Caring 4 Croydon Limited

Directors' Report and Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2012



LD5 03/12/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE

¥2

Contents

Company Information	ı
Directors' Report	2
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	3
Independent Auditor's Report	4
Profit and Loss Account	5
Balance Sheet	6
Notes to the Financial Statements	7

Caring 4 Croydon Limited Company Information

Directors

P S I hompson E F Range A T S Parry

Company secretary

G J Pope

Registered office

Tavistock House Tavistock Square London WC1H 9LG

Solicitors

Clyde & Co LLP The St Botolph Building

138 Hounsditch London EC3A 7AR

Bankers

Allied Irish Banks P L C

9/10 Angel Court London EC2R 7AB

Auditor

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

St Albans United Kingdom

Directors' Report

for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

Results and dividends

The results for the year and preceding period are set out in the profit and loss account on page 5

The company paid dividends amounting to £180 000 for the year ended 31 March 2012 (2011 £nil)

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year and up until the date of this report were as follows

E F Range

M A Swindall (resigned 11 August 2011)

A Andreou (resigned 31 July 2012)

A Γ S Parry (appointed 11 August 2011)

P S Thompson (appointed 31 July 2012)

Principal activity

The company is engaged under a 32 year contract signed 8 December 2006 with London Borough of Croydon Geoffrey Osborne Limited and Eldon Housing Association Limited for the provision of design construction refurbishment of existing buildings and management services including related financing arrangements for serviced accommodation for three elderly care homes and a home to provide sheltered housing in the Croydon area, together with associated development and facilities for the provision of maintenance and operation of the same. The first two facilities in the programme opened in 2008 and the remaining two facilities opened on 8 June 2010.

Basis of preparation - Going concern

The directors are of the opinion that the company is a going concern and will continue to be so for the foreseeable luture

The company's performance is in line with the current operating period financial model. The company's business case is supported by a financial model and there is committed bank funding for the term of the business case. The directors consider that the committed funding available to the company is sufficient to meet the company's contracted obligations.

Disclosure of information to the auditor

Each director has taken steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make him/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information. Each director confirms that as far as he/she is aware there is no relevant information which the auditor is unaware of

Reappointment of auditor

The company's auditor Deloitte LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and shall be deemed to be reappointed in accordance with an elective resolution made under section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 which continues in force under the Companies Act 2006

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006

Approved by the Board on 27 November 2012 and signed on its behalf by

P'S Thompson Director

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Smaller Entities (April 2008). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of

Caring 4 Croydon Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Caring 4 Croydon Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account the Balance Sheet and related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities)

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work for this report or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (set out on page 3) the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board is Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- · give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to smaller entities and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns or
- · certain disclosures of directors remuneration specified by law are not made or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage
 of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report

Robert Knight FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

St Albans

United Kingdom

28 November 2012

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Turnover		3,238,803	2 809 553
Cost of sales		(1,155,276)	(941 704)
Gross profit		2.083,527	1 867 849
Administrative expenses		(276,407)	(239 005)
Operating profit		1,807,120	1 628,844
Interest receivable and similar income	3	7,966	5 132
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(1,664,933)	(1 569 482)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	150,153	64 494
lax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(25,389)	(12 134)
Profit for the financial year	11	124,764	52 360

Turnover and operating profit derive wholly from continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the year other than the results above

Balance Sheet at 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Current assets			
Debtors Amounts falling due in less than one year	6	154,069	167 900
Debtors Amounts falling due in more than one year	6	25,388,998	25 931 833
Cash at bank and in hand		802,788	1 108 218
		26,345,855	27 207 951
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,089,176)	(1 196 871)
Total assets less current liabilities		25,256,679	26 011 080
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(25,119,464)	(25 818 629)
Net assets		137,215	192 451
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	10,000	10 000
Profit and loss account	11	127,215	182 451
Shareholders' funds		137,215	192 451

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the Γinancial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective 2008)

The financial statements of Caring 4 Croydon Limited, registration number 05773905 were approved by the Board on 27 November 2012 and signed on its behalf by

P S Thompson Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

I Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the l'inancial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008). The particular accounting policies have been consistently applied in the current and preceding years and are described below.

The accounts do not include a cash flow statement because the company as a small reporting entity is exempt from the requirements to prepare such a statement

Going concern

The directors are of the opinion that the company is a going concern and will continue to be so for the foreseeable future

The company's performance is in line with the current operating period financial model. The company's business case is supported by a financial model and there is committed bank funding for the term of the business case. The directors consider that the committed funding available to the company is sufficient to meet the company's contracted obligations.

