# financial statements abbreviated unaudited

### A.G.L. Consulting Ltd

For the year ended: 31 October 2013

Company registration number: 05878840



## A.G.L CONSULTING LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 05878840

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2013

	Note	£	2013 £	£	.2012 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	2		18,000	•	24,000
Tangible assets	3		7,499		4,958
			25,499	-	28,958
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		6,626		2,187	
Debtors		67,689		64,803	
Cash at bank and in hand		62,078		26,854	
		136,393	•	93,844	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		(45,289)		(31,728)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			91,104		62,116
NET ASSETS			116,603	- 	91,074
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					<del>-</del>
Called up share capital	4		1	•	1
Profit and loss account			116,602	_	91,073
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			116,603	=	91,074

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2013

The director considers that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 October 2013 and of its profit for the year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 of the Act and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr A G Lovell

Director

Date: 17 JUNE 2014

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

#### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. It is amortised to the Profit and loss account over its estimated economic life.

Amortisation is provided at the following rates:

Goodwill

10% Straight line

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Office equipment

20% reducing balance

Computer equipment

25% straight line

#### 1.5 Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

#### 1.6 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 1.7 Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		£
	Cost	
	At 1 November 2012 and 31 October 2013	60,000
	Amortisation	
	At 1 November 2012 Charge for the year	36,000 6,000
•	At 31 October 2013	42,000
		42,000
	Net book value	
	At 31 October 2013	18,000
	At 31 October 2012	24,000
3.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
		£
	Cost At 1 November 2012	47 225
	Additions	17,325 5,021
	Disposals	(823)
	At 31 October 2013	21,523
	Depreciation	
	At 1 November 2012	12,367
	Charge for the year	2,264
	On disposals	(607)
	At 31 October 2013	14,024
	Net book value	
	At 31 October 2013	7,499
	At 31 October 2012	4,958

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2013

#### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

	2013 £	2012 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 Ordinary share of £1	1	1

#### 5. DIRECTOR'S BENEFITS: ADVANCES, CREDIT AND GUARANTEES

During the year the company loaned monies totalling £34,184 (2012: £50,997) to the director and £32,986 (2012: £36,531) The balance owed by the director to the company at the year end totalled £754 shown within other debtors (2012: £444 owed by the company to the director). No interest has been charged on this loan.