Registered Company number: 05735093

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST

(a Company Limited by Guarantee)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2022

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THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Year ended 31 August 2022

Members

Founding Sponsor Lord Laidlaw of Rothiemay

> P C Fair OBE G A Robertson S V Kempe M J Waugh

Board of Directors and Trustees

S V Kempe, Chair of Trustees

P Snowdon (Resigned 31 August 2022)

L Conlon MBE P Sehgal JP P Solly

GEO Stanford (wef 01 October 2021 co-opted by Trust Board)

Senior Management Team

Chief Executive Officer and Accounting Officer

Chief Finance Officer **Executive Principal Primary**

Director of School Improvement (Secondary)

Chief Operating Officer

Executive Lead of Estates and Operations **Executive School Improvement Lead**

I W Simpson L J Doyle K Wood

D Davies (left 1 April 2022)

P Snowdon (left 31 October 2021) C Denley (wef 1 September 2021) M Foster (wef 1 January 2022)

Company Secretary

P Snowdon (left 22 November 2021) L J Doyle (wef 23 November 2021)

Company Registration Number

05735093 (England and Wales)

Registered Office

Laidlaw Schools Trust Suite 2, 3rd Floor St Nicholas Building St Nicholas Street Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 1RF

Academies operated

Atkinson Road Primary Academy (ARP)

Excelsior Academy (EXA)

Thomas Walling Primary Academy (TWP) Westgate Hill Primary Academy (WHP)

Academy 360 (A360)

South Hylton Primary Academy (SHP) South Hylton Primary Academy (SHP) Sedgefield Community College (SCC) Sedgefield Community College (SCC)

Location

Newcastle upon Tyne Newcastle upon Tyne Newcastle upon Tyne Newcastle upon Tyne Sunderland

R Donohue Sunderland Y Moore (left 31 December 2021) Sunderland C Mitchinson (wef 1 January 2022) County Durham G Robinson (left 31 August 2022) County Durham P Fleming (wef 1 May 2022)

Principals

L Macauley

J Andriot

K Wood

K Wood

The list of board of directors and trustees above, are those intended to be trustees and those individuals who acted as trustees during the period. However, those listed as members were directors for the reporting period, as reported at Companies House. This is to be rectified imminently. References to trustees/directors in the rest of the Annual Report and the financial statements refer to those individuals who acted as trustee/director in the year, not all those reported at Companies House.

COMPANY INFORMATION

Year ended 31 August 2022

Independent Auditor RSM UK Audit LLP

1 St James' Gate Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 4AD

Bankers Barclays Bank plc

446 Westgate Road Newcastle upon Tyne

NE4 9BN

Solicitors Eversheds LLP

70 Great Bridgewater Street

Manchester M1 5ES

TRUSTEES' REPORT

Year ended 31 August 2022

The Trustees of The Laidlaw Schools Trust (the Trust) present their Annual Report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 August 2022. The annual report serves the purposes of both a Trustees' report and a directors' report under company law.

As at 31 August 2022 the Trust operated seven Academies for pupils aged 2 to 18 across the North East of England. This consists of four Primaries, one Secondary and two all through Academies. The total pupil capacity across all the Academies is 6,194 with 5,325 on roll as at 31 August 2022.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Constitution

The Trust is a company limited by guarantee with no share capital (registration no. 05735093) and an exempt charity. The Trust's Memorandum and Articles of Association are the primary governing documents of the Trust. Four Members of the Trust are nominated by Lord Laidlaw, the main sponsor of the Trust and additional Member appointments are made by the Members. The Articles of Association require the Trust to appoint at least three Trustees to be responsible for the statutory and constitutional affairs of the Trust and the management of the Trust. The Articles of Association were last amended on 21 December 2017.

The Trust is known as The Laidlaw Schools Trust and is Sponsored by Laidlaw Foundation.

Members' liability

Each member of the Trust undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Trust in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £1, for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

Trustees' indemnities

Companies Act 2006 s236 requires disclosure concerning qualifying third-party indemnity provisions. As required in the Trust's Articles of Association indemnity insurance has been taken out to cover the liability of Trustees which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of trust or breach of duty of which they may be guilty in relation to the Trust. Provided that any such insurance shall not extend to any claim arising from any act or omission which the Trustees knew to be a breach of trust or breach of duty or which was committed by the Trustees in reckless disregard of whether it was a breach of trust or breach of duty or not and provided also that any such insurance shall not extend to the costs of any unsuccessful defence to a criminal prosecution brought against the Trustees in their capacity as Trustees.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of Trustees

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the Members may appoint by ordinary resolution up to 10 Trustees.

Trustees are subject to retirement by rotation but are eligible for re-election at the meeting at which they retire. Trustees retire after four years in office.

Trustees

The Trustees are Directors of the Trust for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006 and Trustees for the purposes of charity legislation.

The Trustees who were in office at 31 August 2022 and served throughout the year, except where shown, are listed on the next page.

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of Trustees

During the year under review, the Trustees held five formal meetings. The training and induction provided for new Trustees will depend on their existing experience. Where necessary, training will be provided on charity and educational legal and financial matters. All new Trustees will be given a tour of the Academies and the opportunity to meet with staff and students. All Trustees are provided with copies of policies, procedures, minutes, accounts, budgets, plans and other documents that they will need to undertake their role as Trustees.

In addition to the Trust Board five formal meetings, the Operations Committee also met on five occasions where financial matters were reviewed and discussed at each meeting.

Year ended 31 August 2022

Organisational Structure

Laidlaw Schools Trust Members

Lord Laidlaw of Rothiemay
P C Fair OBE
G Robertson
S V Kempe
M J Waugh

Board of Trustees and Directors as at 31 August 2022

S V Kempe, Chair of Trustees
L Conlon MBE
P Sehgal JP
P Snowdon (Resigned 31 August 2022)
P Solly
G E O Stanford (wef 01 October 2021)
P West

Operations Committee

P Snowdon, Chair (Resigned 31 August 2022) P Sehgal JP (Retired as Chair prior year) P Solly S McCready

Audit Committee

P Sehgal JP, Chair P Snowdon (Resigned 31 August 2022) P Solly

Remuneration Committee

L Conlon MBE, Chair S V Kempe P Sehgal JP C Jobe

Standards Committee

P West, Chair S V Kempe G E O Stanford (wef 01 October 2021)

Year ended 31 August 2022

Liaison Committee

P Solly, Chair P Snowdon (Resigned 31 August 2022)

Estates Committee

P Snowdon, Chair (Resigned 31 August 2022) S V Kempe P Solly C Jobe

The Trust has a central team to support its Academies Finance, Human Resources, School Improvement, Health and Safety, Procurement, Public Relations, Data Management and Governance support. The central team also supports the work of the CEO and Accounting Officer. Senior management team also regularly reports directly to Committees of the Board. The Sponsor funds a large proportion of central staff salaries, including that of the CEO. Trust Academies fund the remainder, through a top-slice of 2.5%.

The Board of Trustees is responsible for setting general policy, adopting an annual plan and budget, monitoring each Academy by the use of budgets and making major decisions about the direction of the Academies, capital expenditure and senior staff appointments. There is a scheme of delegation in place within the Trust, which is operated throughout each Academy.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The pay of the senior management team is determined by the Trustees. In 2018/19 the Trustees formed a Remuneration Committee and delegated this responsibility to it. Decisions are taken based on the individual circumstances, the responsibilities involved and market conditions to attract and retain quality professionals to drive improvement. The Trustees set salary levels based on the responsibilities of the posts. The Trust may award any salary as it sees fit to fill these posts, whilst having consideration for value for money.

Trade union facility time

No disclosure is required in regards to this, as the Trust purchases a Service Level Agreement for this service from a third party, therefore no employees spent time as union officials.

Related parties and co-operation with other organisations

During the year, the Trust recognised sponsor income from the sponsor, the Laidlaw Foundation, totalling £3,283,572 for agreed expenditure and activities.

At 31 August 2022, £1,912,071 was due to be received from the sponsor.

Related parties and co-operation with other organisations

Related party transactions are disclosed in accordance with the Academies Trust Handbook. Laidlaw Schools Trust is committed to collaboration with other organisations to promote school improvement. During 202 1/22 Laidlaw Schools Trust collaborated with the Spencer Academies Trust and Oasis Community Learning.

Further details are stated in Note 25 to the financial statements.

Year ended 31 August 2022

Engagement with employees (Including disabled persons)

Disclosure in this regard is included within the strategic report.

Engagement with suppliers, customers and others in a business relationship with the Trust

Disclosure in this regard is included within the strategic report.

Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting

Disclosure in this regard is included within the strategic report.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES FOR PUBLIC BENEFIT

Objects and aims

The principal object and activity of the Trust is the operation to advance, for the public benefit, the education for pupils of different abilities at Atkinson Road Primary Academy, Thomas Walling Primary Academy, Westgate Hill Primary Academy and South Hylton Primary Academy for pupils aged between 2 and 11; at Excelsior Academy for pupils between 3 and 18 years of age, Academy 360 for pupils between 3 and 16 years of age and Sedgefield Community College for pupils between 11 and 16 years of age.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The aims and objectives of each Academy are set out in the Trust's Business Plan and each individual Academy's Development Plan.

