TOMKINSON FARMS LIMITED
Company Registration No. 05737815 (England and Wales)
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

		202	2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	3		2,920,406		2,928,936	
Biological assets	4		724,483		864,007	
			3,644,889		3,792,943	
Current assets						
Stocks Debtors	5	118,426 203,752		140,874 195,600		
Debtors	J					
Creditores amounts felling due within one		322,178		336,474		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(1,159,820)		(1,346,476)		
Net current liabilities			(837,642)		(1,010,002)	
Total assets less current liabilities			2,807,247		2,782,941	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(510,426)		(799,979)	
Provisions for liabilities			(137,752)		(146,758)	
Net assets			2,159,069		1,836,204	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		1,000		1,000	
Profit and loss reserves			2,158,069		1,835,204	
Total equity			2,159,069		1,836,204	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 November 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr F Tomkinson **Director**

Company Registration No. 05737815

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Tomkinson Farms Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Coton End Farm, Gnosall, Stafford, Staffordshire, ST20 0EA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings Freehold 10% straight line basis on improvements

Plant and machinery 15 - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Biological assets

Biological assets are recognised only when three recognition criteria have been fulfilled:

- the entity has control over the asset as a result of past events;
- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the entity; and
- the fair value or cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

The company measures biological assets at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

In respect of agricultural produce harvested from a biological asset, this is measured at the point of harvest at either;

- · lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell; or
- fair value less costs to sell with any gain or loss arising on initial recognition of agricultural produce at fair value less costs to sell being included in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Dairy herd Not depreciated

Cattle Not depreciated

Poultry Not depreciated

Crops Not depreciated

The directors consider that the cost value of livestock and growing crops are not materially different to its residual value and therefore is not depreciated.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

111 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2020	2019
	Number	Number
Total	15	15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

3	Tangible fixed assets					
				Land and buildingsna	Plant and chinery etc	Total
				£	£	£
	Cost					
	At 1 April 2019			1,957,391	2,999,983	4,957,374
	Additions			4,505	178,596	183,101
	Disposals				(78,854)	(78,854)
	At 31 March 2020			1,961,896	3,099,725	5,061,621
	Depreciation and impairment					
	At 1 April 2019			31,634	1,989,534	2,021,168
	Depreciation charged in the year			2,837	258,957	261,794
	Eliminated in respect of disposals			-	(68,792)	(68,792)
	At 31 March 2020			34,471	2,179,699	2,214,170
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 March 2020			1,927,425	920,026	2,920,406
	At 31 March 2019			1,925,757	1,010,449	3,792,943
4	Biological assets	Dairy herd £	Cattle £	Poultry £	Crops £	Total £
	Cost	Z.	L	E.	2.	Z.
	At 1 April 2019	388,537	306,170	84,640	77,390	856,737
	Additions - procreation or planting	112,320	59,925	-	74,045	246,290
	Disposals	(102,034)	(114,480)	(84,640)	-	(301,154)
	Revaluation	-	72,955	-	_	72,955
	Harvest	-	-	-	(77,390)	(77,390)
	At 31 March 2020	398,823	324,570	-	74,045	797,438
	Depreciation and impairment	 -				
	At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020					
	Carrying amount					
	At 31 March 2020	398,823	324,570		74,045	797,438
	At 31 March 2019	388,537	304,531	93,549	77,390	864,007

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Debtors	2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	160,432	158,575
	Other debtors	43,320	37,025
		203,752	195,600
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
v	oreditors, amounts family due within one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	436,769	662,249
	Obligations under finance leases	110,384	123,357
	Trade creditors	218,391	116,250
	Corporation tax	101,832	15,342
	Other creditors	288,009	424,973
	Accruals and deferred income	4,435	4,305
		1,159,820	1,346,476
	Bank borrowings are secured by a charge over the land at Cash Lane.		
	Finance lease contracts are secured on the assets concerned.		
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	432,666	652,891
	Other creditors	77,760	147,088
		510,426 	799,979 ———
	Creditors which fall due after five years are as follows:	510,426 =	799,979 ————————————————————————————————

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Called up share capital	2020	2019
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
250 A ordinary shares of £1 each	250	250
250 B ordinary shares of £1 each	250	250
250 C ordinary shares of £1 each	250	250
250 D ordinary share of £1 each	250	250
	1,000	1,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.