Registered number: 05696941

KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS (GENERAL PARTNER) LTD

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

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# KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS (GENERAL PARTNER) LTD COMPANY INFORMATION

## 30 April 2019

**DIRECTOR** Owen Trotter

COMPANY SECRETARY Brigid Rodgers

BUSINESS ADDRESS 13 Park Place

Leeds LS1 2SJ

Leeds LS1 2SJ

BANKERS Lloyds

25 Gresham Street London EC2V 7HN

**SOLICITORS** O' Connors LLP

The Plaza

100 Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9QJ

COMPANY NUMBER 05696941

## REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

## **YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019**

The Directors present their report, together with the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 April 2019.

## **Principal Activities**

The company is the General Partner in the Key Capital Partners Fund.

## **Directors**

The Director of the Company during the year ended 30 April 2019 was Owen Trotter.

## **Business Review**

The company continued to act as the General Partner in the Key Capital Partners Fund. The year-end financial position of the company was satisfactory, and the director expects that the present level of activity will be maintained for the foreseeable future.

## Results

The Company's profit for the year was £1 (2018: £1).

## Status of this Directors' Report

This report is prepared in accordance with the small companies' regime under the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Board on 23rd July 2019 and signed on its behalf.

Brigid Rodgers Company Secretary

## STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

## YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the Financial Statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company law the Directors must not approve the Financial Statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these Financial Statements, the Director is required to:

- select suitable Accounting Policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The Director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

## YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

	Note	2019	2018
•		£	£
Gross Profit		224.042	318,633
Net operating expenses		231,013	310,033
Administrative expenses		(231,012))	(318,632)
Operating profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		1	1-
Interest receivable and similar income		-	-
Profit/ (loss) on Ordinary Activities before taxation		1	
Tax on profit on ordinary activities			
Profit/ (loss) for the Financial Year		1	1_

Profit for the year has been calculated on the historical cost basis.

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 8 form part of these Financial Statements.

## COMPANY NUMBER 05696941

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## AT 30 APRIL 2019

	Note	2019	2018
		£	£
Fixed Assets			
Investments	3	130	130
Current Assets			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand Net Current Assets	4	151 150 301	16 164 180
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		(427)	(307)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities  Capital and Reserves		4_	3
Called up share capital	5	4	4
Profit and loss account	6	1 3 4	1 2 3

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 8 form part of these Financial Statements.

## COMPANY NUMBER 05696941

## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

## AT 30 APRIL 2019

	2019	2018
	£	£
Cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	1	. 1
Increase in debtors	(135)	(15)
Increase in creditors	<b>`120</b>	142
(Decrease)/increase in cash	(14)	128
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 May 2018	164	36
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 April 2019	150	164

## **COMPANY NUMBER 05696941**

## **BALANCE SHEET**

## **AT 30 APRIL 2019**

These Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime under the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

No members have required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and for the preparation of accounts.

The Financial Statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors 23rd July 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

Owen Trotter Director

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 7 to 8 form part of these Financial Statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

## 1. Accounting Policies

A summary of the more important Accounting Policies is set out below.

## **Basis of Accounting**

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

## **Turnover**

Turnover derives from income as the General Partner in the 13 Limited Partnerships which comprise the Key Capital Partners Fund. All the partnerships are registered in the United Kingdom.

## **Investments**

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any impairment.

## **Taxation**

The Company's taxation is based on the accounts of the 13 Limited Partnerships which comprise the Key Capital Partners Fund. This treatment is not reflected in these accounts.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

## 1. Accounting Policies (continued)

No provision has been made for deferred tax

## 2. Investments

Cost at 1 May and 30 April 2019 £130

The holding comprises the company's investment in the 13 Limited Partnerships of the Key Capital Partner Fund

3.	Debtors		2019	2018
	Other debtors		151	16
4.	Creditors		2019	2018
	Other creditors		427	307
5	Share Capital	•		
	Allotted and Called Up	·		
	"A" ordinary shares of £1 each	,	. 1	1

6.	Reserves	Own Shares	Profit & Loss Account	Total
		£	£	£
	At 1 May 2018	1	2	3
	Retained profit for the year		1	1
	At 30 April 2019	1	3	4

## 7. Related Party Transactions

The Company paid management fees totalling £231,000 (2018: £318,632) to Key Capital Partners LLP the manager of the Key Capital Partners Fund

## 8. Parent Undertaking and Ultimate Controlling Party

The ultimate parent in calculating and controlling company is Key Capital Partners LLP, a Limited Liability Partnership registered in the United Kingdom



# Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

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## Partnership Information

## Partnership Number

LP12171

## Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

## Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

## **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

## **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

## **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

## Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

## **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

## Independent Fund Administrators

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



## Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

## Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

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Owen Trotter Designated Member

0/8/2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

## Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for Issue.

## Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A (continued)

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

## Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

lan Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



## Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		60	370
Interest income		170	29,89 <u>5</u>
	_	230	30,265
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	7	(355,285)	741,241
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		355,079	(719,608)
Profit for the financial year	-	24	51,898

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



## Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	185,385	726,666
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		261	200
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	(77)	(77)
Net Current Assets		184	123
Net Assets attributable to Partners		185,569	726,789
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		140	140
Loan account		3,069,325	3,069,325
Distribution to Partners		(5,233,819)	(4,692,575)
Retained earnings		2,349,923	2,349,899
Total Partners' Funds		185,569	726,789

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on  $6/\ell/$  2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12171

KCP KEY CAPITAL

Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Limited as nominee for Schroder	(Carried Interest) LLP £	(Investments) LLP £	Partner Limited	Total £
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	710,563	289	15,529	10	726,789
Additions					
Loan	7,536	1	1	ŧ	7,536
Profit for the financial year	(33,691)	34,469	(754)	1	24
Priority Profit Share	(7,536)	ŧ		7,536	•
Distributions					
Repayment of Ioan	(495,871)	1	(10,904)	•	(506,775)
Income distribution	•	(34,469)	1	1	(34,469)
Priority Profit Share	ı			(7,536)	(7,536)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	181,001	687	3,871	10	185,569

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

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## 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Key Capital Partners FUND KCP 1-A is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 1 May 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 1 May 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

## 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

## 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

## (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

## (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



## 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

## (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

## (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

## (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

## (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



## 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

## 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

## Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

## 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

## 6 Trade and other payables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Other payables	77	77
	77	77



## 7 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	560	370,821	371,381
Disposals	(529)	(370,082)	(370,611)
Restructuring *	_	184,615	184,615
As at 30 April 2019	31	185,354	185,385
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	355,285	-	355,285
Change for the year	(355,285)	-	(355,285)
As at 30 April 2019		-	
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	31	185,354	185,385
As at 30 April 2018	355,845	370,821	726,666

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
  - The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £185,385 (30 April 2018: £726,666) were categorised under this category.

## 8 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2014	I	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	52,923	5.29%
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	l	uĸ	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	31	0.01%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.



## 9 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £7,536 (30 April 2018: £13,829) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

## 10 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

## 11 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £18,538 (30 April 2018: £53,028) for Key Capital Partners Fund I being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP

ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

# East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11-15



## Partnership Information

## Partnership Number

LP12175

## Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

## Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

## **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

## **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

## **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

## Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

## **Bankers**

Lioyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

## **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



# East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

## Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

## Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

## Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

Grother

Owen Trotter Designated Member

2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

# East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

## Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP

## Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

## Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

## Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



## Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		227	512
Interest income		137,955	173,440
	_	138,182	173,952
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(2,159,323)	1,652,384
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		2,777,563	(719,606)
Profit for the financial year	_	756,422	1,106,730

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



## Statement of Financial Position

		As at 30 April 2019	As at 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	2,174,499	5,355,516
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	72,244	252,311
Cash and cash equivalents		284	3,086
·		72,528	255,397
Current Llabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(78)	(2,947)
Net Current Assets	_	72,450	252,450
Net Assets attributable to Partners	=	2,246,949	5,607,966
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		140	140
Loan account		8,581,717	8,581,71 <b>7</b>
Distribution to Partners		(16,989,701)	(12,872,262)
Retained earnings		10,654,793	9,898,371
Total Partners' Funds	-	2,246,949	5,607,966

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on  $6/\mathcal{C}$  2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

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Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12175

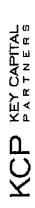


East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	East Riding Pension Fund	KCP (Carried Interest) LLP	KCP (Investments)	General Partner Limited	Total £
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	5,474,138	3,124	130,694	10	5,607,966
Additions					
Loan	30,144	£	•	1	30,144
Profit for the financial year	426,758	318,098	11,566	•	756,422
Priority Profit Share	(30,144)	1	ì	30,144	ı
Distributions					
Repayment of Ioan	(3,708,155)	1	(91,186)	•	(3,799,341)
Income distribution	•	(318,098)	•	•	(318,098)
Priority Profit Share	ı	1	ŧ	(30,144)	(30,144)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	2,192,741	3,124	51,074	10	2,246,949

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### Notes to the Financial Statements

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#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

East Riding of Yorkshire Acting as Administering Authority of East Riding Pension Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 1 May 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 1 May 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	72,244	252,311
	72,244	252,311
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	1	2,870
Other payables	<b>7</b> 7	77
	78	2,947



#### Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	329,940	2,265,688	2,595,628
Disposals	(80,606)	(1,430,465)	(1,511,071)
Restructuring *	-	489,377	489,377
As at 30 April 2019	249,334	1,324,600	1,573,934
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	2,717,542	42,346	2,759,888
Change for the year	(2,159,323)	-	(2,159,323)
As at 30 April 2019	558,219	42,346	600,565
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	807,553	1,366,946	2,174,499
As at 30 April 2018	3,047,482	2,308,034	5,355,516

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £2,174,499 (30 April 2018: £5,355,516) were categorised under this category.