The main objectives of the Trust during the year ended 31 August 2022 are summarised below:

- to transform the lives of children and communities in the North of England, through inspirational education;
- to ensure that every child enjoys the same high-quality education in terms of resourcing, tuition and care;
- to raise the standard of educational achievement of all pupils;
- to improve the effectiveness of the Academies by keeping the curriculum and organisational structure under continual review:
- to provide value for money for the funds expended;
- to comply with all appropriate statutorily and curriculum requirements;
- to maintain close links with industry and commerce;
- to conduct business in accordance with the highest standards of integrity, probity and openness; and
- to ensure every child is safe and protected from harm.

Equal opportunities policy

The Trustees recognise that equal opportunities should be an integral part of good practice within the workplace. The Trust is committed to ensuring equal opportunity in all areas of its activities including creating a working environment in which the contribution and needs of all people are fully valued.

Employee Consultation

The Trust encourages the involvement of its employees in its management through regular meetings and receiving their news on important matters of policy.

Disabled persons

Lifts, ramps and disabled toilets are installed and door widths are adequate to enable wheelchair access to all the main areas of the Academies. The policy of the Trust is to support recruitment and retention of students and employees with disabilities. The Trust does this by adapting the physical environment, by making support resources available and through training and career development.

Public benefit

The Trustees confirm, that to the best of their knowledge and belief, they have complied with section 4 of the Charities Act 2006 in respect of having due regard to public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission. All charitable activities are undertaken to further the advancement of education to all students in its care and partnership organisations in the wider community.

TRUSTEES' REPORT

Year ended 31 August 2022

STRATEGIC REPORT

Achievements and Performance

Formal examinations and assessments returned in 2021-22, following the COVID-19 pandemic and UK Government cancelling formal examinations and assessments in both 2019-20 and 2020-21.

Adjustments were made nationally to grade awarding for GCSE, A-level and equivalent qualifications in 2021-22, however there were no adjustments made to Key Stage 2 external assessments.

Academic outcomes for the 2021-22 cohorts have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. During 2020-21, students did not complete the full year in the classroom, missing face to face teaching in school for the majority of the Spring term and interruptions to learning across the school year due to self-isolation, outbreaks of COVID-19 and the impact of close contact tracing within schools. This in addition to the disruption to learning caused in 2019-20 where students were missing from the classroom for the Spring and Summer terms. This is particularly significant in the lower key stages.

The Department for Education have strongly discouraged drawing conclusions based on direct comparisons with performance data from earlier years. They also advise caution when comparing a school's performance with national or local authority averages, advising users to talk to the school to understand the context for the results.

The government also strongly advised against direct comparisons between the performance data for one school and another school, without taking this broader context into account.

Key Performance Indicators

Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS) and Key Stage One (KS1)

EYFS - The Trust average for GLD attainment was 57.3% compared to a national average of 65%.

Reading – The Trust expected attainment was 57% compared to a national average of 67%.

Writing - The Trust expected attainment was 51% compared to a national average of 58%.

Maths - The Trust expected attainment was 58% compared to a national average of 68%.

Key Stage Two (KS2)

Reading – The Trust expected attainment was 59% compared to a national average of 74%. The KS1-2 progress score was -0.4.

Writing – The Trust expected attainment was 64% compared to a national average of 69%. The KS1-2 progress score was +1.6.

Maths – The Trust expected attainment was 59% compared to a national average of 71%. The KS1-2 progress score was -0.5.

Reading, Writing and Maths Combined – The Trust expected attainment was 47.5% compared with a national average of 59%. Thomas Walling Primary Academy and South Hylton Primary Academy exceeded the national average.

Key Stage Four (KS4)

Attainment 8 - Average Attainment 8 across the Trust is 43.6 against a national average of 48.7.

Basic Measures – Average Grade 4+ English & Maths results were 53% against a national average of 69% and Grade 5+ English & Maths results were 35% against a national average of 50%.

Progress 8 – Average Provisional Progress 8 across the Trust is -0.11 against a national average of -0.03. Sedgefield Community College continue to perform well above national averages and Excelsior Academy have seen significant improvement from 2019 results.

Key Stage Five (KS5)

A Levels – A Level Average Point Score was 26.84 with an average grade of C-. Value Added measures are not published this year as the Year 11 starting point were awarded grades through the Centre Assessed Grades process in 2020.

Applied General – Applied General Average Point Score was 32.14 with an average grade of Distinction. Value Added measures are not published this year as the Year 11 starting point were awarded grades through the Centre Assessed Grades process in 2020.

Year ended 31 August 2022

Inspection Outcomes

The Trust received two Section 5 inspections during 2021-22. Westgate Hill Primary Academy achieved an 'Outstanding' grading in all areas (October 2021) and Academy 360 was graded 'Good' in all areas (May 2022). Both schools improved from their predecessor school rating of 'Inadequate' in their first inspection since joining the Trust.

Two Section 8 inspections of Good or Outstanding Schools were received during 2021-22; South Hylton retained their 'Good' judgement (September 2021) and Sedgefield Community College retained their 'Outstanding' judgement (May 2022).

A Section 8 monitoring visit of a 'requires improvement' school was undertaken at Excelsior Academy where the outcome was "Leaders and those responsible for governance are taking effective action in order for the school to become a good school." (December 2021).

PROMOTING THE SUCCESS OF THE CHARITABLE COMPANY

Engagement with employees (including disabled persons)

The commitment and dedication of employees are essential for the Trust to deliver on its vision of inspirational education for pupils.

Trust and Academy leaders engage with employees in a variety of means both formally and informally at school level and at Trust level through staff meetings, consultation groups, newsletters, staff surveys and cross-Trust development days. Employees have the opportunity to engage with and work with colleagues across the Trust's family of Schools both formally and informally. This ensures that employees are fully consulted on a regular basis, so the views of employees can be taken into account in making decisions which are likely to affect their interests.

The Trust continues to engage with employees to make best use of the training and development opportunities available to employees. The Trust continually invests in employee development and health and wellbeing to create and encourage an inclusive culture within the Trust.

The Operations Committee is updated regularly on staff performance and the personal development programmes in place to develop, retain and recruit employees.

The Trust has a range of policies and procedures in place to ensure equal opportunities for all employees. Examples of good practice include:

- · Risk assessments carried out for staff with disabilities or medical conditions and staff who are pregnant.
- Changes to equipment and working conditions for members of staff with disabilities.
- Maternity, paternity, shared parental, adoption leave arrangements in place; including paid time off work to attend appointments.
- · Time off work for religious requests.
- Monitoring of staff disciplinary, capability, grievance and redundancy policies to ensure an equal process.
- A Trust Pay Policy that helps to provide equality of opportunity by ensuring decisions on pay are managed in a fair, just and transparent way.
- Monitoring of the gender pay gap and diversity of staff.

The Trust will ensure any vacancies advertised will promote a commitment to equality, diversity and inclusion.

Year ended 31 August 2022

Engagement with suppliers, customers and others in a business relationship with the Trust

The Laidlaw Schools Trust seeks to engage positively with all organisations with which it has business relationships.

When making decisions the Trustees take into consideration the Trust's vision and values, together with its strategic priorities and any potential risks for students, staff and other stakeholders, including suppliers and the wider community, with what they believe is in the best interests of the Trust.

Long-term sustainability

As is normal for large companies, the Trust delegates authority of day-to-day management of the Trust to the Executive Leadership Team.

The long-term sustainability of the Trust is at the forefront of decision-making, particularly in response to challenging education funding, potential Trust growth and School Improvement.

Stakeholders

The Trust's key stakeholders are its students, parents and employees, who are at the heart of its core purpose. The impact of the Trust's activities on stakeholders, including staff, customers and suppliers, is an important consideration when making decisions. The Trust works together with its Academy communities to improve aspirations, life chances and to encourage good citizenship.

Pupils

Students are at the centre of the Trust's business.

The Board and the Standards Committee receive regular reports on student outcomes and student related strategic initiatives throughout the year. The Standards Committee closely monitors the metrics and engages with the Executive Leadership to understand the issues of the Academies' performance levels. This is also discussed at the Local Governing Body at each of the Trust's Academies.

The Board continues to monitor and review developments relating to the Trust's digital strategy. The Trust has worked closely with the Laidlaw Foundation who has ensured that all pupils in Year 5 and above have access to a device and remote internet access supporting the digital strategy both inside and outside school. Younger pupils also have access to remote education.

Suppliers

The Trust operates in conjunction with a wide range of suppliers to source the best resources. The Trust remains committed to being fair and transparent in its dealings with all suppliers. The Trust has systems and processes in place to ensure suppliers are paid in a timely manner.

Community and environment

The Trust is committed to giving back to the community in which it operates. Its aim is to enhance the life chances of the young people and families in the communities it serves in Sunderland, Newcastle and Durham.

The Trust is committed to reducing its carbon footprint wherever possible. Sustainability runs through all aspects of the Trust's business. All Trust Academies have their own Green and Environment Working Groups, which were set up in 2021/22. Pupils take a lead role in the operation of this initiative.

In 2022/23, the Estates Committee will be looking into energy and the effects on the environment, as placed on their Autumn agenda. This is in the hope that the Trust can reduce its carbon footprint over future years.

Business Conduct

High standards of business conduct guide and assist the Board and Executive Team in decision -making and in doing so, help promote the Trust's success, recognising amongst other things, the likely consequences of any decision in the long-term and wider stakeholder considerations.

Acting fairly between Members of the Company

Members of the Trust receive copies of meeting minutes and all associated papers for them to feel comfortable with the current situation and strategic direction of the Trust. Furthermore, members are invited to every Board meeting, typically one Member attends at least three of the meetings within the year. Members and Trustees receive a termly update from the CEO.

Year ended 31 August 2022

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial and risk management objectives and policies

There is a comprehensive risk register in place that is reviewed annually by the Audit Committee. The Trust has minimal exposure to financial instruments, utilising only debtors and creditors.

Financial report for the year

Most of the Trust's income is obtained from the ESFA in the form of recurrent grants, the use of which is restricted to particular purposes. The grants received from the ESFA during the year ended 31 August 2022 and the associated expenditure is shown as restricted funds in the Statement of Financial Activities. The Trust also received grants for fixed assets from the ESFA. In accordance with the Charities Statement of Recommended Practice, 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' (SORP 2019), such grants are shown in the Statement of Financial Activities as restricted income in the fixed asset fund. The restricted fixed asset fund balance is reduced by annual depreciation charges over the expected useful life of the assets concerned.

During the year ended 31 August 2022, total expenditure of £41,884,494 (2021: £39,816,111) (excluding depreciation of £2,769,009) (2021: £2,492,689) was more than covered by the recurrent grant funding from the ESFA together with other incoming resources including donations from the Sponsor of £3,283,572 (2021: £6,404,126). The excess of expenditure over income (excluding transfer on conversion and depreciation) for the year was (£1,633,512) (2021: £2,984,118).

At 31 August 2022, the net book value of the Trust's fixed assets was and movements in tangible fixed assets are shown in Note 12 to the financial statements. The Trust's assets were used exclusively for providing education and the associated support services to the pupils of its Academies.

At 31 August 2022, the cash balance held by the Trust was £10,929,903 (2021: £10,378,198) and net current assets of £9,855,245 (2021: £9,523,907).

At 31 August 2022, the FRS102 pension deficit amounted to £1,123,900 (2021: £18,874,900). The Trust recognises that the defined benefit scheme deficit, represents a significant potential liability. However, the Trust considers, that as each individual Academy is able to meet its known annual contribution commitment for the foreseeable future, the risk from this liability is minimised. The liability does not have an immediate cash flow impact; however, the cash flow impact will be the increased contributions.

Reserves Policy

The Board reviews the reserve levels of the Trust, annually. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure streams, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves. The Board has determined that the appropriate level of free reserves should be a minimum of two months' expenditure. The reason for this is to provide sufficient working capital to cover delays between spending and receipt of grants and to provide a cushion to deal with unexpected emergencies such as urgent maintenance. The Trust's current level of free reserves (total funds less the amount held in fixed assets and restricted funds) is £3,484,319 (2021: £2,760,172) which is below target. The Trust intends to continue building up free reserves to the level needed. Currently, two months' expenditure for the Trust equates to £6,614,880. At 31 August 2022, the Trust held cash at bank of £10,929,903 (2021: £10,378,198) and net current assets of £9,006,022 (2021: £9,523,907).

Going Concern

The Going Concern status of the Academy Trust has been considered by assessing current performance and reserves, future developments and pupil numbers.

After making appropriate enquiries, the Trustees consider that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, the Trust continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Financial Position

The Trust held fund balances at 31 August 2022 of £89,682,366 (2021: £73,619,887). These are split into restricted fixed asset funds of £82,706,407 (2021: £84,410,241), pension reserve £1,123,900 (2021: £18,874,900), restricted general reserves of £4,615,541 (2021: £5,273,015) and unrestricted funds of £3,484,319 (2021: £2,811,532).

Year ended 31 August 2022

Investment Policy

The Chief Finance Officer (CFO) liaises closely with Barclays Bank to ensure the best available rate of return on zero risk investments.

Risk Management

The Board has assessed the major risks to which the Academies are exposed, in particular, those relating to the specific teaching, provision of facilities and other operational areas of the Academies, and their finances. The Board has implemented a number of systems to assess risks that the Academies face, especially in the operational areas e.g., in relation to teaching, health and safety, bullying, safeguarding and the control of finance. It has introduced systems, including operational procedures (e.g., vetting of new staff, supervision of school grounds), and internal financial controls (see below) in order to minimise risk. Where significant financial risk still remains, they have ensured it has adequate insurance cover. The Academies have effective systems of internal financial controls.

The Board takes seriously its responsibilities to implement financial controls to an extremely high standard and ensures that the provision and prescription laid down in Educational and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) documentation is in place. The Board works to ensure the financial health of the Trust and since its first Academy opened in 2008 sound financial management and governance has resulted in a position which is positive in terms of reserves to fund future projects e.g., ICT replacement and essential building works. The Trustees and the Finance Team have worked diligently to embed financial systems that are robust ensuring that resources go to where they are best spent and that all control systems are in place and probity is secure.

Key Performance Indicators

South Hylton Primary Academy underwent an Ofsted inspection in September 2021. The Trustees are delighted to report that the inspection team graded the Academy as 'Good' in all categories. This is a maintained judgement from preconversion.

Westgate Hill Primary Academy underwent an Ofsted inspection in October 2021. The Trustees are delighted to report that the inspection team graded the Academy as 'Outstanding' in all categories. Prior to joining the Trust, Westgate Hill had been placed into 'Special Measures'. Only four Academies including Westgate Hill, nationally have made the jump from 'Special Measures' to 'Outstanding'.

Sedgefield Community College underwent an Ofsted inspection in May 2022. The Trustees are delighted to report that the inspection team graded the Academy as 'Outstanding' in all categories. This is a maintained judgement from preconversion.

Academy 360 underwent an Ofsted inspection in May 2022. The Trustees are delighted to report that the inspection team graded the Academy as 'Good' in all categories. The judgement pre-conversion was 'Inadequate'.

Despite all of the challenges, LST is pleased to report that some good progress was made by all of its Academies during 2021-22 against the key indicators for academic progress, behaviour and online engagement set for pupils and the performance targets set for staff, who are measured on pupil attainment. The resulting Trust results were both encouraging and marked improvements on prior years.

Financial KPIs have been performed on staff salary costs as a percentage of Education Funding General Annual Grant (GAG) and total income. The percentages are 94.7% and 71.6% retrospectively. In August 2022, across the Trust there were 390 Teaching staff, therefore the pupil to teacher ratio is 13.6:1.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Principal risks are centred around fluctuations in pupil numbers and cuts to public funding. The Trust is focused on ensuring it continues to attract and retain sufficient pupil numbers and considers proactive budget forecasting as being essential to ensure that potential reductions in budgets are planned for in a timely manner.

Year ended 31 August 2022

Fundraising

No public fundraising is performed by the Trust.

Annual Energy Use

The chart below details the energy use across the Laidlaw Schools Trust. All units have been converted into kWh, and then emission generated shown as Carbon Dioxide equivalent, a standard unit in energy management.

Streamlined Energy and Carbon Reporting

UK Greenhouse gas emissions and energy use data for the period	1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022	1 September 2020 to 31 August 2021
Energy consumption used to calculate emissions (kWh)	7,439,882	8,763,800
Scope 1 emissions CO2e Gas consumption Owned Vehicles – Mini buses Total scope 1	754.74 10.19 764.93	1,025.75 10.96 1,036.71
Scope 2 emissions CO2e Purchased electricity	631.82	658.61
Scope 3 emissions CO2e Business Travel in employee-owned vehicles	3.47	0.52
Total gross emissions in metric tonnes CO2e	1,400.22	1,695.84
Intensity ratio Tonnes CO2e per pupil	0.27	0.33

In delivering educational services Laidlaw Schools Trust generated the equivalent of 1,400 tonnes of carbon dioxide.

Quantification and Reporting Methodology

We have followed the 2019 HM Government Environmental Reporting Guidelines. We have also used the GHG Reporting Protocol – Corporate Standard and have used the 2022 UK Government's Conversion Factors for Company Reporting.

Intensity measurement

The chosen intensity measurement ratio is total gross emissions in metric tonnes CO2e per pupil, the recommended ratio for the sector.

Measures taken to improve energy efficiency

In the year ending August 2022, both Academy 360 and Excelsior Academy have continued with their rolling programme to replace all of their current lighting with LED lighting around their Academies.

The Trust have, where possible, ensured that meetings are undertaken via video conferencing technology in a bid to reduce business mileage generated by traveling between sites. All committee and Trust Board meetings with the exception of one have taken place virtually.

Year ended 31 August 2022

PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIOD

The Trust will continue to strive to improve the levels of performance of all its students as all levels, however, the core academic focus and overriding priority are that children's performance in English and Maths improves year on year and the best performing locally.

A key focus of the Trust is to embed a joint Primary and Secondary literacy strategy, which runs from nursery through to post 16 using a collaborative approach from key stage 2 to key stage 5.

At the centre of everything that the Trust has planned equality, inclusion and diversity are at the core to ensure underprivileged and under-represented groups are not excluded and provided with the same opportunities as others.

As part of the Trusts Inclusion Strategy, it is planned to set up new facility in Sedgefield, which is aimed to meet the more complex requirements of SEND pupils across the Trust. The facility will be funded by the Laidlaw Foundation.

Where opportunities arise, the Trust will seek to bring new Academies in to add further capacity and continue towards the overall goal of supporting up to 10,000 students. Sedgefield Hardwick Primary will join the Trust, 01September 2022, expanding the Durham cluster.

AUDITORS

Following a formal tender process RSM UK Audit LLP has been reappointed as Company Auditors.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The Trustees confirm that as far as they are aware there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the Trustees has confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Trustees in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Trust auditors are aware of that information

The Trustees' Report is approved by order of the Board of Trustees, and the strategic report (included therein) is approved by the Board of Trustees in their capacity as the Directors at a meeting on 15 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

S V Kempe Chair of Trustees

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST GOVERNANCE REPORT

Year ended 31 August 2022

Scope of responsibility

As Trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that the Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Ian Simpson is the Trust's CEO and Accounting Officer, and is responsible for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and are in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned in the Funding Agreement between the Trust and the Secretary of State for Education. The CEO is also responsible for reporting to the Trust Board any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here, supplements that described in the Trustees' Report and in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities. The Trustees have formally met five times during the year, and make use of digital meeting facilities on "Google Meets" where, in person meetings have been difficult due to the Covid-19 pandemic. The meeting on 13 July 2021 was held 'in person.' Operations and Audit Committee has oversight on behalf of the Board. Attendance during the year at meetings of the Trustees was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of possible
S V Kempe, Chair	5	5
A Hunter	5	5
L Conlon MBE	5	5
P Sehgal JP	5	5
P Solly	5	5
L Boyle	. 3	3
C Pennison	1	5
P Snowdon	5	5
GEO Stanford	5	5
P West	4	5

The Operations, Audit, Remuneration, Standards, Liaison and Estates Committees are committees of the Board. Their purpose is to oversee the Trust's financial, operational and educational affairs and to inform the decision making of the Board. The Committees have formally met five, five, three, three, three, seven and four times during the year, respectively. Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Operations Committee	Meetings attended	Out of possible
P Snowdon, Chair	5	5
P Sehgal JP (retired as Chair prior year)	5	5
P Solly	5	5
S McCready (additional member)	2	5
Audit Committee		
P Sehgal JP, Chair	5	5
P Solly	5	5
C Pennison	3	5
Remuneration Committee		
Linda Conlon, Chair	3	3
P Sehgal JP	2	3
S V Kempe	3	3
C Jobe	2	3
Standards Committee	3	3
Paul West, Chair Andrew Hunter	2	3
S V Kempe	3	3
G E O Stanford	2	3
	2	J

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST GOVERNANCE REPORT

Year ended 31 August 2022

Liaison Committee	Meetings attended	Out of possible
P Solly, Chair	7	7
L Boyle	6	6
P Snowdon	6	7
A Hunter	7	7
Estates Committee C		
Pennison, Chair	4	4
S V Kempe	4	4
P Snowdon	4	4
P Solly	4	4
C Jobe	3	4

Governance Review

During the year, the Operations and Audit Committees dealt separately with operational and audit matters. The Remuneration Committee considers executive pay and salaries of senior staff, the Standards Committee considers educational performance, the Estates Committee has oversight of all operational matters of all land and buildings and the Liaison Committee feeds back issues from Academies to the Board.

There were five meetings of Operations and Audit Committees, four meeting of Estates Committee and three meetings of Remuneration Committee. These meetings ensured that there were frequent and regular opportunities for Trustee to engage and challenge on all aspects of the financial management of the Trust. Commentary in the minutes of Trust Board and Committee meetings demonstrates that there has been robust and effective oversight of the Trusts financial position.

The quality of data provided aids the decision making of the Committees of the Board. No external or formal governance reviews have taken place in the year, but this has been kept under continuous review by the Board during this period. No changes have been deemed to be necessary. The review was undertaken by the Chair of the Trust, CEO and the Governance Support Officer in 2021/22.

Review of value for money

The Accounting Officer has responsibility for ensuring that the Trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The Accounting Officer considers how the Trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the Board where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where available. The Accounting Officer has delivered improved value for money during the year by:

- Academy 360 has replaced a condemned staircase from the Primary playground to the MUGA, this is also a fire
 evacuation route.
- Academy 360 redesigned an internal open space which has now been made into a Learning Resource Centre which
 gives all pupils the access to a range of books and other resources, improving social learning and developmental
 experiences.
- Atkinson Road Primary Academy's main building requires significant capital investment, an elevation programme
 of works has begun to ensure that the building is made water tight and is safe for all pupils.
- Excelsior Academy has installed walls in some open Primary classrooms. This was a follow up to an Ofsted recommendation, which should lead to an improved learning environment.
- Excelsior Academy has refurbished some Secondary toilet blocks. The reconfiguration will reduce the potential of behaviour related incidents in toilet spaces enabling pupils to feel safe.
- Thomas Walling Primary Academy has re-surfaced all pedestrian routes around the Academy site to improve the health and safety for pupils, parents and visitors who access the Academy grounds.
- Laidlaw central office undertook a tender process for an HR system. Following full implementation, the system will be accessible to all staff across the Trust, this will reduce the administration burden of HR centrally and within Trust Academies.

GOVERNANCE REPORT

Year ended 31 August 2022

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of Trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the Trust for the year ended 31 August 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board and the Operations and Audit Committee have reviewed the key risks to which the Trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board is of the view that there is a formal continual process for identifying, evaluating and managing the Trust's significant risks that has been in place for the year ending 31 August 2022 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board.

The risk and control framework

The Trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures, including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the Board;
- the monitoring of financial management and performance by the Accounting Officer;
- regular reviews by the Operations and Audit Committee reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- delegation of authority and segregation of duties; and
- identification and management of risks by the Operations and Audit Committee's with recommendations to the Board

The Board has set policies on internal controls which cover the following:

- the type of risks the Trust faces;
- the level of risks which it regards as acceptable;
- the likelihood of the risks materialising;
- the Trust's ability to reduce the incidence and impact on the Academies' operations of risks that do materialise;
- the costs of operating particular controls relative to the benefits obtained;
- clarifying the responsibility of the Leadership Team of each Academy to implement the Trustees' policies and to identify and evaluate risks for the Trustees' consideration;
- explaining to employees that they have responsibility for internal control as part of their accountability for achieving objectives;
- embedding the control system in the Trust's operations so that it becomes part of the culture of the Trust;
- developing systems to respond quickly to evolving risks arising from factors within the Trust and to changes in the external environment; and
- the procedures for reporting failings immediately to appropriate levels of authority and the Local Governing Body of each Academy together with details of corrective action being undertaken.

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST GOVERNANCE REPORT

Year ended 31 August 2022

Internal Audit

The Board has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided, to appoint an independent firm to perform the function of internal audit following a tender process. TIAA Ltd. as Internal Assurance Reviewer, performs additional internal assurance checks. They were appointed as internal scrutiny provider due to their expertise expressed in a variety of subject matters, which the Trustee were keen to scrutinise and ensure compliance within the Trust.

The Internal Assurance Reviewer scrutinises financial and internal controls providing recommendations, where appropriate, in line with the Academies Trust Handbook 2021. In particular, the checks carried out in the current period included:

- Safeguarding
- Procurement
- Risk Management
- Follow up on previous Internal Audits

The internal assurance work carried out closely scrutinised the controls in each of the relevant areas, making recommendations where appropriate, and thus, providing the management team with assurance that appropriate, up to date and robust policies and procedures were in place, to assure the Trust as to compliance with the Academies Trust Handbook.

Managing Conflict

The Trust have a standing agenda item at all meetings for any declarations of interest which pertain to items on the agenda, or in case of any changes.

All Members, Trustees and Governors complete any annual conflicts of interest form, which are kept securely, centrally and published as required by the Academies Trust Handbook on the Trust websites

Review of effectiveness

As the Accounting Officer, the CEO has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question, the review has been informed by:

- The work of the Internal Assurance Reviewer
- The work of the External Auditor
- The work of the managers within the Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

Terms of Reference have been agreed for the Audit Committee to support financial probity. The Audit Committee manages and monitors risk, receives reports from the Trusts' auditors and considers documentation received from the ESFA.

The Accounting Officer and Audit Committee receive reports from the Internal Assurance Reviewer and any recommendations are implemented in a timely manner.

Approved by order of the members of the Board of Trustees on 15 December 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

S V Kempe

Chair of Trustees

I W Simpson

CEO and Accounting Officer

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST STATEMENT OF REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE

Year ended 31 August 2022

STATEMENT OF REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE

As Accounting Officer of The Laidlaw Schools Trust, I have considered my responsibility to notify the Board of Trustees and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with the terms and conditions of all funding received by the academy trust, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration. I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Trust Handbook 2021.

I confirm that I, and the academy trust Board of Trustees, are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academies Trust Handbook 2021.

I confirm that the following instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance discovered to date have been notified to the board of trustees and ESFA. The board of trustees and ESFA have been notified of a cyber incident which impacted a supplier payment of £91k. These monies have subsequently been recovered in full.

I W Simpson

CEO and Accounting Officer

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

Year ended 31 August 2022

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustees (who are also the directors of the Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report (including the strategic report) and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Direction published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Trust and its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022:
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Trust will
 continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Trust transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Trust and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Trust and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the Charitable Company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Trust website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Board of Trustees on 15 December 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

S V Kempe Chair of Trustees

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST YEAR ENDED ON 31 AUGUST 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Laidlaw Schools Trust (the "charitable company") for the year ended 31 August 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statements and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), and the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report, which includes the Directors' Report and the Strategic Report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report and the Strategic Report, included in the Trustees' Report, have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST YEAR ENDED ON 31 AUGUST 2022

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report or the Strategic Report included within the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities set out on page 20, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law), are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The objectives of our audit are to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding compliance with laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, to perform audit procedures to help identify instances of non-compliance with other laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements, and to respond appropriately to identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified during the audit.

In relation to fraud, the objectives of our audit are to identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud through designing and implementing appropriate responses, and to respond appropriately to fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

However, it is the primary responsibility of management, with the oversight of those charged with governance, to ensure that the entity's operations are conducted in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations and for the prevention and detection of fraud.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud, the audit engagement team:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the
 charitable company operates in and how the charitable company is complying with the legal and regulatory
 framework:
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, including any known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud;
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST YEAR ENDED ON 31 AUGUST 2022

As a result of these procedures, we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are FRS 102, Charities SORP (FRS 102), Companies Act 2006, Education and Skills Funding Agency's Academies Trust Handbook and Annual Accounts Direction. We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements which included reviewing the financial statements including the Trustees' Report.

The most significant laws and regulations that have an indirect impact on the financial statements are those in relation to the Education Inspection Framework under the Education Act 2005 (as amended), Keeping Children Safe in Education under the Education Act 2002, the UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR) and the Data Protection Act 2018. We performed audit procedures to inquire of management and those charged with governance whether the charitable company is in compliance with these law and regulations and inspected correspondence with regulatory authorities.

The audit engagement team identified the risk of management override of controls as the area where the financial statements were most susceptible to material misstatement due to fraud. Audit procedures performed included but were not limited to testing manual journal entries and other adjustments, evaluating the business rationale in relation to significant, unusual transactions and transactions entered into outside the normal course of business and challenging judgments and estimates.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK AUDIT LLP

Lucy Robson (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
1 St James' Gate
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 4AD

20/12/22 Dated:

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

for the year ended 31 August 2022

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Income and endowments						
Donations and capital grants Transfer from LA on conversion	3	134	3,283,571	546,380	3,830,085	7,335,107
Charitable activities:						
Funding for educational operations	4	-	35,536,859		35,536,859	34,847,895
Other trading activities	5	870,518	-	-	870,518	613,998
Investments	6	13,511	-	-	13,511	3,230
Total income and endowments		884,163	38,820,430	546,380	40,250,973	42,800,230
Expenditure on:						
Raising funds Charitable activities:	7	211,375	-	-	211,375	149,308
Educational operations	8	-	41,673,110	2,769,009	44,442,119	42,159,492
Total resources expended	7	211,375	41,673,110	2,769,009	44,653,494	42,308,800
Net income/(expenditure)		672,787	(2,852,680)	(2,222,628)	(4,402,521)	491,430
Transfer between funds	17		(518,794)	518,794		<u>-</u>
		672,787	(3,371,474)	(1,703,834)	(4,402,521)	491,430
Other recognised gains and losses		•	,			-
Remeasurement of net defined	2.4					
benefit obligations	24		20,465,000		20,465,000	997,000
Net movement in funds		672,787	17,093,526	(1,703,834)	16,062,479	1,488,430
Reconciliation of funds						
Total funds brought forward		2,811,532	(13,601,885)	84,410,241	73,619,888	72,131,457
Total funds carried forward	17	3,484,319	3,491,641	82,706,407	89,682,367	73,619,887

(Company Number: 05735093)

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 August 2022

	Note	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	12		81,036,550		83,117,844
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	13	4,634,266 10,929,903		4,592,329 10,378,198	
		15,564,169		14,970,527	
Current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(5,708,924)		(5,446,620)	
Net current assets			9,855,245		9,523,907
Total assets less current liabilities			90,891,795		92,641,751
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(85,528)		(146,964)
Net assets excluding pension liability			90,806,267		92,494,787
Defined benefit pension liability	24		(1,123,900)		(18,874,900)
Net assets			89,682,367		73,619,887
Funds of the Academy Trust					
Restricted funds	17				
Restricted fixed asset funds			82,706,407		84,410,241
Restricted general funds			4,615,541		5,273,015
Pension reserve			(1,123,900)		(18,874,900)
Total restricted funds			86,198,048		70,808,356
Unrestricted income funds	17		3,484,319		2,811,532
Total funds			89,682,367		73,619,888

The financial statements on pages 25 to 49 were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 15 December 2022 and signed on their behalf by

S V Kempe Chair of Trustees

THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

а					
	Note		2022		2021
Cash flows from operating activity		£	£	£	£
Net cash provided by operating activities	20		740,964		1,618,811
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Capital grants from DfE and ESFA Payment to acquire tangible fixed assets Cash received on conversion		13,511 546,380 (687,713)		3,230 3,441,924 (4,380,678)	
Net cash (used in) investing activities			(127,822)	<u></u>	(935,524)
Cash flows from financing activities	21		(61,437)		(22,554)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period			551,705		660,733
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year			10,378,198		9,717,465
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year			10,929,903		10,378,198

b

Analysis of changes in net debt

	Balance at 1 September 2021 £	Cash flows £	Non-cash change	Balance at 31 August 2022
Cash	10,378,198	551,705	-	10,929,903
Loans less than one year Loans more than one year	(58,768) (146,964)	(4,609) 61,436	-	(63,377) (85,528)
	10,172,466	608,532		10,780,998

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies

The Laidlaw Schools Trust is a charitable company. The address of the registered office is given on page 1 and the nature of its operations are set out in the Trustees' Report.

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Trust have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2021 to 2022 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

The Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102 and has therefore applied the relevant public benefit requirements of FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is also the financial currency of the Trust. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The Trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, i.e., whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern. The Trust has prepared budgets supported by cash flow forecasts, which has informed Trustees in their assessment. The trustees have further considered current performance, reserves levels, future developments, pupil numbers and the impact of the energy cost increases and inflation on the Trust as documented within the Strategic Report.

The Trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least 12 months from approval of the financial statements and there are no material uncertainties about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the Trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period for which it is receivable, and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement, when performance related conditions have been met, and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grant are reflected in the balance in the restricted fixed asset fund.

Sponsorship income

Sponsorship income provided to the Trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which it is receivable (where there are no performance related conditions), where the receipt is probable and it can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Danation

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the Trust has provided the goods or services.

Donated goods, facilities and services

Where the donated good is a fixed asset, it is measured at depreciated replacement cost being its fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the Trust's accounting policies.

Transfer on conversion

Where assets and liabilities are received by the academy trust on conversion to an academy, the transferred assets are measured at fair value and recognised in the balance sheet at the point when the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the academy trust. An equal amount of income is recognised as transfer on conversion within Donations and capital grant income to the net assets received.

Assets subject to PFI Arrangements

An asset is recognised for PFI agreements where the Trust has taken on the obligations in respect of a liability to the Local Authority in respect of the PFI liability and the Trust has substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. The amount capitalised as an asset is the fair value of the asset subject to PFI agreements.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the Trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and other trading activities.

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred in the Trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the Trust apportioned to charitable activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Subsequent costs are capitalised only when it is probable that such costs will generate future economic benefits.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance Sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding that require the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a Restricted Fixed Asset Fund in the Statement of Financial Activities and carried forward in the Balance Sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the Restricted Fixed Asset Fund in the Statement of Financial Activities. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the Unrestricted Fund.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Land and buildings (Leasehold/Freehold)

2% straight line 25 - 33% straight line

Fixtures, fittings and equipment . ICT Equipment

25 - 33% straight line

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the Trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods of services it must provide.

Leased assets

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Taxation

The Trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the Trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by chapter 3 part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Pensions benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the Trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'), which are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the Trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a projected unit credit method. The TPS is an unfunded multi-employer scheme with no assets to assign between employers consequently, there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions are recognised in the period to which they relate. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments.

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the Trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to net income are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability is also recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the Trust at the discretion of the Trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Education Skills Funding Agency/Department for Education.

Agency arrangements

The Trust acts as an agent in the administration of 16-19 Bursary Funds from the ESFA. Related payments received from the ESFA and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the Statement of Financial Activities to the extent that the Trust does not have a beneficial interest in the individual transactions. Where funds have not been fully applied in the year then an amount will be included as amounts due to the ESFA.

Financial instruments

The Trust has chosen to adopt section 11 of FRS 102 in full in respect of financial instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Trust becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

2 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Accounting estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost or income for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in Note 23, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore, a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2022. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

Areas of judgement · PFI

Management is required to make a judgement as to the appropriate accounting treatment and presentation of properties subject to PFI. Judgements are made as to whether the Academy Trust has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the PFI asset (and therefore recognise the asset on the Academy Trust balance sheet).

3 Donations and capital grants

			Restricted		
	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds	Fixed Asset Funds £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Private sponsorship Private sponsorship –	-	3,283,572	-	3,283,572	3,556,863
Capital	-	-	-	-	2,847,263
Capital grants	-	-	546,380	546,380	594,661
ESFA donation	-	-	-	-	284,820
Other donations	134			134	51,500
	134	3,283,572	546,380	3,830,085	7.335,107

The income from donations and capital grants was £3,830,085 (2021: £7,335,107) of which £3,283,572 was restricted (2021: £3,556,863), £546,380 was restricted fixed assets (2021: £3,726,744) and £134 (2021: £51,500) was unrestricted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

4 Funding for the Trust's educational operations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
DfE / ESFA grants	-		-	-
General annual grant (GAG)	-	29,879,362	29,879,362	27,733,860
Pupil Premium	-	3,010,002	3,010,002	2,792,255
UIFSM	-	169,710	169,710	166,728
Covid Catch Up	•	-	-	351,687
Other DfE / ESFA grants	-	1,164,405	1,164,405	2,091,593
		24.222.452	24.002.450	22.126.122
	-	34,223,479	34,223,479	33,136,123
Other government grants				
Local authority grants	-	1,313,380	1,313,380	1,286,462
Local authority FSM vouchers	-	-	-	425,310
				
Total funding	-	35,536,859	35,536,859	34,847,895

The income from funding for educational operations was £35,536,859 (2021: £34,847,895) of which £35,536,859 was restricted (2021: £34,847,895).