Turnover

lurnover is derived from the provision of equipment and maintenance services and the provision of the availability of medical facilities. I urnover represents the invoiced value of services supplied net of Value Added Tax. All activities derive from the principal activity of the company and are wholly within the UK.

Financial asset - Finance Debtor

All directly attributable costs incurred in the construction of the serviced accommodation are transferred directly to a contract debtor. These costs include directly attributable construction and other costs incurred including capitalised finance costs which are directly attributable to the construction of the asset. Finance costs are capitalised on a gross basis before the deduction of any tax relief

Once the construction is completed and the asset is certified as available for use the contract will enter the operational phase. During the operational phase the amounts recievable are treated as long term contract debtor with a constant proportion of the planned net revenue arising from the project being allocated to remunerate the contract debtor. Imputed interest recievable is allocated to the contract debtor using a property specific rate to generate a constant rate of return over the life of the contract. Over the course of the contract term the contract debtor is expected to be fully repaid.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing bank loans are recorded at the proceeds received net of direct issue costs

Finance charges including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs are accounted for on an accrual basis in the profit and loss account using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise

Current taxation

Current tax including UK corporation tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) by using tax rates and laws enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is considered more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Financial instruments

In accordance with applicable accounting standards issue costs incurred directly in connection with the issue of a capital instrument which would not have been incurred had the specific instrument in question not been issued are deducted from the proceeds of the issue. The finance costs the difference between the net proceeds of an instrument and the total amounts of the payments which the company is required to make are allocated to the profit and loss account over the term of the debt at a constant rate of return on the carrying amount

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

2	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging		
	From on ordinary activities octore taxanon is stated after charging	2012	2011
		£	£
	Services provided by the company's auditors		
	- fees payable in respect of the audit of the annual accounts	6,300	6 770
	- fees payable in respect of other services - tax compliance	2,000	3 000
	The company had no employees during the year (2011 Nil) No remuneration was paid to the director company by the company or any other Group company in the year (2011 nil)	ectors in respect of the	ir services to the
3	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Bank interest receivable	7,966	5 132
4	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Interest on bank borrowings	1,664,933	1 569 482
5	Taxation		
3			
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4014	2011
		2012 £	2011 £
	Current tax		
	Corporation tax charge	32,661	13 543
	Adjustments in respect of previous years	-	(12 320)
	Consortium relief - prior year adjustment	(5,367)	10 911
	UK Corporation tax	27,294	12 134
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,905)	<u>-</u>
	Total tax on profit on ordinary activities	25,389	12 134
	Factors affecting current tax charge for the year		
		a of acrossos to u	the HIV of 1604
	Lax on profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2011 - lower than) the standard rat (2011 - 28%)	e or corporation tax ii	THE OK OF 2076
	The differences are reconciled below		
	the differences are reconciled below	2012	2011
		2012 £	2011 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	150,153 ,	64 494
	·		
	Corporation tax at standard rate	39,040	18 058
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	2,476	-
	Adjustment in respect of prior years	(5,367)	(1 409)
	Marginal relief	(8,855)	(4 515)
	I otal current tax	27,294	12 134

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

5 Taxation (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Following the enactment of the Γinance Act 2011 in July 2011 the UK corporation tax rate was reduced from 28% to 26% with effect from 1 April 2011. In the 2012 budget it was announced that there will be a reduction in the rate of corporation tax from 26% to 24% with effect from 1 April 2012 with further annual reductions of 1% each year culminating in a rate of 22% on 1 April 2014.

6 Debtors

	2012 £	2011 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
I rade debtors	20,780	101 086
Deferred tax	1,905	-
Other debtors	-	180
Prepayments and accrued income	131,384	66 634
	154,069	167 900
	2012 £	2011 £
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Contract debtors	25,388,998	25 931 833
	25,388,998	25 931 833
Deferred tax The movement in the deferred tax asset in the year is as follows		
·		£
At 1 April 2011		-
Deferred tax credited to the profit and loss account		1 905
At 31 March 2012		1 905
Analysis of deferred tax		
	2012 £	2011 £
Difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capital allowances	1,905	-
	1,905	-
Creditors Amounts falling due within one year		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Bank borrowings	630,387	574 826
Less issue costs	(11,287)	(11 287)
	619,100	563 539
Trade creditors	25,992	117 121
Accruals and deferred income	273,336	369 519
Corporation tax payable	32,661	13 544
Group relief payable	17,966	11 974
Other creditors including taxation and social security	120,121	121 174
	1,089,176	1 196 871

