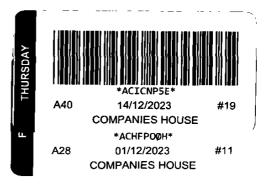
Company Registration No. 05845142

Amsair Aircraft Limited

Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2023



Report and unaudited financial statements 2023

Contents	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' report	2
Directors' responsibilities statement	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Statement of changes in equity	7
Notes to the financial statements	8

Report and unaudited financial statements 2023

Officers and professional advisers

Directors

Daniel P Sugar Simon Sugar Claude M Littner Michael E Ray

Secretary

Michael E Ray

Registered Office

Amshold House Goldings Hill Loughton Essex IG10 2RW

Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc City Office 11-15 Monument Street London EC3V 9JA

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the unaudited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2023.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies under S415A of the Companies Act 2006.

Principal activities

The Company is principally engaged in the business of chartering aircraft.

Business Review

The loss on ordinary activities after taxation for the year ended 30 June 2023 was £151,055 (2022: £14.953 profit). The profit and loss account for the year is set out on page 5.

The Company continues to charter its aircraft. The Company gave consideration to the net book value of its aircraft at 30 June 2023 and felt it not appropriate to impair the value of the plane, the Company considers this to be a fair reflection of its value.

Going concern

The directors have reviewed the current and projected financial position of the Company, making reasonable assumptions about future trading. The Company has received a letter from Amshold Group Limited stating that it will continue to provide financial support for at least twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements.

On the basis of this review, and after making due enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the report and financial statements.

Financial risks

The directors' considered the risks attached to the Company's financial instruments which principally comprise operating debtors and operating creditors and loans to and from other group companies. The directors have taken a prudent approach in their consideration of the various risks attached to the financial instruments of the Company. The Company's exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not material for the assessment of assets, liabilities and the financial statements.

The directors' policy on hedging is to hedge all financial risks where it is feasible and cost effective to do so. The Company had no hedged transactions during the year.

Dividends

The directors do not propose the payment of a dividend (2022: £nil).

Directors' report (continued)

Directors

The directors who held office for the Company since the 1 July 2022 to the end of the financial year and up to the signing of the financial statements are listed on page 1.

Directors' indemnities

The directors and officers of the Company, use the indemnity insurance policy taken out by Amshold Group Limited, a company ultimately controlled by Lord Sugar.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf:

Michael E Ra

Director

20 November 2023

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Profit and loss account For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover	2	1,518,605	1,342,877
Cost of sales		(1.681,527)	(1,968,546)
Gross loss		(162,922)	(625,669)
Administrative expenses		(56)	(78)
Operating loss	4	(162,978)	(625,747)
Finance income	5	260	10
Finance costs	6	(26)	(1,877)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(162,744)	(627,614)
Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	7	11,689	642,567
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year		(151.055)	14,953

All activities derive from continuing operations.

As there are no other sources of comprehensive income other than the loss for the financial year, the Company has not included a consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Balance sheet 30 June 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets	8	5,547,224	6,075,531
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	491,391 16,450	452,901
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	<u>507,841</u> (7.541,821)	<u>464,341</u> (7,863,884)
Net current liabilities		(7.033,980)	(7,399,543)
Total assets less current liabilities		(1.486,756)	(1,324,012)
Provisions for liabilities	11	(141,242)	(152,931)
Total net liabilities		(1.627,998)	(1,476,943)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12	(1.627.999)	1 (1.476,944)
Shareholder's funds		(1,627,998)	(1,476,943)

For the year ending 30 June 2023 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies. Directors' responsibilities:

- the members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements of Amsair Aircraft Limited, registered number 05845142, were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 November 2023. They were signed on its behalf by:

Director

Statement of changes in equity At 30 June 2023

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Shareholders funds'
	£	£	£
As at 30 June 2021	1	(1,491,897)	(1,491,896)
Profit for the financial year	-	14,953	14,953
As at 30 June 2022	1	(1,476,944)	(1,476,943)
Loss for the financial year		(151,055)	(151,055)
As at 30 June 2023	1	(1,627,999)	(1,627,998)

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

1. Accounting policies

The particular accounting policies adopted by the directors are described below and have been applied consistently in the current and preceding years.

