Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 28 February 2022

for

THE CARAT SHOP LIMITED

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THE CARAT SHOP LIMITED

Company Information for the year ended 28 February 2022

Directors:	Mrs A L May Mrs C E Reilly
Secretary:	Mrs A L May
Registered office:	Grasslands Pye Corner Gilston Essex CM20 2RB
Registered number:	05719733 (England and Wales)
Accountants:	Haines Watts Chartered Accountants Aissela 46 High Street Esher Surrey KT10 9QY

Balance Sheet 28 February 2022

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Fixed assets	110103	~	~	~	-
Tangible assets	4		120,767		56,289
Current assets					
Stocks		315,877		273,006	
Debtors	5	2,150,473		1,784,547	
Cash at bank		102,965		297,715	
		2,569,315	_	2,355,268	
Creditors					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	1,328,640		718,742	
Net current assets			1,240,675	<u> </u>	1,636,526
Total assets less current liabilities			1,361,442		1,692,815
Creditors Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		(38,669)		(123,724)
Provisions for liabilities			(10,158)		(7,461)
Net assets			1,312,615		1,561,630
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		2		2
Retained earnings			1,312,613		1,561,628
Shareholders' funds			1,312,615		1,561,630

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 17 October 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs A L May - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 28 February 2022

1. Statutory information

The Carat Shop Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Key source of estimation, uncertainty and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make estimates and judgement that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating depreciation. A full line by line review of fixed assets is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the depreciation policy is as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the policy does not match the useful life of the assets.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating deferred tax. A full line by line review of deferred tax is carried out by management regularly. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the deferred tax is accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the actual tax liability when asset is disposed ff.

There is estimation uncertainty in calculating bad debt provisions. A full line by line review of trade debtors is carried out at the end of each month. Whilst every attempt is made to ensure that the bad debt provisions are as accurate as possible, there remains a risk that the provisions do not match the level of debts which ultimately prove to be uncollectable.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Sales of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
 the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with
- ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction;and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 25% on reducing balance Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Computer equipment - 33% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 28 February 2022

2. Accounting policies - continued

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and bank overdrafts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 15 (2021 - 14).

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 28 February 2022

4.	Tangible fixed assets					
		Plant and	Fixtures and	Motor	Computer	Tatala
		machinery £	fittings £	vehicles £	equipment £	Totals £
	Cost	4		-	-	~
	At 1 March 2021	38,782	20,883	_	31,699	91,364
	Additions	812	16,527	153,494	2,011	172,844
	Disposals	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	(71,598)	_ _	(71,598)
	At 28 February 2022	39,594	37,410	81,896	33,710	192,610
	Depreciation					
	At 1 March 2021	9,962	6,416	-	18,697	35,075
	Charge for year	7,307	8,847	15,774	4,840	36,768
	At 28 February 2022	17,269	15,263	15,774	23,537	71,843
	Net book value					
	At 28 February 2022	22,325	22,147	66,122	<u>10,173</u>	120,767
	At 28 February 2021	28,820	<u>14,467</u>		13,002	<u>56,289</u>
5.	Debtors: amounts falling due wit	hin one vear				
Ů.	Dobtoto. amounto family duo mi	inii ono you			2022	2021
					£	£
	Trade debtors				359,275	407,125
	Other debtors				857,482	809,838
	VAT				289,952	248,815
	Prepayments and accrued income				643,764	318,769
					2,150,473	1,784,547
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due w	ithin one vear				
	3				2022	2021
					£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts				114,583	125,000
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 8	3)			17,192	7,880
	Trade creditors				827,848	321,372
	Tax				61,632	135,631
	Social security and other taxes				15,246	(1,058)
	Other creditors				2,437	1,081
	Directors' current accounts				72,323	2,466
	Accruals and deferred income				217,379	126,370
					1,328,640	718,742
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due af	ter more than one	e year			
	_				2022	2021
	Bank loans - 1-2 years				£	£ 114,583
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 8	3)			38,669	9,141
	rino paronase contracts (see note t	·)			38,669	123,724
						120,124

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the year ended 28 February 2022

8. Leasing agreements

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	17,192	7,880
Between one and five years	38,669	9,14 1
·	55,861	17,021
		cancellable ating leases
	2022	2021
	£	£

Hire purchase contracts

90,000

15,000

105,000

15,000

15,000

9. Secured debts

There is a fixed and floating charge over all assets of the company.

10. Called up share capital

Within one year

Between one and five years

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal	2022	2021
		value:	£	£
2	Ordinary	£1	2	2

11. Transactions with directors

At the year end, the company owed the directors £72,323 (2021: £2,466). The loans are interest free and repayable on demand. Advances to directors totalled £96,268 (2021: £63,444).

12. Related party disclosures

At 28 February 2022, a company that is controlled by the same shareholders, owed the company £706,011 (2021: £723,399). The loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

13. Ultimate controlling party

The company's parent company is Willow Place Holdings Ltd. It's registered office is the same as the company's registered office.

Chartered Accountants' Report to the Board of Directors on the Unaudited Financial Statements of The Carat Shop Limited

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the directors in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Balance Sheet. Readers are cautioned that the Income Statement and certain other primary statements and the Report of the Directors are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of The Carat Shop Limited for the year ended 28 February 2022 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of The Carat Shop Limited, as a body, in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of The Carat Shop Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of The Carat Shop Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The Carat Shop Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that The Carat Shop Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of The Carat Shop Limited. You consider that The Carat Shop Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of The Carat Shop Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Haines Watts
Chartered Accountants
Aissela
46 High Street
Esher
Surrey
KT10 9QY

17 October 2022

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.