COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05710690

GREEN DRAGON TRADING CO. LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 29 FEBRUARY 2016



ANTHON MARLOW

Chartered Certified Accountants
6 Clinton Avenue
Nottingham
NG5 1AW

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

29 FEBRUARY 2016

		2016		2015
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			275,646	293,555
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		49,859		52,384
Cash at bank and in hand		954,138		748,804
				
ADEDITORS A COMPANY		1,003,997		801,188
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one ye	ar	(94,297)		(34,697)
NET CURRENT ASSETS			909,700	766,491
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	3		1,185,346	1,060,046
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			32,485	32,031
			4.450.004	1 000 045
			1,152,861	1,028,015
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	3		2	2
Profit and loss account	-		1,152,859	1,028,013
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,152,861	1,028,015
				

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

29 FEBRUARY 2016

For the year ended 29 February 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 14 September 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

James McMahon

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 20% Reducing Balance Fixtures & Fittings - 20% Reducing Balance

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets
COST	£
At 1 March 2015	766,654
Additions Disposals	61,473 (40,735)
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
At 29 February 2016	787,392
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 March 2015.	473,099
Charge for year	68,910
On disposals	(30,263)
At 29 February 2016	511,746
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 29 February 2016	275,646
At 28 February 2015	293,555

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
•			_	
	2	2	2	2