#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	I	υĸ	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	1	UΚ	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	31	0.01%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UΚ	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	1,220,722	8.58%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	42,341	4.19%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage, Philip Duquenoy and James Hall are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £30,144 (30 April 2018: £41,488) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £18,538 (30 April 2018: £53,028) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £104,205 (30 April 2018: £94,669) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £1,556 (30 April 2018: £8,241) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £126,743 (30 April 2018: £311,122) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

#### Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		174	512
Interest income		109,120	146,493
	_	109,294	147,005
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(1,564,322)	1, <b>4</b> 51,197
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		1,994,022	(719,606)
Profit for the financial year	_	538,994	878,596

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



## Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12173

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Designated Members of the Manager**

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

#### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

Wen wotler

Owen Trotter Designated Member

6/9/2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



#### Statement of Financial Position

		As at 30 April 2019	As at 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	2,016,281	4,346,623
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	<del>49</del> ,161	199,273
Cash and cash equivalents		281	3,400
		49,442	202,673
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(78)	(3,263)
Net Current Assets	-	49,364	199,410
Net Assets attributable to Partners		2,065,645	4,546,033
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		140	140
Loan account		8,018,766	8,018,766
Distribution to Partners		(15,264,935)	(12,245,553)
Retained earnings		9,311,674	8,772,680
Total Partners' Funds	_	2,065,645	4,546,033

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/2 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

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Partnership Number LP12173



Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Wolverhampton City Council	KCP (Carried Interest)	KCP (Investments)	General Partner	F
	3	4	<b>3</b>	Limited	- 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	4,439,834	2,627	103,562	10	4,546,033
Additions					
Loan	27,658	•	1		27,658
Profit for the financial year	302,296	228,274	8,424		538,994
Priority Profit Share	(27,658)	1	E	27,658	ı
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(2,725,080)	1	(66,028)	1	(2,791,108)
Income distribution	E	(228,274)	•	,	(228,274)
Priority Profit Share	1	1	ı	(27,658)	(27,658)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	2,017,050	2,627	45,958	10	2,065,645

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Wolverhampton City Council Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 1 May 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 1 May 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	49,161	199,273
	49,161	199,273
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	1	1,923
Due to limited partners	-	1,263
Other payables	77	77
	78	3,263



#### 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	290,353	1,895,962	2,186,315
Disposals	(54,983)	(1,200,414)	(1,255,397)
Restructuring *	-	489,377	489,377
As at 30 April 2019	235,370	1,184,925	1,420,295
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	2,131,927	28,381	2,160,308
Change for the year	(1,564,322)	-	(1,564,322)
As at 30 April 2019	567,605	28,381	595,986
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	802,975	1,213,306	2,016,281
As at 30 April 2018	2,422,280	1,924,343	4,346,623

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- . Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £2,016,281 (30 April 2018: £4,346,623) were categorised under this category.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	I	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	I	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	31	0.01%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	1,220,722	8.58%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	28,376	2.81%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £27,658 (30 April 2018: £39,208) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £18,538 (30 April 2018: £53,028) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £104,205 (30 April 2018: £94,669) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £1,556 (30 April 2018: £8,241) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £84,938 (30 April 2018: £208,502) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





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# The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

### The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12170

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Designated Members of the Manager**

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

#### **Legal Advisers**

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### Independent Fund Administrators

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

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Owen Trotter
Designated Member

/ V / 2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic afternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2008, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



#### Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		54	157
Interest income		28,281	40,581
	_	28,335	40,738
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(469,288)	464,274
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		584,436	(269,853)
Profit for the financial year	_	143,483	235,159

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### Statement of Financial Position

		As at 30 April 2019	As at 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	517,770	1,212,808
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	13,687	53,027
Cash and cash equivalents		110	978
		13,797	54,005
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(29)	(920)
Net Current Assets	-	13,768	53,085
Net Assets attributable to Partners	=	531,538	1,265,893
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		65	65
Loan account		2,205,785	2,205,785
Distribution to Partners		(3,807,747)	(2,929,909)
Retained earnings		2,133,435	1,989,952
Total Partners' Funds	=	531,538	1,265,893

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/9/2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Ower notter

Partnership Number LP12170



The Cayzer Frust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	The Cayzer Trust Company Limited	KCP (Carried Interest)	KCP (Investments)	General Partner	- <del> </del>
	<b>4</b>	¥	. <i>3</i> 3	3 7	3 1
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	1,236,358	658	28,867	10	1,265,893
Additions					
Loan	2,065	•		1	7,065
Profit for the financial year	75,928	65,400	2,155	,	143,483
Priority Profit Share	(7,065)	ı	1	7,065	i
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(793,226)	1	(19,212)	ı	(812,438)
Income distribution	ī	(65,400)	1	•	(65,400)
Priority Profit Share	•	t,	•	(7,065)	(2,065)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	519,060	829	11,810	10	531,538

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

The Cayzer Trust Company Limited Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 1 May 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 1 May 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities, Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is bome by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	13,687	53,027
	13,687	53,027
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	-	538
Due to limited partners	-	353
Other payables	29	29
		920