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

8 Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one year

Bank borrowings Less issue costs	22,690,616 (285,922)	23 321 812 (297 208)
Net bank borrowings	22,404,694	23 024.604
Amounts due to related parties	2,714,770	2 794 025
	25,119,464	25 818 629

Bank borrowings relate to term loan facilities granted by Allied Irish Banks PLC. The loan facility comprises a senior facility of £30 296 574 (2011 £30 296 574) During the year £575 635(2011 £5 533 305) of the senior loan facility has been repaid. The company has an additional standby facility of £1 000 000 which has not been drawn down as at 31 March 2012 (2011 £nil).

The senior loan facility is repayable based on a detailed schedule commencing in 2010. Interest is charged on amounts drawn under the facilities based on floating LIBOR. The company has entered into interest hedging agreements to be applied to the expected future borrowings under the facilities. These are swap agreements that fix the interest rate at 4.685% plus applicable margins per annum to 31 January 2037 in respect of 100% of the facilities.

The facilities are secured by a fixed charge over all leasehold interests book debts investments un-subscribed loan notes and goodwill intellectual property and plant and machinery of the company and its parent undertaking and by a floating charge over the undertaking and assets of the company and its parent undertaking and by an assignment of all insurances all bank accounts certain contracts and all freehold and leasehold property (except that secured by a charge) of the company and its parent undertaking

During the previous year Caring 4 Croydon Holdings Limited subscribed for £2 595 025 of 12 63% and £199 000 of 7 26% coupon unsecured loan notes on 10 June 2010 issued by the company During the year the company repaid £79 255 (2011 £nil) Caring 4 Croydon Holdings Limited has in turn received corresponding commitments from its shareholders in proportion to their shareholdings

	2012	2011
Maturity of debt	£	£
Less than one year	619,100	563 539
Between one and two years	513,973	396 897
Between two and five years	1,926,126	1 667 375
In more than five years	22,679,365	23 754 357
	25,738,564	26 382 168

The Bank borrowings relate to loan facilities granted to the company interest is charged on amounts drawn under the facilities based on floating LIBOR. The company has entered into interest hedging agreements to be applied to the expected future borrowings under the facilities.

	Bank	Rate		End repayment		Fair value (£)
	Allied Irish Banks PLC	4 685% plus ma	ırgıns	January 2037		2 140 952
9	Share capital					
	Allotted, called up and fully paid share	res				
			20	12	20	11
			No	£	No	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each		10,000	10,000	10 000	10 000
10	Dividends					
					2012	2011
					£	£
	Dividends paid					
	Current year interim dividend paid (£18	per share)			180,000	-

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

11 Reserves

	Profit and loss account £
Ат 1 Аргы 2011	182 451
Profit for the year Interim dividend paid	124 764 (180 000)
At 31 March 2012	127 215

12 Related party transactions

During the year the company made the following related party transactions

UME Group LLP

(Intermediate parent company)

Administrative services were provided by companies related to UME Group LLP at a cost of £65 000 (2011 £65 000) during the year to 31 March 2012. At the balance sheet date the amount due to UME Group LLP was £mil (2011 £mil)

Geoffrey Osborne Limited

(a shareholder of the parent company until 11 August 2011)

Construction services were provided by companies related to Geoffrey Osborne Limited in the year to 31 March 2011 at a cost of £209 306. At the balance sheet date the amount due to Geoffrey Osborne Limited was £nil (2011 £73 436)

Eldon Housing Association Limited

(a shareholder of the parent company)

Facility management fees of £1 188 475 (2011 £943 036) were charged by Eldon Housing Association Limited a shareholder of the company during the year to 31 March 2012. At the balance sheet date the amount due from/(to) Eldon Housing Association Limited was £39 102 (2011 (£55 367))

13 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The immediate parent company of Caring 4 Croydon Limited is Caring 4 Croydon Holdings Limited a company incorporated in England and Wales The share capital of Caring 4 Croydon Holdings Limited is held by UME PTI Investments Limited (50%) Infrastructure Intermediaries No 1 Limited (25%) and Eldon Housing Association Limited (25%) companies registered in England and Wales

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is headed by UME Group LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership incorporated in England and Wales Copies of UME Group LLP financial statements are available from Companies House Crown Way Cardiff CF14 3UZ

The company's ultimate parent company and controlling entity is United Medical Enterprises Group Limited BC 343764 a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. This company is the largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated.