73 Norman Road, Greenwich, London, SE10 9QF	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	First Floor Return, 25 Merrion Square, Dublin 2	
Accounting period end date 31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 December	31 December	28 February	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 March	33 March	31 December	31 December	
Accrued income and prepayment at at 2017 £000 113	194	170	233	239		374	1,910	1,609	7.7	σc		87	•		16	28	ř		
Interest received £000 603	858	3,042	924	1,713	40	1	,	1, 609	295	96	97	516	4	1	360	231	ı	1	
Date of maturity of loan 2031	2031	2033	2033	2040	2038	2041	2037	2022	2036	2031	2031	2036	1	•	2035	2032	2031		
Interest rate applied 7.88% + RPI	7 88% + RPI	8 21%	956	12 30%	9 25%	8 618%	8,606%	12.00%	10,06%	15 00%	8 40%	12 26%	4		12 10%	13 75%	12 85%	. !	45
Sum advanced £600 5,747	8,962	37,206	9,726	7,704	10,146	7,936	2,519	4,804	7,869	638	526	980	•		3,553	1,681	7,732		
Sector Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Healthcare	Transport	Justice	Education	Transport	l'ransport	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare	Transport	Transport	Transport	Education	Education	Education	
Country of Incorporation England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	France	France	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	Íreland	
% holding ordinary shares 50%	50%	%0 <b>≤</b>	20%	20%	50%	2,9%	9009	42%	25%	20%	17 <sup>q</sup> 6	25%	%O+	15%	15%	30%	25%	25%	
Joint ventures and associates Blue Transmission Walney 1 Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 2 Limited	Blue Transmission London Array Limited	Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal Limited	The Walsall Hospital Company Limited	Hounslow Highways Services Limited	Helios A SPV (SJDA 12)	Ligerea SPV (SJDA 13)	Road Management Group Limited	Road Management Services (Darrington) Limited	Calderdale Hospital SPC Limited	Worcestershire Hospital SPC plc	Albion Healthcare (Oxford) Limited	City Greenwich Lewisham Rail Link plc	Connect A30/A35 Limited	Connect M77 / GSO plc	Emblem Schools Limited	Manchester Schools Services Limited	CSM PPP Services Limited	

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

# 24 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

Accrued

								income and		
	8						Interest	prepayment	;	
	bolding ordinary	Country of		Aug.	Interest	Date of materity	received	at 31 Dec 2017	Accounting period and	
Joint ventures and associates	shares	Incorporation	Sector	000T	applied	of loan	8003	6003	date	Registered office
Bangor and Nendrum Schools Services	20%	Northern	Education	•				f	31 December	C/O Cleaver Fulton Rankin, 50 Bedford Street,
Limited		Ireland								Belfast, BT2 7FW
Salford Schools Solutions Limited	25%	England & Wales	Education	ı	•	,	•	r	3) December	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BS1 4DJ
The Edinburgh Schools Partnership	17%	Scotland	Education	1,149	13 07%	2033	151	192	31 March	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Lighting for Staffordshire Limited	404	England &	Transport	122	13 18%	2025	<b>30</b>	7	3) December	Westwood Way, Westwood Business Park, Coventry,
Key Health Services Holdings	20%	Wales England &	Healthcare		•	•	,	*	31 December	CV4 BLV. Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
(Addenbrookes) Limited		Wales	;						,	
Fastrax Holdings Limited	50%	England & Wales	Military	•	•	,		,	31 December	Hill Park Gourt, Springfield Orive, Leatherhead. Surrey, KT22 7NL
Summit Holdings (Wishaw) Limited	9609	Scotland	Healthcare	1	,			,	31 March	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Summit Finance (Wishaw) pic	900	Scotland	Healthcare	٠	•	,	•	í	31 March	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Modern Courts Holdings (Humberside) Limited	50%	England & Wales	Justice			,	•	,	30 April	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, ECAN 6AF
Modern Courts Holdings (East Anglia)	2036	England &	Justice		•	,	•	,	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Limited		Wales								
The Education Support Company Holdings (Leeds) Limited	20%	England & Wales	Education	ı				,	31 March	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, Landon, FC4N 6AF
Consort Healthcare (Durham) Holdings Limited	50%	England & Wales	Healthcare	,	•	,	•	,	31 December	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
Gemstics Holdings Limited	20%	England & Wales	Military	1	•	•	•	,	31 December	Rolls Royce Plc PO BOX 31, Moor Lane, Derby, Derbyshire, DE24 8BJ
Connect M1-A1 Holdings Limited	50%	England & Wales	Transport	,		,	,	•	31 March	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NWI 3AX
PPP Services (North Ayrshure) Holdings Limited	22%	Scotland	Education	,	•	,		•	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thietle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
FCC (East Ayrshire) Holdings Limited	45%	Scotland	Education			,	1	,	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF
Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal Infirmary) Holdings Limited	50%	Scotland	Education		i	,		ŕ	31 December	2nd Floor 11 Tlustle Street, Edinburgh, FH2 1DF
Conson Healthcare (Edinburgh Roya) Infirmary) Investments Limited	20%	Scotland	Education		,	,		,	31 Dесешьет	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF

## Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

### Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued) 24,

Registered office 2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF		2nd Fioor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Geneva Way, Leads Road, Hull, North Humberside. HU7 0DG	Quartermile One, 15 Lauriston Place, Edinburgh, EH3 9EP	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF	47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 0BD, Channel Islands	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	47 Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 08D, Channel Islands	47 Esplanade, St Helter, Jersey, JEI 0BD, Channel Islands	8 White Oak Square, London Road, Swanley, Kent, BR8 7AG	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 64F	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF
					Quarterm EH3 9EP		Свин	Cann	47 Espla Islands	Cann	Сапп	47 Espla Islands	47 Espl. Islands				
Accounting period end date 31 December		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
Accrued income and prepayment at at £000			•	·	,	•	,	,	1	•		4		•	,	,	,
Interest received £000		•		`,		1	,	,		1	•	ı	•	•	•		
Date of maturity of loan		•	4	•	•		•	•	•	,	•		,		•	•	1
Interest rate applied		1	ı		,	•	•		•	•		•	•		1		•
Sum sdvanced £000		•	ű		1				•	1	,		ı	•		•	•
Sector Education		Healthcare	Healthcare	Education	Education	Transport	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Energy	Healthcare	Transport	Transport	Ttansport
Country of Incorporation Scotland		Scotland	Scotland	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Jersey	England & Wales	England & Wales	Jersey	Jersey	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales
% holding ordinary shares 50%	•	% % %	£03	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	<b>20%</b>	30%	504v	%05	20%	50%	20%	20%	42%
Joint ventures and associates Consort Healthcare (Edinburgh Royal	Infirmary) Finance Limited	Glasgow Healthcare Faciliues (Holdings) Limited	Stobhill Healthcare Factlines (Holdings) Limted	Sewell Education (York) Holdings Lamited	Surling Gateway HC Limited	Sheppey Route (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 1 (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 2 (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Walney 2 Investments Limited	Blue Transmission London Array (Holdings) Limited	Blue Transmission Sheringham Shoal (Holdings) Limited	Blue 'Yransmission Sheringham Shoal Investments Limited	Blue Transmission Investments Limited	The Walsall Hospital Company (Holdings) Limited	Hounslow Highways Investment Limited	Hounslow Highways Investment 2 Limited	Road Management Consolidated plc

BIIF Holdco Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2017

# 24. Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (continued)

Accrued

	Registered office Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, Landon, EC4IN 6AF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, Lundon, EC4N 6AF	Cannon Place 78 Cannon Street, London, FC4N 6AF	Third Ploor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BS1 4DJ	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol. BSI 4DJ	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3 5 Charlotte Street, Manchester, England, M1 411B	C/O Albany Spc Services Ltd 3rd Floor, 3-5 Charloue Street, Manchester, England, M1 4HB	Third Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street, Bristol, BSI 4DJ	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, London, NW1 3AX	6th Floor 350 Euston Road, Regents Place, Lundon, NW1 3AX	2nd Floor 11 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF	First Floor Return, 25 Merrion Square, Dublin 2	C/O Cleaver Fulton Rankin, 50 Bedlord Street, Belfast, BTZ 7FW	Ihud Floor Broad Quay House, Prince Street. Bristol, BSI 4DJ	Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AI	2nd Floor 11 Thistie Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1DF	Westwood Way, Westwood Business Park Covenity, CV48LG
Accounting period end	date 31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	3) December	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 March	31 December
income and prepayment at 31 Dec 2017		1	,		,	,		,	•	ι		1	,			,		·
Interest			•	•	,	1	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•
Date of maturity	of loan	,		•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•		1		•	•	,
Interest	applied	•			•	•	•		1		1		٠	•	•		•	1
Sum	2003	•	,		1	•		•		,	ı		•		•			
	Sector Transport	Transport	Transport	Transport	Transport	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare	Transport	Transport	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education	Transport
Country of	Incorporation England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wates	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales	Ireland	Northern Ireland	England & Wales	England & Wales	Scotland	England & Wales
% holding ordinary	shares 42%	42%	42%	25%	25%	20%	17%	25%	15%	15%	30%	25%	25%	20%	25%	49%	17%	%0 <b>+</b>
	Joint ventures and associates Road Management Limited	Road Management Services (Gloucester) Lamited	Road Management Services (Pererborough) Limited	Road Management Services (Darrington) Holdings Limited	Road Management Services (Finance) plc	Calderdale Hospital SPC Holdings	Worcestershire Hospital SPC Holdings Limited	Albion Healthcare (Oxford) Holdings Limited	Connect A30/A35 Holdings Limited	Connect M77 / GSO Holdings Limited	Emblem Schools (Holdings) Limited	Manchester Schools Services Holdings Limited	CSM PPP Services (Holdings) Limited	Bangor and Nendrum Schools Services Holdings Limited	Salford Schools Solutions Holdco Limited	Schools Capital Limited	ESP (Holdings) Limited	Lighting for Staffordshire Holdings Limited