#### 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	74,755	519,492	594,247
Disposals	(15,063)	(337,060)	(352,123)
Restructuring *	-	126,373	126,373
As at 30 April 2019	59,692	308,805	368,497
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	610,621	7 <b>,94</b> 0	618,561
Change for the year	(469,288)	-	(469,288)
As at 30 April 2019	141,333	7,940	149,273
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	201,025	316,745	517,770
As at 30 April 2018	685,376	527,432	1,212,808

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
  - The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £517,770 (30 April 2018: £1,212,808) were categorised under this category.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	1	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	ı	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	12	0.00%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	VI	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	305,180	2.15%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	7,939	0.79%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollower following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £7,065 (30 April 2018: £10,372) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £6,952 (30 April 2018: £19,886) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £26,051 (30 April 2018: £23,667) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £195 (30 April 2018: £1,030) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £23,764 (30 April 2018: £58,335) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





## Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

## Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12172

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

Owen Trotter
Designated Member

2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

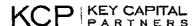
This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

lan Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



#### Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		367	406
Interest income		232,848	250,377
		233,215	250,783
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(3,880,559)	2,031,598
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		5,113,925	(455,836)
Profit for the financial year	_	1,466,581	1,826,545

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



### Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	2,755,528	8,396,610
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	145,524	420,694
Cash and cash equivalents		168	6,004
•		145,692	426,698
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(47)	(5,921)
Net Current Assets		145,645	420,777
Net Assets attributable to Partners		2,901,173	8,817,387
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		80	80
Loan account		10,552,825	10,552,825
Distribution to Partners		(24,416,855)	(17,034,060)
Retained earnings		16,765,123	15,298,542
Total Partners' Funds		2,901,173	8,817,387

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/6 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12172



Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Metropolitan Borough of Wirral	KCP (Carried Interest)	KCP (Investments)	General Partner	ř
	<b>u</b> l	4 4	<b>4</b>	Fimited £	1 Otal
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	8,598,553	4,885	213,939	10	8,817,387
Additions					
Loan	38,506	•	•	i	38,506
Profit for the financial year	852,070	592,383	22,128	1 -	1,466,581
Priority Profit Share	(38,506)	í	t	38,506	١
Distributions					
Repayment of Ioan	(6,624,000)	•	(166,412)	1	(6,790,412)
Income distribution	•	(592,383)		i	(592,383)
Priority Profit Share	•	1	ı	(38,506)	(38,506)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	2,826,623	4,885	69,655	10	2,901,173

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Metropolitan Borough of Wirral Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 1 May 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 1 May 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	145,524	420,694
	145,524	420,694
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	-	5,874
Other payables	47	47
	47	5,921



#### 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	456,688	3,444,260	3,900,948
Disposals	(163,032)	(2,165,989)	(2,329,021)
Restructuring *	-	568,498	568,498
As at 30 April 2019	293,656	1,846,769	2,140,425
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	4,408,974	86,688	4,495,662
Change for the year	(3,880,559)	-	(3,880,559)
As at 30 April 2019	528,415	86,688	615,103
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	822,071	1,933,457	2,755,528
As at 30 April 2018	4,865,662	3,530,948	8,396,610

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
  - The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £2,755,528 (30 April 2018: £8,396,610) were categorised under this category.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	1	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	1	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	15	0.00%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	1,220,722	8.58%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	86,678	8.58%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £38,506 (30 April 2018: £53,050) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £9,269 (30 April 2018: £26,514) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £104,205 (30 April 2018: £94,669) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £2,432 (30 April 2018: £12,877) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £259,459 (30 April 2018: £636,907) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12169

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Designated Members of the Manager**

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### General Partner

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### Director of the General Partner

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

#### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

wen Trotte

Owen Trotter Designated Member

୬/<sup>୧</sup>୪/ 2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period, in preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you If, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

lan Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



#### Statement of Comprehensive income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		325	827
Interest income		197,379	256,030
	_	197,704	256,857
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(3,017,838)	2,536,862
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		3,864,614	(1,205,375)
Profit for the financial year	_	1,044,480	1,588,344

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	3,232,321	7,696,412
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	98,185	360,470
Cash and cash equivalents		423	4,196
	_	98,608	364,666
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(129)	(4,010)
Net Current Assets		98,479	360,656
Net Assets attributable to Partners	=	3,330,800	8,057,068
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		140	140
Loan account		12,830,932	12,830,932
Distribution to Partners		(26,289,504)	(20,518,756)
Retained earnings		16,789,232	15,744,752
Total Partners' Funds		3,330,800	8,057,068

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/8

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

**Owen Trotter** 

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12169



City of Bradford Metropolitan District Council Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audíted Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

74 867

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

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After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

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Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

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#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

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Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at 30 April 2019	As at 30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	98,185	360,470
	98,185	360,470
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	1	3,882
Other payables	128	128
	129	4,010



#### Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	490,430	3,252,678	3,743,108
Disposals	(109,734)	(2,036,519)	(2,146,253)
Restructuring *	•	700,000	700,000
As at 30 April 2019	380,696	1,916,159	2,296,855
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	3,896,031	57,273	3,953,304
Change for the year	(3,017,838)	-	(3,017,838)
As at 30 April 2019	878,193	57,273	935,466
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	1,258,889	1,973,432	3,232,321
As at 30 April 2018	4,386,461	3,309,951	7,696,412

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
  - The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £3,232,321 (30 April 2018: £7,696,412) were categorised under this category.

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Stamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	i	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	1	uĸ	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	50	0.01%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	1,907,378	13.41%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	57,267	5.67%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £46,200 (30 April 2018: £64,000) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £30,125 (30 April 2018: £86,171) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £162,820 (30 April 2018: £147,920) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £2,475 (30 April 2018: £13,109) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £171,421 (30 April 2018: £420,795) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

## Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12410

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

#### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### Bankers

Lloyds Bank pic Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### Independent Fund Administrators

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

wall

Owen Trotter Designated Member

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KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



PARTNERS page 5

#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

lan Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



# Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		153	767
Interest income		105,095	164,997
	_	105,248	165,764
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(1,137,562)	1,768,027
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		1,399,038	(1,079,411)
Profit for the financial year	_	366,724	854,380

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



# Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	2,398,191	4,165,303
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	26,84 <b>4</b>	191,148
Cash and cash equivalents	_	370	1,864
		27,214	193,012
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(116)	(1,709)
Net Current Assets	-	27,098	191,303
Net Assets attributable to Partners	=	2,425,289	4,356,606
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		100	100
Loan account		9,888,086	9,888,086
Distribution to Partners		(19,392,969)	(17,094,928)
Retained earnings		11,930,072	11,563,348
Total Partners' Funds	-	2,425,289	4,356,606

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on  $6/\sqrt[8]{2019}$ .

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12410



Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Innotech Advisers Limited	KCP (Carried Interest)	KCP (Investments)	General Partner	- - - - -
	IJ	4	<b>.</b>	3 Filling	3
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	4,261,111	2,908	92,577	10	4,356,606
Additions					
Loan	36,437	1	1	i	36,437
Profit for the financial year	200,566	159,906	6,252	ı	366,724
Priority Profit Share	(36,437)	1	•	36,437	1
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(2,090,209)	•	(47,926)	4	(2,138,135)
Income distribution	•	(159,906)	í	ı	(159,906)
Priority Profit Share	ı	r.	•	(36,437)	(36,437)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	2,371,468	2,908	50,903	10	2,425,289

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

# 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Innotech Investments Limited Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 30 June 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 30 June 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 30 June 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

# (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

# (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

# (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

# (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

# (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unitaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

# 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019 £	30 April 2018 £
Loan stock interest receivable	26,844	191,148
	26,844	191,148
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	1	963
Due to limited partners	-	631
Other payables	115	115
	116	1,709



# 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	355,090	1,787,979	2,143,069
Additions	-	-	•
Disposals	(30,415)	(1,028,439)	(1,058,854)
Restructuring *	-	429,304	429,304
As at 30 April 2019	324,675	1,188,844	1,513,519
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	2,008,045	14,189	2,022,234
Change for the year	(1,137,562)	-	(1,137,562)
As at 30 April 2019	870,483	14 <u>,1</u> 89	884,672
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	1,195,158	1,203,033	2,398,191
As at 30 April 2018	2,363,135	1,802,168	4,165,303

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- · Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
  - Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £2,398,191 (30 April 2018: £4,165,303) were categorised under this category.



#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	l	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
NevIlle Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	J	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	46	0.01%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	1,831,083	12.87%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	ик	Recruitment for the medical sector	1 <b>4,1</b> 88	1. <b>4</b> 0%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollower following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

# 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £36,437 (30 April 2018: £47,263) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

# 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

# 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £27,808 (30 April 2018: £79,542) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £156,307 (30 April 2018: £142,003) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £2,334 (30 April 2018: £12,362) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £42,469 (30 April 2018: £104,251) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

# Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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# Partnership Information

# Partnership Number

LP12174

# Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

# **Designated Members of the Manager**

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

# **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

# Director of the General Partner

Owen Trotter

# **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
1 Westferry Circus
Canary Wharf
London E14 4HD

# Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

# **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



# Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

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Owen Trotter Designated Member

2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

# Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

# Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



# Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		152	16 <b>4</b>
Interest income		100,308	108,543
	<del></del>	100,460	108,707
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(1,595,301)	845,268
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		2,096,010	(179,903)
Profit for the financial year		601,169	774,072

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



# Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	1,211,063	3,540,866
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	59,571	180,037
Cash and cash equivalents		90	4,041
·		59,661	184,078
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(19)	(3,989)
Net Current Assets	_	59,642	180,089
Net Assets attributable to Partners	-	1,270,705	3,720,955
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		50	50
Loan account		4,033,666	4,033,666
Distribution to Partners		(8,742,175)	(5,690,756)
Retained earnings		5,979,164	5,377,995
Total Partners' Funds		1,270,705	3,720,955

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entitles subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on  $\mathcal{C}/\mathcal{Q}$  2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

**Owen Trotter** 

**Designated Member** 

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Partnership Number LP12174



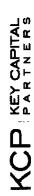
Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Moulton Goodies Limited	KCP (Carried Interest)	KCP (Investments)	General Partner	T.
	Я	4	<b>.</b>	2 1	3
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	3,622,481	9,436	89,028	10	3,720,955
Additions					
Loan	15,713	•	•		15,713
Profit for the financial year	349,280	242,725	9,164	•	601,169
Priority Profit Share	(15,713)	ı	ı	15,713	ı
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(2,740,269)	•	(68,425)	1	(2,808,694)
Income distribution	•	(242,725)			(242,725)
Priority Profit Share	ı	ı	1	(15,713)	(15,713)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	1,231,492	9,436	29,767	10	1,270,705

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Moulton Goodies Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 1 May 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 1 May 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entitles Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, falling which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

KCP KEY CAPITAL

# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	59,571	180,037
	59,571	180,037
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	-	2,397
Due to limited partners	-	1,573
Other payables	19	19
	19	3,989



# 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	205,426	1,435,204	1,640,630
Disposals	(66,201)	(866,836)	(933,037)
Restructuring *	-	198,535	198,535
As at 30 April 2019	139,225	766,903	906,128
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	1,864,874	35,362	1,900,236
Change for the year	(1,595,301)	-	(1,595,301)
As at 30 April 2019	269,573	35,362	304,935
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	408,798	802,265	1,211,063
As at 30 April 2018	2,070,300	1,470,566	3,540,866

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018. The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £1,211,063 (30 April 2018: £3,540,866) were categorised under this category.

# 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	1	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	ı	uк	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	386	0.08%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	610,361	4.29%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UK	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Hallam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	35,358	3.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

# 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage, Philip Duquenoy and James Hall are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £15,713 (30 April 2018: £19,604) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

# 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

# 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £5,577 (30 April 2018: £15,241) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £52,102 (30 April 2018: £47,334) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £778 (30 April 2018: £4,121) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £105,841 (30 April 2018: £259,812) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941



# South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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KCP KEY CAPITAL

# Partnership Information

# Partnership Number

LP12412

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

# **Designated Members of the Manager**

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

# General Partner

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

# **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

# Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

# Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

# **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



# South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

Duen Two Ne

Owen Trotter
Designated Member

2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP

# Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



# Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		. 87	256
Interest income		54,560	73,247
		54,647	73,503
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(782,161)	725,596
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		997,011	(359,801)
Profit for the financial year	<u> </u>	269,497	439,298

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

KCP KEY CAPITAL

PARTNERS page 8

# Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	1,008,140	2,173,311
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	24,580	99,637
Cash and cash equivalents	_	147	1,075
		24,727	100,712
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(38)	(1,000)
Net Current Assets	-	24,689	99,712
Net Assets attributable to Partners	-	1,032,829	2,273,023
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		80	80
Loan account		4,009,380	4,009,380
Distribution to Partners		(7,632,456)	(6,122,765)
Retained earnings		4,655,825	4,386,328
Total Partners' Funds	-	1,032,829	2,273,023

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/4 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Total

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12412



South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	South Yorkshire Pensions Authority	Carried Intel	KCP (Investments)	General Partner	i P
	G	4 1	<b>4</b>	rimited £	F Corat
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	2,219,917	1,314	51,782	10	2,273,023
Additions					
Loan	13,829	•	•	,	13,829
Profit for the financial year	151,148	114,137	4,212	ı	269,497
Priority Profit Share	(13,829)	t	ı	13,829	1
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(1,362,540)	•	(33,014)	1	(1,395,554)
Income distribution	,	(114,137)			(114,137)
Priority Profit Share	1	1	1	(13,829)	(13,829)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	1,008,525	1,314	22,980	10	1,032,829

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

South Yorkshire Pension Authority Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 30 June 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 30 June 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 30 June 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

# (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

# (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

# (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

# (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

# 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018
		£
Loan stock interest receivable	24,580	99,637
	24,580	99,637
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Due to parallel funds	-	962
Other payables	38	38
	38	1,000



#### 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	145,176	947,981	1,093,157
Disposals	(27,492)	(600,207)	(627,699)
Restructuring *	-	244,689	244,689
As at 30 April 2019	117,684	592,463	710,147
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	1,065,965	14,189	1,080,154
Change for the year	(782,161)	-	(782,161)
As at 30 April 2019	283,804	14,189	297,993
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	401,488	606,652	1,008,140
As at 30 April 2018	1,211,141	962,170	2,173,311

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has sold its loan note in EarthStream Global Limited ("ESG") to CloudStream Global as part of refinancing of ESG on 14 June 2018. Furthermore, CloudStream Global has changed its name to TechStream Group Holdings Limited on 15 August 2018. Also, the Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £1,008,140 (30 April 2018: £2,173,311) were categorised under this category.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	I	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	i	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	15	0.00%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	uĸ	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	610,361	4.29%
Techstream Techstream Group Holdings Limited (Loan notes)	VI	UΚ	Recruitment for the oil and gas and mining sectors	N/A	N/A
Haliam £1 Preferred Ordinary Shares 10% Fixed Rate Secured Loan Stock - 2021	VII	UK	Recruitment for the medical sector	14,188	1.40%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £13,829 (30 April 2018: £19,604) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £9,269 (30 April 2018: £26,514) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £52,102 (30 April 2018: £47,334) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV, £778 (30 April 2018: £4,121) for Key Capital Partners Fund V and £42,469 (30 April 2018: £104,251) for Key Capital Partners Fund VII being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





# Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941



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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12411

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Designated Members of the Manager**

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

Owen Trotter
Designated Member

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2019

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to gualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



#### Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		16	110
Interest income		17,971	13,103
	-	17,987	13,213
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	8	(85,018)	257,868
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		94,638	(179,902)
Profit for the financial year	_	27,607	91,179

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### Statement of Financial Position

		As at 30 Aprīl 2019	As at 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	326,383	477,139
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	4,113	5,772
Cash and cash equivalents		86	70
		4,199	5,842
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	<b>(</b> 19)	(19)
Net Current Assets		4,180	5,823
Net Assets attributable to Partners	 =	330,563	482,962
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		75	75
Loan account		1,293,714	1,293,714
Distribution to Partners		(2,157,178)	(1,977,172)
Retained earnings		1,193,952	1,166,345
Total Partners' Funds	-	330,563	482,962

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/6 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

**Owen Trotter** 

**Designated Member** 

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Partnership Number LP12411

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Sir Peter Vardy	KCP (Carried Interset)	KCP (Investments)	General	
	ધા	dTI	3 4TD 4TD	Limited £	Total £
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	465,041	7,832	10,079	10	482,962
Additions					
Loan	4,710	•	ì	1	4,710
Profit for the financial year	16,073	11,071	463	,	27,607
Priority Profit Share	(4,710)	1	1	4,710	1
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(165,387)	1	(3,548)	•	(168,935)
Income distribution	•	(11,071)	1		(11,071)
Priority Profit Share	\$	1	ì	(4,710)	(4,710)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	315,727	7,832	6,994	10	330,563

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Sir Peter Vardy KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 30 June 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 30 June 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 30 June 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

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#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Loan stock interest receivable	4,113 4,113	5,772 5,772
7 Trade and other payables		
	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Other payables	19	19
	19	19



#### 8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	52,559	192,942	245,501
Disposals	(432)	(111, <b>46</b> 0)	(111,892)
Restructuring *	-	46,154	46,154
As at 30 April 2019	52,127	127,636	179,763
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	231,638	-	231,638
Change for the year	(85,018)	-	(85,018)
As at 30 April 2019	146,620	-	146,620
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	198,747	127,636	326,383
As at 30 April 2018	284,197	192,942	477,139

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2; Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable
  - The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £326,383 (30 April 2018: £477,139) were categorised under this category.

#### 9 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	1	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	ţ	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	386	0.08%
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	305,180	2.15%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.

#### 10 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage, Philip Duquenoy and James Hall are designated members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £4,710 (30 April 2018: £6,050) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 11 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 12 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £5,577 (30 April 2018: £15,241) for Key Capital Partners Fund I, £26,051 (30 April 2018: £23,667) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV and £195 (30 April 2018: £1,030) for Key Capital Partners Fund V being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





## Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

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### Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12413

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

#### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### **Bankers**

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

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Owen Trotter
Designated Member

/ 0 / 2019

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

lan Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



#### Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Bank interest		8	53
Interest income		1,367	5,260
	_	1,375	5,313
Unrealised (loss) / gain on investments	7	(45,294)	93,997
Realised gain / (loss) on investments		46,732	(89,951)
Profit for the financial year	_	2,813	9,359

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### Statement of Financial Position

		As at 30 April 2019	As at 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	27,886	103,427
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		59	51
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	(10)	(10)
Net Current Assets		49	41
Net Assets attributable to Partners		27,935	103,468
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		73	73
Loan account		427,438	427,438
Distribution to Partners		(862,966)	(784,620)
Retained earnings		463,390	460,577
Total Partners' Funds		27,935	103,468

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/9 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12413

Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Adrian Derx	KCP (Carried Interest)	KCP (Investments)	General	
	ч	LLP	3 477	Limited	Total £
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	97,546	3,910	2,002	10	103,468
Additions					
Loan	1,319	•	•		1,319
Profit for the financial year	(2,505)	5,394	(76)	,	2,813
Priority Profit Share	(1,319)	ι	3	1,319	,
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(71,517)	•	(1,435)	ľ	(72,952)
Income distribution	1	(5,394)	,	1	(5,394)
Priority Profit Share	ı		ţ	(1,319)	(1,319)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	23,524	3,910	491	10	27,935

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Adrian Derx Fund KCP1 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership") established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 15 July 2007.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 15 July 2007 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 15 July 2007.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partner. Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policles (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other payables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Other payables	10	10
	10	10



#### 7 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	379	57,754	58,133
Disposals	(186)	(53,138)	(53,324)
Restructuring *	-	23,077	23,077
As at 30 April 2019	193	27,693	27,886
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	45,294	w	45,294
Change for the year	(45,294)	-	(45,294)
As at 30 April 2019	-		<u>.</u>
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	193	27,693	27,886
As at 30 April 2018	45,673	57,754	103,427

<sup>\*</sup> The Partnership has reissued its £1,500,000 of deferred consideration of loan note in Templine for a 4% secured loan note as part of its exit on 20 December 2018.