The funding agreements of the Trust are not subject to a limit on the GAG available to carry forward.

5 Other trading activities

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Letting's income Catering income Insurance income Other income	156,777 211,375 - 502,366	- - -	156,777 211,375 - 502,366	101,194 149,308 13,842 349,654
	870,518	-	870,518	613,998

The income from other trading activities was £870,518 (2021: £613,998) of which £870,518 was unrestricted (2021: £613,998).

6 Investment income

	Restricted				
	Unrestricted	General	Total	Total	
	Funds	Funds	2022	2021	
	£	£	£	£	
Interest	13,511	-	13,511	3,230	
		=======================================			

The investment income was £13,511 (2021: £3,230) of which £13,511 was unrestricted (2021: £3,090).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

Expenditure					
•	Staff	Premises &	Other	Total	Total 2021
	£	equipment £	£	£ 2022	£ 2021
Expenditure on raising funds					
Direct costs Academies' educational operations	-	-	211,375	211,375	149,308
Direct costs	21,736,101	2,769,009	2,618,807	27,123,917	25,751,434
Allocated support costs	10,118,445	-	7,199,757	17,318,202	16,408,058
Total expenditure	31,854,546	2,769,009	10,029,939	44,653,494	42,308,800
	Expenditure on raising funds Direct costs Academies' educational operations Direct costs Allocated support costs	Expenditure on raising funds Direct costs Academies' educational operations Direct costs Allocated support costs 21,736,101 Allocated support costs 10,118,445	Expenditure on raising funds Direct costs Academies' educational operations Direct costs Allocated support costs Premises & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &	Premises Staff & Other Costs equipment costs £ £ £	Premises Staff & Other Total

The expenditure on raising funds was £211,375 (2021: £149,308) of which £211,575 was unrestricted (2021: £149,308).

Net income/(expenditure) for the year includes:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Fees payable to auditor		
Audit	27,900	27,975
Other services	8,860	-
Internal assurance services	8,375	4,125
Operating lease rentals	17,091	77,633
Payment in respect of a property subject to a PFI arrangement	448,261	414,508
Net interest on defined benefit pension liability	316,000	281,000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	2,769,009	2,492,689

Central services

The Trust provided central services to its Academies for HR, financial and other services during the year.

The amounts charged during the year, being 2.5% (2021: 2.5%) of GAG, were as follows:

	Total	Total
	2022	2021
	<u>,</u> £	£
Excelsior Academy	250,680	233,146
Atkinson Road Primary Academy	53,916	52,151
Thomas Walling Primary Academy	47,131	45,446
South Hylton Primary Academy	28,973	27,580
Westgate Hill Primary Academy	82,252	79,610
Academy 360	133,875	123,834
Sedgefield Community College	156,580	143,928
	753,407	705,695
		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

8	Charitable activities	2022	2021
		2022 £	2021 £
	All from restricted funds:		
	Direct costs – educational operations Support costs – educational operations	27,123,917 17,318,202	25,751,434 16,408,058
		44,442,119	42,159,492
	The expenditure on educational operations was £48,350,119 (2021: £42,159,492) of v restricted (2021: £39,666,803) and £2,769,009 was in respect of depreciation restricted £2,437,938).		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Analysis of support costs	T.	ı.
	Support staff costs	10,118,445	10,372,828
	Technology costs	733,677	616,874
	Premises costs	4,214,361	2,965,721
	Other support costs	2,125,694	2,387,153
	Governance costs	126,025	65,482
		17,318,202	16,408,058
9	Staff costs		
	Staff Costs during the period were:		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Wages and salaries	21,688,580	21,842,257
	Social security costs	2,135,191	2,102,000
	Other pension costs	6,752,297	6,706,633
	•		
	Total staff costs	30,576,068	30,650,889
	Supply staff costs	1,026,844	814,190
	Staff restructuring costs	146,141	225,299
	Staff development and other staff costs	105,493	95,173
		31,854,546	31,785,552
	Staff restructuring costs comprise:		
	Severance payments	146,141	225,299
	Redundancy costs	-	-
		146,141	225,299

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

9 Staff costs (continued)

Staff numbers

The average number of persons (including senior management team) employed by the Academies during the year ended 31 August 2022 was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
Teachers	390	340
Administration support	463	475
Management	26	27
	879	842

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding national insurance and employer pension contributions) exceeded £60,000 was:

Higher paid staff

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
£60,001 - £70,000	8	10
£70,001 - £80,000	9	8
£80,001 - £90,000	2	-
£90,001 - £100,000	3	3
£100,001 - £110,000	1	1
£110,001 - £120,000	2	-
£130,001 - £140,000	-	1
£140,001 - £150,000	-	1
£160,001 - £170,000	1	-

Non-statutory/non-contractual staff severance payments

Included in staff restructuring costs are non-statutory/non-contractual severance payments totalling 2022: £65,789 (2021: £225,299). Individually, the payments were as follows: £31,646, £23,143, £8,468, £2,245, and £287.

Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Trust comprise the Trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer national insurance and pension contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the Trust was 2022: £824,286 (2021: £843,756).

10 Trustees' remuneration and expenses

None of the Trustees, other than the CEO has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from an employment with the Trust. The CEO only receives remuneration in respect of services provided undertaking the role of CEO under their contract of employment and not in respect of their services as trustee.

Ian Simpson, CEO received remuneration of £163,928 (2021: £64,444), other benefits received in the year of £nil (2021: £nil) and employer pension contributions of £37,984 (2021: £15,260). In excess of 50% of his total remuneration is funded directly by Laidlaw Foundation.

Peter Snowdon, the former COO, received remuneration of £19,377 (2021: £140,444), of which £nil (2021: £88,694) was as Accounting Officer. Other benefits received in the year of £nil and employer pension contributions of £nil.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

During the year, travel and subsistence expenses totalling £566 (2021: £117 to one Trustee) were reimbursed to two Trustee.

Related party transactions involving the Trustees are set out in Note 25.

11 Trustees and Officers insurance

In accordance with normal commercial practice, the Trust has purchased insurance to protect Trustees and Officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on Trust business. The insurance provides cover up to £12,000,000 on any one claim and the cost for the year ended 31 August 2022 was £980 (2021: £980). The cost of this insurance is included in the total insurance cost.

12 Tangible fixed assets

Land & Land & construction fittings & Motor Buildings Buildings £ equipment IT Vehicles £ £ £ £ £	Total £
Cost	
At 1	06 806 211
September 39,055,309 51,102,253 2,847,263 1,867,344 1,904,295 18,847 2021	96,795,311
Additions 422,913 264,800 -	687,713
Disposals (152,609) (69,511) - Transfer 2,847,263 - (2,847,263)	(222,120)
Transfer 2,047,203 - (2,047,203)	-
At 31 August	
2022 41,902,572 51,102,253 - 2,137,648 2,099,584 18,847	97,260,904
Depreciation	
At 1	
September 3,670,594 8,291,220 - 973,854 741,797 - 2021	13,677,465
Charge in	
year 1,216,970 646,369 - 444,426 456,532 4,712	2,769,009
Disposals (152,609) (69,511) -	(222,120)
At 31 August	
2022 4,887,564 8,937,589 - 1,265,671 1,128,818 4,712	16,224,354
Net book	-
value	
At 31 August	01 026 550
2022 37,015,008 42,164,664 - 871,977 970,764 14,135	81,036,550
At 31 August	
2021 35,384,715 42,811,033 2,847,263 893,490 1,162,498 18,847	83,117,846

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

13	Debtors		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors	112,186	525,808
	Other debtors	855,191	799,006
	Prepayments and accrual income	3,666,889	3,267,515
		4,634,266	4,592,329
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	m 1	1 261 045	1 2 4 7 0 0 0
	Trade creditors	1,361,845 489,810	1,347,992
	Other taxation and social security Other creditors	140,857	539,728 305,008
	Other loans	61,437	58,767
	Accruals and deferred income	3,654,975	3,195,125
		5,708,924	5,446,620
15	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
13	Creditors, amounts faming due after more than one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Other loans	58,850	115,277
	Salix loan	26,678	31,686
	Analysis of loan		
	Wholly repayable within five years	148,905	205,731
	Too Maturity		
	Loan Maturity Debt due in one year or less	63,377	58,768
	Due in more than one but less than five years	85,528	146,963

Loan inherited from Durham County Council LA on the conversion of Sedgefield Community College.

Loan of £223,759 from Durham County Council which is provided on the following terms. Interest rate of 2.06%, maturity date 31 August 2024.

Payment Schedule – Durham LA 2023/24 £58,850

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

	Payment S	Schedule – Salix		
	2022/23	£4,527		
	2023/24	£4,527		
	2024/25	£4,527		
	2025/26	£4,527		
	2026/27	£4,526		
	2027/28	£4,526		
	2028/29	£4,526		
16	Deferred	income		
			2022	2021
			£	£
	Deferred	income is included within:		
	Creditors	due within one year	565,716	565,716
	Deferred	income at 1 September 2021	1,095,335	565,716
	Released	from previous	(1,095,335)	(565,716)
	Amounts	deferred in the year	1,820,280	1,095,335
	Deferred	income at 31 August 2022	1,820,280	1,095,335

At the Balance Sheet date, the Trust was holding funds received in advance in relation to: Early Years funding, Universal Infant free school meals, Primary PE funding, Supplementary Grant, British Council, other charitable donations, Hardship funding, Sponsor Donation, Greggs Breakfast Club and other smaller items. The amounts will be utilised in the year ended 31 August 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

17	Funds

	Balance at 1 September 2021	Income	Expenditure	Gains, losses And transfers	Balance at 31 August 2022
Restricted general fund	£	£	£	£	£
General Annual Grant	2,452,162	29,879,362	(30,018,042)	(518,794)	1,794,688
UIFSM	-, .52,102	169,710	(169,710)	-	1,771,000
Pupil Premium	-	3,010,002	(3,010,002)	-	-
Covid Catch Up Grant	-	, , <u>-</u>	-	-	-
Other DfE / ESFA grants	109,488	1,164,405	(1,164,405)	_	109,488
Other government grants	-	1,313,380	(1,313,380)	-	-
School standards fund	918,034	-	-	-	918,034
Investment Income	140	-	-	-	140
Other restricted funds	1,793,190	3,283,572	(3,283,572)		1,793,190
Funds excluding pension	5,273,015	38,820,430	(38,959,110)	(518,794)	4,615,541
Pension reserve	(18,874,900)	-	(2,714,000)	20,465,000	(1,123,900)
	(13,601,885)	38,820,430	(41,673,110)	19,946,206	3,491,641
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE / ESFA capital grants Capital expenditure from GAG Assets transferred from Newcastle,	3,241,257 543,798	546,380	(33,564) (735,598)	518,794	3,754,074 326,994
Sunderland and Durham City Councils	54,840,856	-	(1,190,826)	_	53,650,030
Sponsorship of Laidlaw			, , , , ,		
Foundation	3,512,765	-	(41,870)	-	3,470,895
Other restricted fixed asset funds	22,271,565		(767,151)	<u>-</u>	21,504,414
	84,410,241	546,380	(2,769,009)	518,794	82,706,407 ————
Total restricted funds	70,808,356	39,366,810	(44,442,119)	20,465,000	86,198,048
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	2,811,531	884,163	(211,375)		3,484,319
Total funds	73,619,887	40,250,973	(44,653,494)	20,465,000	89,682,367

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

17 Funds (continued) Prior year

	Balance at 1 September 2020 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains, losses And transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2021 £
Restricted general fund	4 -	£	2	a.	a.
General Annual Grant UIFSM	1,960,779	27,733,860 166,728	(26,534,905) (166,728)	(707,572)	2,452,162
Pupil Premium	-	2,792,255	(2,792,255)	-	-
Covid Catch Up Grant Other DfE / ESFA grants	109,488	351,687 2,091,593	(351,687) (2,091,593)	-	109,488
Other government grants School standards fund	918,034	1,711,772 -	(1,711,772) -	-	918,034
Investment Income Other restricted funds	- 1,793,191	140 3,556,863	(3,556,863)	-	140 1,793,190
Funds excluding pension Pension reserve	4,781,492 (17,410,900)	38,404,898	(37,205,803) (2,461,000)	(707,572) 997,000	5,273,015 (18,874,900)
	(12,629,408)	38,404,898	(39,666,803)	289,428	(13,601,885)
Restricted fixed asset funds					
DfE / ESFA capital grants Capital expenditure from GAG Assets transferred from Newcastle, Sunderland and Durham City	2,395,340 295,504	879,481 -	(33,564) (459,278)	707,572	3,241,257 543,798
Councils Sponsorship of Laidlaw	56,031,682	-	(1,190,826)	-	54,840,856
Foundation Other restricted fixed asset funds	707,372 23,038,716	2,847,263	(41,870) (767,151)	-	3,512,765 22,271,565
	82,468,614	3,726,744	(2,492,689)	707,572	84,410,241
Total restricted funds	69,839,206	42,131,642	(42,159,492)	997,000	70,808,356
Unrestricted funds					
General funds	2,292,251	668,588	(149,308)		2,811,531
Total funds	72,131,457	42,800,230	(42,308,800) ========	997,000	73,619,887

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

17 Funds (continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

General Annual Grant (GAG) must be used for the normal running costs of the Trust.

Other DfE/ESFA grants relates to sponsor capacity grants received, Pupil Premium and other grants from DfE/ESFA.

Other government grants relate to SEN funding and other local authority grants received and expended in the financial period.

School standards fund - recurrent standard funds which were received to provide a contribution to the schools' development and improvement agenda, including personalised learning. It was calculated based on pupil numbers. Standard funds are now paid as a 'maintenance grant' included within GAG income.

Other restricted funds relate to funding from Sponsor and other restricted donations received and expended in the financial period for agreed project.

The costs and income associated with the defined benefit pension scheme have been recorded in the restricted fund. Staff costs are paid from this fund including contributions to the LGPS; hence the pension liability has been aligned with these funds.

DfE/ESFA capital grants, these arrangements allow Academies to decide how to fund local priorities. It can only be used for capital expenditure on premises/building projects or the purchase of ICT equipment.

Capital expenditure from GAG - the balance represents the total capital expenditure from the GAG. Depreciation is charged to the fund over the life of the related assets.

Sponsorship from Irvine Laidlaw Foundation - Lord Laidlaw provided funding to support the work of the Trust and its Academies.

Other Restricted Fixed Assets Fund – the balance is the value of school premises for Excelsior Academy to be depreciated over the remaining useful economic life of the building.

Total funds analysis by Academy

	Total 2022	Total 2021
Fund balances at 31 August 2022 were allocated as follows:	£	£ 2021
Excelsior Academy	2,253,523	2,118,495
Atkinson Road Primary Academy	815,463	1,087,653
Thomas Walling Primary Academy	736,213	722,764
South Hylton Primary Academy	50,459	99,669
Westgate Hill Primary Academy	541,447	445,899
Academy 360	1,590,463	1,876,210
Sedgefield Community College	228,452	36,290
Central Services	1,883,840	1,697,567
Total before fixed assets fund and pension reserve	8,099,860	8,084,546
Restricted fixed asset fund	82,706,407	84,410,241
Pension reserve	(1,123,900)	(18,874,900)
Total funds	89,682,367	73,619,887

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

17 Funds (continued)

Total cost analysis

Expenditure incurred by each Academy during the year was as follows:

Teaching & educational support staff costs	Other support staff costs £	Educational Supplies	Other costs excluding depreciation £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Excelsior Academy 7,175,475	1,442,082	517,283	2,081,287	11,216,128	10,875,901
Atkinson Road Primary Academy 2,041,032	338,167	142,231	751,255	3,272,685	2,879,600
Thomas Walling Primary Academy 1,625,765	464,568	127,192	346,550	2,564,075	2,550,626
South Hylton Primary Academy 1,055,493	131,316	55,598	308,095	1,550,502	1,440,160
Westgate Hill Primary Academy 2,672,995	564,754	140,058	540,257	3,918,064	3,745,044
Academy 360 4,444,936	926,847	312,380	1,328,780	7,012,943	6,715,273
Sedgefield Community College 4,244,103 Central Services 126,323	521,135 1,499,236	346,579 147,134	1,910,694 84,0886	7,022,511	6,661,736 2,486,772
	1,499,230	147,134		2,613,579	2,460,772
23,386,122	5,888,105	1,788,455	8,107,804	39,170,486	37,355,112
18 Analysis of net assets between funds		Restricted	Restricted		
	Unrestricted	General	fixed asset	Total	
	funds	funds	funds	2022	
Fund balances at 31 August 2022 are represented by:	£	£	£	£	•
Tangible fixed assets Current assets Creditors falling due within one year	3,484,319	10,409,992 (5,708,924)		82,706,40° 13,894,310 (5,708,924)
Creditors falling due after one year	-	(85,527)		(85,527	
Defined benefit pension liability	-	(1,123,900)		(1,123,900	•
	3,484,319	3,491,641	82,706,407	89,682,366	5 =
	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted General funds	Restricted fixed asset funds £	Total 2021 £	
Fund balances at 31 August 2021 are represented by:	ū	u u	-	•	
Tangible fixed assets		-	83,117,844	83.117.84	4
Current assets	2,811,531	10,866,599	1,292,396	14,970,520	
Creditors falling due within one year		(5,446,620)	-	(5,446,620)
Creditors falling due after one year		(146,964)	-	(146,964	•
Defined benefit pension liability		(18,874,900)		(18,874,900)
	2,811.531	(13.601.885)	84,410,241	73,619,88	7 =

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

19 Commitments under operating leases and payments in respect of a property subject to a PFI arrangement

At 31 August 2022 the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

·	Land & Building PFI 2022 £	Land & Building PFI 2021 £	Operating lease 2022 £	Operating lease 2021 £
Amounts due within one year	448,261	414,508	17,091	18,087
Amounts due between one and five years	1,793,042	1,658,033	114,999	34,687
Amounts due after five years	3,846,076	3,970,990		
	6,087,379	6,043,531	132,090	52,774
20 Reconciliation of net expenditure to net of	eash flows from op	erating activities	2022	2021
			£	£
Net income/(expenditure) for the reporting per	riod		(4,402,521)	491,430
Adjusted for:			(546,300)	(2.441.024)
Capital grants from DfE/ESFA and other capi	tal income		(546,380)	(3,441,924)
Interest receivable			(13,511)	(3,230)
Net Surplus on conversion Defined benefit pension scheme cost less cont	ributions navable		2,398,000	2,180,000
Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost/(316,000	2,180,000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	(Income)		2,769,009	2,492,689
(Increase)/decrease in debtors			(41,938)	(2,345,652)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors			262,305	1,964,498
Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating a	ctivities		740,964	1,618,811
21 Cash flows from financing activities				
			2022 £	2021 £
Cash inflows from new borrowing			-	36,213
Repayment of borrowing			(61,437)	(58,767)
			(61,437)	(22,554)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

22 Contingent liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities as at 31 August 2022 (or 31 August 2021).

23 Members' liability

Each member of the Trust undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he or she is a member, or within one year after he or she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £1, for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

24 Pensions and similar obligations

The Trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: The Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Tyne and Wear Pension Fund. Both are multi- employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016, and that of the LGPS related to the period ended 31 March 2019.

Outstanding contributions as at 31 August 2022 were £496,772 (2021: £511,361) and are included in creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt-out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis - these contributions along with those made by employers are credited to the Exchequer.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016 and in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 except it has been prepared following the Government's decision to pause the operation of the cost control mechanisms at the time when legal challenges were still pending.

The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019. The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- Total scheme liabilities for service (pensions currently payable and the estimated cost of future benefits) of £218 billion
- Value of notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the proceeds from the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196 billion
- Notional past service deficit of £22 billion
- Discount rate is 2.4% in excess of CPI

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

The employer's pension costs paid to the TPS in the period amounted to £3,252,385 (2021: £3,274,114).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on Teacher Pension website

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

24 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

Under FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The Academy Trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The Academy Trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contributions made for the year ended 31 August 2022 was £1,539,228 (2021: £1,606,420), of which employer's contributions totalled £1,170,991 (2021: £398,902). The agreed contribution rates for future years are from 5.5% - 12.5% for employees and between September 2019 – March 2020 the employer rate was 24.1%, this reduced to 17.6% from April 2020 for the Tyne and Wear pension fund. The employer rate with Durham County Council pension fund is 22.9%.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

Allowance for high inflation between 30 September 2021 and 31 August 2022

A gain is recognised in the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) when the actual pension increases are lower than those assumed. The policy to date has been to recognise the pension increase order laid during the relevant accounting period. The last pension increase order was 3.1% in April 2022, and this has been allowed for in these figures. However, due to current levels of inflation we have been instructed to also make an allowance in the DBO for the expected impact of CPI Inflation on the increase order for April 2023. This is a change in accounting policy from previous years. It is expected that then April 2023 pension increase order will reflect CPI inflation for the year ending 30 September 2022.

Therefore, we have made an allowance for CPI inflation between 30 September 2021 and the accounting date, of 9.5%. This is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income. Allowance for CPI inflation for the period after the accounting date is included within the CPI inflation assumption and reflects market expectation at the accounting date

Total contributions made

	2022 £	2021 £
Employer's contributions Employees' contributions	1,144,000 382,000	1,212,000 398,000
	1,526,000	1,610,000

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2019 updated to 31 August 2022 by a qualified independent actuary:

	Durham CC 2022	Durham CC 2021	Tyne & Wear 2022	Tyne & Wear 2021
	%	%	%	%
Rate of increases in salaries	3.7	3.6	4.1	4.1
Rate of increase for pensions in payment	2.7	2.6	2.7	2.6
Discount rate	4.1	1.7	4.1	1.7
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.7	2.6	2.7	. 2.6

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	Durham	Durham	Tyne &	Tyne &
	CC	CC	Wear	Wear
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Years	Years	Years	Years
Retiring today				
Males	22.1	22.3	21.8	22.2
Females	24.2	23.3	25	23.2
Retiring in 20 years				
Males	23.2	24.3	23.5	24.2
Females	25.7	25.8	26.7	25.7

24 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

The Trust's share of the assets in the scheme

	Durham CC 2022	Durham CC 2021	Tyne & Wear 2022	Tyne & Wear 2021	Total 2022	Total 2021
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Equity	962,000	957,000	14,500,000	14,910,000	15,462,000	15,867,000
Government bond	199,000	262,000	430,000	560,000	629,000	822,000
Corporate Bond	77,000	292,000	5,020,000	5,390,000	5,097,000	5,682,000
Cash	25,000	74,000	490,000	1,070,000	515,000	1,144,000
Property	148,000	105,000	2,990,000	2,150,000	3,138,000	2,255,000
Multi Asset Credit	255,000	-	1,190,000	-	1,445,000	-
Other	93,000		2,350,000	2,740,000	2,443,000	2,740,000
Total	1,759,000	1,690,000	26,970,000	26,820,000	28,729,000	28,510,000
Actual return on scheme	assets				(554,000)	4,342,000
Amounts recognised in	the Statement	of Financial A	ctivities			
					2022	2021
					£	£
Current service cost					3,542,000	3,392,000
Net interest cost					316,000	281,000
Past Service Cost					-	-
					3,858,000	3,673,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations

	2022 £
Obligations at 1 September 2021 Transfer	47,384,900
Current Service cost	3,542,000
Interest cost	807,000
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to change in financial assumptions	(23,407,000)
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to changes in demographic assumptions	(303,000)
Actuarial (gain)/loss due to liability loss	2,200,000
Employee contributions	382,000
Benefits paid	(753,000)
Past service cost	-
At 31 August 2022	29,852,900

24 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

Changes in the fair value of the Trust's share of scheme assets

	£
Assets at 1 September 2021	28,510,000
Transfer	-
Interest income	491,000
Return on plan assets (excluding net interest on the net	
defined pension liability)	(1,045,000)
Employer contributions	1,144,000
Employee contributions	382,000
Benefits paid	(753,000)
At 31 August 2022	28,729,000

2022

25 Related party transactions

All transactions involving related or connected parties are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the Trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Michael Sehgal & Sons Limited – a company in which P Sehgal (a Trustee) is a director:

- The Trust purchased student uniforms totalling £18,175 (2021: £15,153). At 31 August 2022 the amount outstanding was £Nil (2021: £Nil).
- The Trust made the purchases at arm's length following competitive tendering in accordance with its financial regulations, which took place before P Sehgal or the Academy itself was involved with the Trust. Therefore, neither party participated in or influenced any decision.
- In entering into the transactions, the Trust has complied with the requirements of the Academies Trust Handbook 2021.
- The element above £2,500 has been provided "at no more than cost" and Michael Sehgal & Sons Limited provided a statement of assurance confirming this.

During the year, the Trust recognised sponsorship income from the Laidlaw Foundation of £3,283,572 (2021: £6,404,126), an amount of which, £1,912,071 (2021: £1,867,192) was expected at 31 August 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2022

26 Agency arrangements

The Trust administers the disbursement of the new discretionary support for learners, 16-19 Bursary Funds, on behalf of the ESFA. In the year it received £38,442 (2021: £32,022). The full funds of £38,442 (2021: £32,022) remain in Creditors at the year end, awaiting distribution (see Note 14).

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO THE LAIDLAW SCHOOLS TRUST AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

Conclusion

We have carried out an engagement in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 24 June 2021 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency ('ESFA') as included in the extant Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts, to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by The Laidlaw Schools Trust during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Basis for conclusion

The framework that has been applied is set out in the extant Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts. We are independent of The Laidlaw Schools Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are applicable to this engagement and we have fulfilled our ethical requirements in accordance with these requirements. We believe the assurance evidence we have obtained is sufficient to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Responsibilities of The Laidlaw Schools Trust's accounting officer and trustees

The accounting officer is responsible, under the requirements of The Laidlaw Schools Trust's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 13 June 2007 and the Academy Trust Handbook extant from 1 September 2021, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them. The accounting officer is also responsible for preparing the Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance. The trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the proper conduct and financial operation of The Laidlaw Schools Trust and appointment of the accounting officer.

Reporting Accountant's responsibilities for reporting on regularity

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the extant Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity. A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and the procedures performed vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for a reasonable assurance engagement; consequently a limited assurance engagement does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the period 1 September 2021 to 31 August 2022 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our work included identification and assessment of the design and operational effectiveness of the controls, policies and procedures that have been implemented to ensure compliance with the framework of authorities including the specific requirements of the funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education, the Academy Trust Handbook 2021 published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency and high level financial

control areas where we identified a risk of material irregularity is likely to arise. It also included areas assessed as presenting a higher risk of impropriety. We undertook detailed testing, on a sample basis, based on the identified areas where a material irregularity is likely to arise, or potential impropriety where such areas are in respect of controls, policies and procedures that apply to classes of transactions. Our work was undertaken with due regard to the 'Evidence to support conclusion on regularity' guidance in the extant Framework and Guide for External Auditors and Reporting Accountants of Academy Trusts.

This work was integrated with our audit on the financial statements and evidence was also derived from the conduct of that audit to the extent it supports the regularity conclusion.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to The Laidlaw Schools Trust and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 24 June 2021. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the The Laidlaw Schools Trust and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The Laidlaw Schools Trust and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

RSM UK AUDITLLP

RSM UK AUDIT LLP

Chartered Accountants 1 St James' Gate Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 4AD

Date 20/12/22