

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
31 August 2019



HILL ECKERSLEY & CO. LTD

Chartered Accountants
62 Chorley New Road
Bolton
Lancashire
BL1 4BY

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

31 August 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	3,789	4,458
Current assets			
Debtors	6	13,548	20,498
Cash at bank and in hand		5,781	1,219
		<u>19,329</u>	<u>21,717</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	<u>11,177</u>	<u>12,210</u>
Net current assets		8,152	9,507
Total assets less current liabilities		11,941	13,965
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		720	847
Net assets		<u>11,221</u>	<u>13,118</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		20	20
Profit and loss account		<u>11,201</u>	<u>13,098</u>
Shareholders funds		<u>11,221</u>	<u>13,118</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 August 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position
continues on the following page.

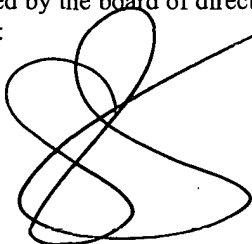
The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 August 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 January 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several loops and a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Mr J S Jones
Director

Company registration number: 05876746

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2019

1. General information

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd is a private company limited by shares, registered in the United Kingdom number 05876746. Its registered office is 3 Edward Street, Oswestry, Shropshire, , SY11 2BL.

The principal activity of the company during the year was construction industry quantity surveying and services.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 August 2019

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Income tax *(continued)*

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings	- 15% reducing balance
Equipment	- 15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 August 2019

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Compound instruments comprise both a liability and an equity component. At date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar debt instrument. The liability component is accounted for as a financial liability.

The residual is the difference between the net proceeds of issue and the liability component (at time of issue). The residual is the equity component, which is accounted for as an equity instrument.

The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2018: 1).

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2019

5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 September 2018 and 31 August 2019	<u>3,273</u>	<u>9,343</u>	<u>12,616</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 September 2018	2,194	5,964	8,158
Charge for the year	<u>162</u>	<u>507</u>	<u>669</u>
At 31 August 2019	<u>2,356</u>	<u>6,471</u>	<u>8,827</u>
Carrying amount			
At 31 August 2019	<u>917</u>	<u>2,872</u>	<u>3,789</u>
At 31 August 2018	<u>1,079</u>	<u>3,379</u>	<u>4,458</u>

6. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	12,948	16,146
Other debtors	<u>600</u>	<u>4,352</u>
	<u>13,548</u>	<u>20,498</u>

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade creditors	–	2,309
Social security and other taxes	9,724	8,501
Other creditors	<u>1,453</u>	<u>1,400</u>
	<u>11,177</u>	<u>12,210</u>

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2019		
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the director £	Balance outstanding £
Mr J S Jones	<u>4,352</u>	<u>(4,355)</u>	<u>(3)</u>
	2018		
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the director £	Balance outstanding £
Mr J S Jones	<u>(6,191)</u>	<u>10,543</u>	<u>4,352</u>

S & G Buyers & Estimators Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 August 2019

9. Related party transactions

The company was under the control Mr J.S. Jones throughout the current and previous year.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard for smaller entities.