# CDC Wealth Management Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For the year ended 31 March 2017 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

\*A6A6503V\*
A12 07/07/2017 #202
COMPANIES HOUSE

#### DEBERE LIMITED

Chartered Accountants
Swallow House
Parsons Road
Washington
Tyne and Wear
NE37 1EZ

#### **Financial Statements**

# Year ended 31 March 2017

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Chartered accountants report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements	2
Statement of financial position	3
Notes to the financial statements	5

#### Officers and Professional Advisers

The board of directors Mr J G Dixon

Mr P D G Cain Mr A J Gaines Mr A J Mann

Business address North East Business & Innovation Centre

Wearfield

Enterprise Park East

Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR5 2TA

Registered office North East Business & Innovation Centre

Wearfield

Enterprise Park East

Sunderland Tyne and Wear SR5 2TA

Accountants Debere Limited

**Chartered Accountants** 

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear NE37 1EZ

Bankers Yorkshire Bank plc

Quayside House 110 Quayside Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 3DX

# Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of CDC Wealth Management Limited

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of CDC Wealth Management Limited for the year ended 31 March 2017, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of CDC Wealth Management Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 11 November 2015. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of CDC Wealth Management Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state you, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at www.icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than CDC Wealth Management Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that CDC Wealth Management Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of CDC Wealth Management Limited. You consider that CDC Wealth Management Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of CDC Wealth Management Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

DEBERE LIMITED
Chartered Accountants

debere Limited

Swallow House Parsons Road Washington Tyne and Wear NE37 1EZ

13 June 2017

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 31 March 2017

		2017	2016	
	Note	£	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b> Tangible assets	6		10,872	2,651
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	206,428 276,004		157,734 264,050
		482,432		421,784
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(229,110)		(223,662)
Net current assets			253,322	198,122
Total assets less current liabilities			264,194	200,773
Provisions Taxation including deferred tax			5,097	11,742
Net assets			269,291	212,515

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

#### Statement of Financial Position (continued)

#### 31 March 2017

	201	2016	
Note	£	£	£
		1,000	1,000
		268,291	211,515
		269,291	212,515
	Note	<del>-</del>	1,000 2 <u>68,291</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors responsibilities:

G Dixon

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13 June 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P D G Cain

Director

Company registration number: 5883908

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is North East Business & Innovation Centre, Wearfield, Enterprise Park East, Sunderland, Tyne and Wear, SR5 2TA.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

#### **General Information**

The principal activity of the company during the year was the provision of financial services.

The company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated and domiciled in England.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Going concern

The company meets its day-today working capital requirements through its bank facilities. The company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company should be able to operate within the level of its current facilities. After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 11

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### **Operating leases**

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment

20% straight line

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 12 (2016: 12).

#### 5. Profit before taxation

Profit before taxation is stated after charging:

	2017	2016	
	£	£	
Depreciation of tangible assets	2,843	2,403	

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

6.	Tangible assets	-	
			Equipment £
	Cost At 1 April 2016 Additions		12,707 11,064
	At 31 March 2017		23,771
	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year		10,056 2,843
	At 31 March 2017		12,899
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017		10,872
	At 31 March 2016		2,651
7.	Debtors		
	Trade debtors Other debtors	2017 £ 80,026 126,402	2016 £ 11,278 146,456
		206,428	157,734 ———
	Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairm	ent.	
8.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Corporation tax Social security and other taxes	121,004 16,412	127,048 7,869
	Other creditors	91,694 229,110	88,745  223,662
	Short term trade creditors are measured at the transaction price.	###	-
9.	Operating leases		
	The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operate	2017	2016
	Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	£ 25,390 634	£ 24,756 —
		26,024	24,756

#### Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

		2017	
	Balance	Advances/	
	brought	(credits) to	Balance
	forward	the directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr P D G Cain	4,483	(4,483)	_
Mr A J Gaines	55,948	(11,348)	44,600
Mr A J Mann	86,025	(13,409)	72,616
	146,456	(29,240)	117,216
		2016	
	Balance	Advances/	
	brought	(credits) to	Balance
	forward	the directors	outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr P D G Cain	8,333	(3,850)	4,483
Mr A J Gaines	16,600	39,348	55,948
Mr A J Mann	30,375	55,650	86,025
	55,308	91,148	146,456
	*****		

#### 11. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.