Report and Financial Statements

31 March 2019

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Report and accounts

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Company Information

Directors

L I Catterick

S S Pereira

A P Swales

C B Trebilcock

Non-executive Directors

M Christophers (Chairman) M Goodale (Non Executive) A J Macfie (Non Executive)

Secretary

L Voss

Auditors

Mazars LLP Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way London E1W 1DD

Registered office

7th Floor 20 Gresham Street London EC2V 7JE

Registered number

05754821

Strategic Report

The Directors present their strategic report on the Company's business for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Review of the Business

The Company provides investment administration services to trustees of pension schemes and continues to act as a service company for the Mobius Life group of companies, of which Mobius Life Limited is the principal operating entity. Mobius Life Limited is an institutional pension platform business, operating through a regulated life insurance company structure.

The Company's revenue is generated by the recharge of costs incurred by the Company on behalf of other group companies and fees earned for undertaking administration activities.

The Directors continue to develop the administration business.

Business performance

The Company earned revenue providing administration services which resulted in it making a profit in the current year. The Directors are satisfied with the performance of the Company and are encouraged by the opportunities open to it.

Results

The profit after tax for the financial year amounted to £108,987 (2018: £111,230).

Mobius Life Group Limited, the parent of the Company, intends to support the Company financially for the next 12 months, allowing the Company to be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due, and continue in operation without any intention or necessity to liquidate or otherwise wind up its operations.

Products and services

The Company provides investment administration services to trustees of pension schemes and insurance companies. Services include creation of white-labelled funds, trigger monitoring and reporting.

Strategy

The Company continues to promote its investment administration services to trustees of pension schemes and insurance companies and hopes to grow this business into the future.

Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs")

The Board monitors progress of the Company by reference to the following KPIs:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Profit/(loss) before tax	138,667	139,624

The Company made a profit in the current year in line with the previous. The Company is expected to make profits in future.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The primary economic risks to the business are considered by management to be the impact of a severe and prolonged market downturn, the failure to control expenses, reliance on a limited number of clients and operational risk.

This report was approved by the Board on 1 August 2019 and signed on its behalf by

A P Swales

Director

1 August 2019

Registered number: 05754821

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Directors

The following persons served as directors during the year:

Directors

L I Catterick

S S Pereira

A P Swales

C B Trebilcock

Non-Executive Directors

M Christophers (Chairman)

M Goodale (Non Executive)

A J Macfie (Non Executive)

Dividends

No dividends were approved or paid during the financial year (2018: Nil).

Going concern

After reviewing the Company's forecasts and projections, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Mobius Life Group Limited, the parent of the Company, intends to support the Company financially for the next 12 months, allowing the Company to be able to pay its debts as they fall due, and continue in operation without any intention or necessity to liquidate or otherwise wind up its operations.

The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

Events after the balance sheet date

There were no events after the balance sheet date that require disclosure.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws), including FRS 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume the company will continue in business.

Registered number: 05754821

Directors' Report

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' qualifying third party and pension scheme indemnity provisions

The Company is party to a group wide indemnity policy which benefits its current directors and is a Qualifying Third Party Indemnity provision for the purpose of the Companies Act 2006.

The indemnity was in force during the year and at the date of signing.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each person who was a Director at the time this report was approved confirms that:

- so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Independent auditor

A. P. Sundes

In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the Company is no longer required to hold annual general meetings, Subject to the receipt of any objections as provided under statute or the Company's Articles of Association, the Company is relying on the provisions for the deemed reappointment of Mazars LLP as auditors as provided in section 487 of the Companies Act 2006 and Mazars LLP have indicated their willingness to continue as auditors of the Company.

This report was approved by the board on 1 August 2019 and signed on its behalf by

A P Swales

Director

1 August 2019

Independent auditor's report to the member of Mobius Life Administration Services Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mobius Life Administration Services Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material
 uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt
 the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date
 when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent auditor's report to the member of Mobius Life Administration Services Limited

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent auditor's report to the member of Mobius Life Administration Services Limited

Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Lionel Cazali (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

Tower Bridge House St Katharine's Way

London

E1W 1DD

2 August 2019

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Notes	2019	2018
		£	£
Turnover	4	5,487,805	5,031,066
Administrative expenses		(5,349,137)	(4,891,442)
Operating profit/(loss)	5	138,667	139,624
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		138,667	139,624
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	(29,680)	(28,394)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		108,987	111,230
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	r	108,987	111,230

All of the above amounts are in respect of continuing operations.