General information and basis of accounting

Amsair Aircraft Limited is a company incorporated in the United Kingdom with its registered office at Amshold House, Goldings Hill, Loughton, Essex, IG10 2RW.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency of the Company is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Going concern

The Company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and financial position are set out in the director's report. This describes the financial position of the Company; its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities; and its exposure to credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company's forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the Company should be able to operate within the level of its current facility.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, less provision for impairment.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is not charged on assets in the course of construction. A full month's charge is made in the month of acquisition and none in the month of disposal. The annual depreciation rates and methods are as follows:

Aircraft - straight-line basis over 20 years

Foreign exchange

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated at the rates ruling at that date. These translation differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

1. Accounting policies (continued)

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Cash flows

As the Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary, the cash flows of the Company are included in the consolidated accounts of Amshold Limited which are publicly available (note 13). Consequently the Company is exempt under the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 1 (Revised) – "Cash Flow Statements", from publishing a separate cash flow statement.

2. Turnover

Turnover comprises chartering income receivable by the Company, wholly arising in the United Kingdom and is recognised when the associated services are delivered.

3. Staff costs

The Company had no employees in either the current or prior year. The directors received no emoluments during the current or prior year.

4. Operating profit/loss

Profit/Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

		2023 £	2022 £
	Depreciation on owned assets	528,307	528,307
5.	Finance income		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Interest received and similar income	64	10
	Profit on exchange	196	
		260	10

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

6. Finance costs

0.	r mance costs		
		2023 £	2022 £
	Loss on exchange Interest payable and similar charges	26	1,877 -
		26	1,877
7.	Tax charge on loss on ordinary activities		
	(i) Analysis of tax credit/(charge) on ordinary activities		
		2023 £	2022 £
	UK corporation tax credit at 20.5% (2022: 19%) Group relief	<u> </u>	647,552
	Total current tax credit	-	647,552
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	11,689	(4,985)
	Deferred tax credit/(charge)	11,689	(4,985)
	Total tax credit on ordinary activities	11,689	642,567
	(ii) Factors affecting the tax credit for the current year		

The tax assessed for the year is lower than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK: 20.5% (2022: 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2023 £	2022 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(162,744)	(627,614)
Tax credit at 20.5% (2022: 19%)	33,356	119,247
Factors affecting charge: Group relief Effect of changes in tax rates	(23,773) 2,106	524,517 (1,197)
Total credit	11,689	642,567

Finance Act 2021 which was Substantively Enacted on 24 May 2021 included provisions to increase the rate further to 25% effective from 1 April 2023. In valuing the deferred tax balances at the year-end a rate of 25% have been used based on the expected periods of reversals.

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

8. Tangible fixed assets

Aircraft £			
15,789,474		Cost At 30 June 2022	
13,769,474		Additions	
15,789,474		At 30 June 2023	
		Depreciation	
9,713,943		At 30 June 2022	
528,307		Charge for the period	
10,242,250		At 30 June 2023	
		Net book value	
5,547,224		At 30 June 2023	
6,075,531		At 30 June 2022	
		Debtors	9.
2022	2023		
£	£		
		Amounts falling due within one year:	
147,664	114,800	Trade debtors	
305,237	373,441	Prepayments and accrued income	
	3,150	Other taxation	
452,901	491,391		
		Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10.
2022	2023	Creditors, uniounits mining are within one year	10.
2022 £	£		
288,816	246,922	Trade creditors	
7,480,843	7,271,562	Amounts owed to other group companies	
94,225	23,337	Accruals and deferred income	
7,863,884	7,541,821		

Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 30 June 2023

11. Provisions for liabilities and charges

Analysis of deferred tax:

		2023 £	2022 £
	At 1 October	152,931	147,946
	Capital allowances in excess of/(less than) depreciation	(11,689)	4,985
	At 30 June	141,242	152,931
12	Called up share capital		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Authorised, called up, allotted and fully paid:		
	Ordinary share of £1	1	1

13. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

At 30 June 2023, the Company was indirectly wholly-owned by Lord Sugar.

The immediate parent company is Amsprop Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent company is Amshold Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group which includes the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared. For the year ended 30 June 2023, copies of the group financial statements of Amshold Limited are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ.