Registration number: 05756295

A & R Accountancy Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Period from 1 October 2014 to 31 March 2015

Fox Jennings Cullen
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A & R Accountancy Limited (Registration number: 05756295) Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2015

	Note	31 March 2015 £	30 September 2014 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible fixed assets		-	75,616
Tangible fixed assets		6,610	7,566
		6,610	83,182
Current assets			
Stocks		7,340	10,804
Debtors		68,086	59,706
Cash at bank and in hand		39,403	13,093
		114,829	83,603
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(88,939)	(103,983)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		25,890	(20,380)
Total assets less current liabilities		32,500	62,802
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		-	(2,590)
Provisions for liabilities		(891)	(1,039)
Net assets		31,609	59,173
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>3</u>	2,000	2,000
Profit and loss account	_	29,609	57,173
Shareholders' funds		31,609	59,173

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{5}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

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A & R Accountancy Limited (Registration number: 05756295)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2015

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For the year ending 31 March 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 31 March 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr R N Bleasby

Director

The notes on pages $\underline{3}$ to $\underline{5}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

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Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Period from 1 October 2014 to 31 March 2015

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1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Goodwill

Positive goodwill is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its useful economic life. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill acquired in 2006 10 years straight line Goodwill acquired in 2011 5 years straight line

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class Depreciation method and rate
Fixtures and fittings 15% and 25% on reducing balance

Office equipment 33% on cost

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

A & R Accountancy Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Period from 1 October 2014 to 31 March 2015

..... continued

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term. Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	Intangible assets £	Tangible assets	Total £
Cost			
At 1 October 2014	285,503	31,055	316,558
At 31 March 2015	285,503	31,055	316,558
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2014	209,887	23,489	233,376
Charge for the period	75,616	956	76,572
At 31 March 2015	285,503	24,445	309,948
Net book value			
At 31 March 2015		6,610	6,610
At 30 September 2014	75,616	7,566	83,182

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Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Period from 1 October 2014 to 31 March 2015

..... continued

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	31 March 2015	30	30 September 2014	
	No.	£	No.	£
A Ordinary of £0.01 each	199,700	1,997	199,700	1,997
B Ordinary of £0.01 each	100	1	100	1
C Ordinary non-voting of £0.25 each	4	1	4	1
D Ordinary non-voting of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	199,805	2,000	199,805	2,000

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