Company Registration No. 05741374 (England and Wales)	
MBC SOLICITORS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2020

		2020	2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	3		148,000		160,000	
Tangible assets	4		457,156		18,278	
			605,156		178,278	
Current assets						
Work in progress		161,712		187,796		
Debtors	5	1 82,016		207,849		
Cash at bank and in hand		170,275		71,060		
		514,003		466,705		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one		,				
year	6	(247,757)		(115,535)		
Net current assets			266,246		351,170	
Total assets less current liabilities			871,402		529,448	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(312,500)		-	
Provisions for liabilities			(3,378)		(3,472)	
Net assets			555,524		525,976	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		3		3	
Profit and loss reserves			555,521		525,973	
Total equity			555,524		525,976	

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2020

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 November 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12 April 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

K Morgan L Brown Director Director

Company Registration No. 05741374

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

On 11 March 2020, Covid-19 was designated a pandemic by the World Health Organisation (WHO). The directors continue to review the impact on the business, ensuring provisions are put in place to mitigate any risk to the company's ability to trade as a going concern. At the date of signing the financial statements, in the opinion of the directors, Covid-19 will not impact on the company's ability to trade as a going concern. Consequently, the company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Fee income represents revenue earned under a wide variety of contracts to provide professional services.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 20 years.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 25% reducing balance Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.6 Stocks

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.14 Company information

MBC Solicitors Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 10 Bexley Square, Salford, Manchester, M3 6BZ.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 16 (2019 - 16).

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill £
Cost	
At 1 December 2019 and 30 November 2020	240,000
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 December 2019	80,000
Amortisation charged for the year	12,000
At 30 November 2020	92,000
Carrying amount	
At 30 November 2020	148,000
At 30 November 2019	160,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020

4	Tangible fixed assets			
		Land and buildingsna	Plant and achinery etc	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost	~	-	_
	At 1 December 2019	-	66,869	66,869
	Additions	439,642	3,914	443,556
	At 30 November 2020	439,642	70,783	510,425
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 December 2019	-	48,591	48,591
	Depreciation charged in the year		4,678	4,678
	At 30 November 2020	-	53,269	53,269
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 November 2020	439,642	17,514	457,156
	At 30 November 2019		18,278	18,278
5	Debtors			
			2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors		96,272	111,052
	Other debtors		85,744 ———	96,797
			182,016	207,849
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		2020	2019
			2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		52,500	3,727
	Trade creditors		26,148	6,276
	Taxation and social security		156,330	99,108
	Other creditors		12,779 ———	6,424
			247,757	115,535

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2020

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
			2020	2019
		Notes	£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		312,500	

A 6 year repayment loan was taken out with The Royal Bank of Scotland plc during November 2020 for the sum of £315,000. Interest will be charged at 4.61% above Base Rate. This loan is secured against the two properties owned by the company; 10 Bexley Square, Salford and 12 Victoria Avenue, Blackley.

8 Called up share capital

	2020	2019
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
3 Ordinary shares of £1 each	3	3

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