The notes on pages 14 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2019

Company number: 05754821

	Notes		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets			-		-
Intangible assets	9		424,178		404,164
Tangible assets	10		22,051		33,911
•		- -	446,229	•	438,075
Current assets					
Debtors	11	3,262,117		1,796,246	
Cash at bank and in hand		86,688			
		3,348,805		1,796,246	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(3,753,169)		(2,301,443)	
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Net current liabilities			(404,364)		(505,197)
Total assets less current		•		-	
liabilities			41,865		(67,122)
Net liabilities		-	41,865	-	(67,122)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		1,000,001		1,000,001
Profit and loss account	15		(958,136)		(1,067,123)
				<u>-</u>	
Total equity		-	41,865	-	(67,122)

A. P. Surdes

A P Swales

Director

Approved by the Board on 1 August 2019 and signed on 1 August 2019

The notes on pages 14 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2019

		Called-up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	Note	£	£	£
At 1 April 2017		1,000,001	(1,178,353)	(178,352)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	ar	-	111,230	111,230
At 31 March 2018		1,000,001	(1,067,123)	(67,122)
At 1 April 2018		1,000,001	(1,067,123)	(67,122)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	ar		108,987	108,987
At 31 March 2019		1,000,001	(958,136)	41,865

The notes on pages 14 to 21 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2019

1. General information

Mobius Life Administration Services Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of the company's principal place of business and registered office is 7th Floor, 20 Gresham Street, London, EC2V 7JE.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102'), and with the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the modification to a fair value basis for certain financial instruments as specified in the accounting policies below.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors consider appropriate due to the continued financial support of a parent company, Mobius Life Group Limited. The Directors have received confirmation that Mobius Life Group Limited intends to support the company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

Reduced disclosures

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS102 because it is a member of the Mobius Life Holdings Limited group of companies. Mobius Life Holdings Limited prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss. Mobius Life Administration Services Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary and is included in this consolidation.

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption under FRS102 section 1.12 from publishing its own statement of cash flows and also from disclosing related party transactions (see Note 17).

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Company does not consider that there is a significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amounts of its own assets and liabilities within the next financial year. No significant judgements have been required to arrive at the values reported in the financial statements as these are from external or objective sources.

There are no sources of estimation uncertainty which require disclosure of the key assumptions concerning the future.

3. Principal accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes.

Turnover represents revenue earned from the rendering of services to other entities in the Mobius Life group of companies and from administration services provided to clients.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2019

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Software development costs are recognised as an intangible asset when all of the following criteria are demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the software so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the software and use or sell it;
- the ability to use the software or to sell it;
- how the software will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the software during its development.

Amortisation is charged so as to allocate the cost of intangibles less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight line method. The intangible assets are amortised over the following useful economic life:

- software development costs

1-3 years

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate or residual value of an asset, the amortisation of that asset is revised prospectively to reflect the new expectations.

Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer hardware 3 - 5 years

Communications equipment 4 years or, if shorter, life of property lease

Furniture 7 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price).

Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2019

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date, except as otherwise noted, between the recognition of total comprehensive income in the financial statements and its inclusion in tax assessments. Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are presented within the provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors.

Provisions

Provisions (i.e. liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

4. Analysis of turnover

	2019 £	2018 £
Services rendered to group companies Administration of pension scheme investment instructions	5,072,319 415,486	4,635,481 395,585
	5,487,805	5,031,066
By geographic market	2019 £	. 2018 £
UK Europe	5,072,319 415,486_	4,635,481 395,585
	5,487,805	5,031,066

The main business of the company is the administration of investment instructions for pension schemes and the provision of services to companies in the Mobius Life Group.

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019

5. Operating profit

	2019	2018
	£	£
This is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	17,420	13,246
Amortisation of intangibles	232,408	135,995
Auditors' remuneration for audit services		

Audit costs for the Company are borne by Mobius Life Limited, a fellow subsidiary. In previous years a portion of the audit fee was specifically apportioned to the Company.

6. Directors' emoluments

	2019	2018
	£	£
Emoluments	32,432	37,527
Contributions to money purchase pension schemes	586	2,348
	33,018	38,770

The executive directors are employed and paid by the Company with the costs being recharged to fellow group companies based on an allocation of time spent on matters affecting each. The emoluments above are residual amounts attributable to the Company.

During the year 2 directors (2018: 3) participated in money purchase pension schemes.

The remuneration in respect of the highest paid director was:

	2019 £	2018 £
Emoluments	12,679	18,585
Contributions to money purchase pension schemes	.	130
	12,679	18,715

7. Staff costs

	2019	2018
	£	£
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	3,060,155	2,886,259
Social security costs	415,761	340,430
Other pension costs	196,969	160,244
	3,672,885	3,386,933

The company operates a defined contribution group pension scheme for employees and directors. The assets of the scheme are invested on the instructions of each employee into collective investment schemes operated by independent asset managers.

