# SIGNATURE RESORTS (UK) LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

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#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** 

S S Conway

D Dias

Company number

05885632

Registered office

3rd Floor Sterling House Langston Road Loughton Essex IG10 3TS

**Auditor** 

Xeinadin Audit Limited 8th Floor Becket House

36 Old Jewry London EC2R 8DD

**Bankers** 

Bank of Scotland PLC

4th Floor, New Uberior House

11 Earl Grey Street

Edinburgh United Kingdom EH3 9BN

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of property development.

#### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

D O'Sullivan

(Resigned 31 March 2022)

S S Conway

D Dias

#### **Auditor**

During the year BDO LLP resigned as auditors of the company and Xeinadin Audit Limited were appointed as their successors. In accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### **Going Concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis subject to the continued support of Galliard Holdings Limited, its parent company. Galliard Holdings Limited has indicated that it will provide such financial support as is required for at least twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements.

#### Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

On behalf of the board

S S Conway

Director

4 August 2022

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF SIGNATURE RESORTS (UK) LIMITED

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Signature Resorts (UK) Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's* responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report and financial statements other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF SIGNATURE RESORTS (UK) LIMITED

#### Other Companies Act 2006 reporting

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF SIGNATURE RESORTS (UK) LIMITED

- We gained an understanding using our general commercial and sector experience and through
  discussion with the Directors and other senior management of the legal and regulatory framework
  applicable to the Company and the industry in which it operates, and considered the risk of acts by the
  Company that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud;
- We obtained a sufficient understanding and knowledge of the internal control environment, including systems in place for the detection and prevention of fraud;
- We enquired of management and the Directors as to their identification of any non-compliance with laws or regulations, or any actual or potential claims;
- We performed our own checks of compliance with relevant areas identified which included financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation, taxation legislation, health & safety and anti-money laundering;
- We communicated identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance or fraud throughout the audit;
- We agreed the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation to assess compliance with those laws and regulations having an impact on the financial statements
- We challenged assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates, in particular in relation to cost forecasting and margin estimation.
- In relation to the risk of management override of internal controls, we undertook procedures to review
  journal entries processed during and subsequent to the year end and evaluated whether there was a risk
  of material misstatement due to fraud;

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Nicholas Mark Hume (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Xeinadin Audit Limited, Statutory Auditor

Becket House

36 Old Jewry London EC2R 8DD

Xeinadin Audit Limited is a limited liability company registered in England and Wales (with registered number 11364541).

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
Administrative expenses		(8,818)	(20,136)
Investment income		945	916
Loss before taxation	2	(7,873)	(19,220)
		<del></del> .	
Tax on loss	•	-	-
Loss for the financial year and total			
comprehensive income		(7,873)	(19,220)

The statement of comprehensive income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### **AS AT 31 MARCH 2022**

		20	)22	2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets			_		
Trade and other receivables	5	116,941		116,939	
Cash and cash equivalents		26,147		31,520	
		143,088		148,459	•
Current liabilities	4	(8,495,077)		(8,492,575)	
		<del></del>	(0.254.000)		/D 244 44C\
Net current liabilities		•	(8,351,989) =======		(8,344,116) =======
Equity	r				
Called up share capital	6		300		300
Share premium account			1,541,150		1,541,150
Retained earnings			(9,893,439)		(9,885,566)
Total equity			(8,351,989)		(8,344,116)
· · ·					

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 4 August 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

S S Conway Director

Company Registration No. 05885632

The notes on pages 9 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

			•	
	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2020	300	1,541,150	(9,866,346)	(8,324,896)
Year ended 31 March 2021: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(19,220)	(19,220)
Balance at 31 March 2021	300	1,541,150	(9,885,566)	(8,344,116)
Year ended 31 March 2022: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-		(7,873)	(7,873)
Balance at 31 March 2022	300	1,541,150	(9,893,439)	(8,351,989)

The notes on pages 9 to 11 form part of these financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Signature Resorts (UK) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 3rd Floor, Sterling House, Langston Road, Loughton, Essex, IG10 3TS,IG10 3TS.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS102 Section 1A Small Entities requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the accounting policies. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis subject to the continued support of Galliard Holdings Limited, its parent company. Galliard Holdings Limited has indicated that it will provide such financial support as is required for at least twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements.

Accordingly the directors consider it appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis and that there is no material uncertainty in reaching this conclusion.

#### 1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.4 Financial instruments

Financial assets, other than investments, are initially measured at transaction price and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial liabilities are measured initially at transaction price and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the instrument's contractual obligation, rather than its legal form.

#### 1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Loss before taxation	2022	2021
	Loss before taxation for the year is stated after charging:	£	1
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's financial statements	2,000	2,000
3	Employees		
	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by was:	the company du	ring the yea
		2022 Number	2021 Numbe
	Total		
4	Current liabilities		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in		
	which the company has a participating interest	8,348,402	8,348,400
	Taxation and social security Other payables	19,675 127,000	19,675 124,500
		8,495,077	8,492,575
	There are no amounts included under current liabilities in respect of which ar the small entity.	ny security has b	een given by
	There are no amounts included under current liabilities which are payable instalments and fall due for payment or repayment after the end of the period the day next following reporting date.		
5	instalments and fall due for payment or repayment after the end of the period	d of five years be	eginning with
5	instalments and fall due for payment or repayment after the end of the period the day next following reporting date.		eginning with
5	instalments and fall due for payment or repayment after the end of the period the day next following reporting date.  Trade and other receivables  Amounts falling due within one year:  Amounts due from related parties	2022 £ 116,798	eginning with <b>2021</b> £ 116,796
5	instalments and fall due for payment or repayment after the end of the period the day next following reporting date.  Trade and other receivables  Amounts falling due within one year:	d of five years be 2022 £	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6	Called up share capital		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Issued and fully paid	-	
	200 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	200	200
	100 Oridnary B shares of £1 each	100	100
		300	300
		==	

#### 7 Parent company

The immediate parent company is Galliard Holdings Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, and the ultimate holding company is Galliard Group Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Galliard Group Limited prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from 3rd floor Sterling House, Langston Road, Loughton, Essex, IG10 3TS.

In the opinion of the directors, the controlling party is Stephen Conway, a director and holds more than 50% of voting rights.