# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05876746**

# S & G BUYERS AND ESTIMATORS LTD UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014





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# **HILL ECKERSLEY & CO. LTD**

Chartered Accountants 62 Chorley New Road Bolton Lancashire BL1 4BY

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

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## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

#### **31 AUGUST 2014**

		2014		2013	
	Note	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			5,557	5,872	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		26,164	•	27,195	
Cash at bank and in hand		6,843		12,695	
		<del></del>			
	•	33,007		39,890	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		37,158		31,078	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(4,151)	8,812	
•					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,406	14,684	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,111	1,174	
TROVISIONS FOR EMBIETTES					
			295	13,510	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	4		20	20	
Profit and loss account			275	13,490	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			295	13,510	

For the year ended 31 August 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

## Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 24 February 2015.

MR J. S. JONES Director

Company Registration Number: 05876746

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

15% reducing balance

Equipment

15% reducing balance

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### **YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014**

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Compound instruments comprise both a liability and an equity component. At date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for a similar debt instrument. The liability component is accounted for as a financial liability.

The residual is the difference between the net proceeds of issue and the liability component (at time of issue). The residual is the equity component, which is accounted for as an equity instrument.

The interest expense on the liability component is calculated applying the effective interest rate for the liability component of the instrument. The difference between this amount and any repayments is added to the carrying amount of the liability in the balance sheet.

# 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets
	£
COST At 1 September 2013	9,997
Additions	666
At 31 August 2014	10,663
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 September 2013 Charge for year	4,125 981
•	5,106
At 31 August 2014	3,100
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 August 2014	<u>5,557</u>
At 31 August 2013	5,872

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# **YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014**

# 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control Mr J.S. Jones throughout the current and previous year.

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard for smaller entities.

## 4. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2014		20	2013	
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	20	20	20	20	