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2019

	Average number of employees during the year	2019 Number	2018 Number
	Administration	34	29
	Marketing	-	1
	Sales	3	3
		37	33
8.	Taxation		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Analysis of charge in period		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on results for the period	10,369	25,400
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(25,400)	(98)
		(15,030)	25,302
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	23,215	7,792
	Adjustments in respect of prior periods	21,495	(4,700)
	Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	29,680	28,394

Factors affecting tax charge for period

The differences between the tax assessed for the period and the standard rate of corporation tax are explained as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Profit/(loss) on activities before taxation	138,667	139,624
Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	19%	19%
		£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax	26,347	26,529
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Effect of change in tax rates Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous period	10,292 - (6,959)	6,663 (4,798)
Total tax charge for period	29,680	28,394

Future tax charges will be affected by changes to tax rates which were announced in the Summer Budget 2015. The UK corporation tax rate reduced to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017). At Budget 2016, the government announced a further reduction to the Corporation Tax main rate to 17% (effective 1 April 2020).

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2019

9. Intangible fixed assets

	Computer software £
Cost	
At 1 April 2018	887,837
Additions	252,422
At 31 March 2019	1,140,259
Amortisation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year At 31 March 2019	(483,673) (232,408) (716,081)
Carrying amount At 31 March 2019	424,178
At 31 March 2018	404,164

Computer software is being written off over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

10. Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture	Comms Equipment	Computer hardware	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 April 2018	22,189	24,761	135,008	181,958
Additions	530_	1,464	3,566	5,560
At 31 March 2019	22,720	26,225	138,574	187,518
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2018	(17,206)	(21,882)	(108,959)	(148,047)
Charge for the year	(2,351)	(1,550)	(13,519)	<u>(17,420)</u>
At 31 March 2019	(19,557)	(23,432)	(122,478)	(165,467)_
Carrying amount				
At 31 March 2019	3,163	2,792	16,096	22,051
At 31 March 2018	4,983	2,879	26,049	33,911

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019

11. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	34,458	6,905
Amounts owed by group undertakings	2,979,398	1,593,954
Deferred tax asset (see note 13)	4	44,714
Other debtors	37,076	16,252
Prepayments and accrued income	211,181	134,421
	3,262,117_	1,796,246

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	5,398
Trade creditors	78,726	44,012
Amounts owed to group undertakings	3,108,590	1,432,363
Corporation tax	10,369	25,400
Other taxes and social security costs	114,230	102,287
Other creditors	71,404	131,438
Accruals and deferred income	369,850_	560,545
	3,753,169	2,301,443

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

13. Deferred taxation asset

	2019 £	2018 £
Timing differences on capital allowances	4	44,714
	. 2019 £	2018 £
At 1 April Credited to the profit and loss account 31 March	44,714 (44.710) 4	47,806 (3,092) 44,714

The deferred tax asset arises due to timing differences between amortisation of intangible assets, depreciation of tangible fixed assets and the availability of the related capital allowances. These differences will reverse as the capital allowances are credited each year to the income statement.

Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2019

14. Share capital

	Nominal	2019	2019	2018
	value	Number	£	3
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
Ordinary shares	£1 each	1,000,001	1,000,001	1,000,001

The Company has one class of ordinary shares; each carries one voting right per share but no right to fixed income.

15. Profit and loss account

	2019 £	2018 £
At 1 April Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(1,067,123) 108,987	(1,178,353) 111,230
At 31 March	(958,136)	(1,067,123)

16. Events after the reporting date

During the year, the Mobius Life Holdings Board entered into discussions with Phoenix Equity Partners, who expressed interest in acquiring the existing shares of Mobius Life Holdings. A share purchase agreement was signed on 2 April 2019 and, subject to regulatory approval, this will result in a change of control for the Mobius Group..

17. Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption permitted by Section 33 Related Party Disclosure, not to disclose transactions with wholly owned members of the Mobius Life Group.

As set out in notes 6 and 7 above, directors' emoluments and staff costs are paid by the Company and recharged to fellow group companies.

Certain overheads such as property rent and rates are paid by the Company and recharged to fellow group companies.

Amounts receivable from and owed to other group companies are disclosed in notes 11 and 12.

18. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent company is Mobius Life Group Limited, which is registered in England and Wales. The Company's ultimate controlling party is the Trustees of the Souter 2011 Family Trust.

The smallest and largest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared, and of which the Company is a member, is Mobius Life Holdings Limited, which is registered in England and Wales.

The address from which copies of the group financial statements may be obtained is 7th Floor, 20 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7JE.