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- · Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £27,886 (30 April 2018: £103,427) were categorised under this category.

#### 8 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Siamo Azzuri Limited (t/a Templine) Templine (4% Secured Loan Notes)	I	UK	Provision of recruitment services to the logistics sector	N/A	N/A
Neville Johnson Holdings Limited * £1 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated Loan Stock - 2015	ţ	UK	Manufacture and installation of bespoke furniture	193	0.04%

<sup>\*</sup> Represents the shareholding of investors opting in the rollover following the sale of Neville Johnson in May 2014.



#### 9 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £1,319 (30 April 2018: £2,074) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.

#### 10 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

#### 11 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £2,789 (30 April 2018: £7,621) for Key Capital Partners Fund I and £78 (30 April 2018: £412) for Key Capital Partners Fund V being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





## Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY

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### Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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#### Partnership Information

#### Partnership Number

LP12943

#### Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

#### **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

#### **Director of the General Partner**

Owen Trotter

#### **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

#### Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

#### Bankers

Lloyds Bank pic Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

#### Independent Fund Administrators

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



#### Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

#### Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

#### Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

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Owen Trotter
Designated Member

2019

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#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

in our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the
  year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

# Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

#### Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



# Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018
	Notes	£	£
Interest income		5,467	6,491
Unrealised gain on investments Realised loss on investments	7	2,168	58,291 (24,008)
Profit for the financial year		7,635	40,774

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



# Statement of Financial Position

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	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	151,078	152,032
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	226	11,715
Cash and cash equivalents	_	33	33
	_	259	11,748
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables		(2)	(2)
Net Current Assets	_	257	11,746
Net Assets attributable to Partners	=	151,335	163,778
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		73	73
Loan account		381,886	381,886
Distribution to Partners		(328,309)	(308,231)
Retained earnings		97,685	90,050
Total Partners' Funds	-	151,335	163,778

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/8 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12943

Owen Trother

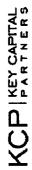
Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

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Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

	Rosalind Anita		KCP	General	
	Jane Smith	(Carried Interest)	(investments) LLP	Partner Limited	Total
	Η	W	ы	લ	<b>w</b>
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	160,715	12	3,041	10	163,778
Additions					
Loan	942	•	1	•	942
Profit for the financial year	7,332	•	303	•	7,635
Priority Profit Share	(942)	•	b	942	•
Distributions					
Repayment of loan	(19,757)	•	(321)	•	(20,078)
Priority Profit Share	•	1	1	(942)	(942)
Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	148,290	12	3,023	10	151,335

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



#### Notes to the Financial Statements

# 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 25 April 2008.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2008 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 25 April 2008.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

# (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on Investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.



# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### (f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

# (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

#### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarily earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	226	11,715
	226	11,715



# 7 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	25,870	54,994	80,864
Disposals	•	(3,122)	(3,122)
As at 30 April 2019	25,870	51,872	77,742
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	71,168	-	71,168
Change for the year	2,168	-	2,168
As at 30 April 2019	73,336	•	73,336
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	99,206	51,872	151,078
As at 30 April 2018	97,038	54,994	152,032

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

. Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.

 Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.

 Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £151,078 (30 April 2018: £152,032) were categorised under this category.

# B Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	ľV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	152,590	1.07%

#### 9 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £942 (30 April 2018: £1,296) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.



# Rosalind Anita Jane Smith Fund KCP2 LP Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

# Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

# 10 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited flability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

# 11 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners.

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £13,026 (30 April 2018: £11,834) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.





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# Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 LP ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2019

THESE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY No.05696941

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# Partnership Information

# Partnership Number

LP12942

# Manager

Key Capital Partners LLP 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

# Designated Members of the Manager

James Hall Michael Fell Owen Trotter Peter Armitage Philip Duquenoy

# **General Partner**

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited 13 Park Place Leeds LS1 2SJ

# Director of the General Partner

Owen Trotter

# **Auditors**

PKF Littlejohn LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

# Legal Advisers

O'Connors LLP Suite 409 India Buildings Water Street Liverpool L2 0XA

# Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc Threadneedle Street London BX1 1LT

# **Independent Fund Administrators**

IQ EQ Administration Services (UK) Ltd - Formerly known as Augentius (UK) Ltd 2 London Bridge London SE1 9RA



# Report of the Manager

Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited (the "General Partner") has appointed Key Capital Partners LLP (the "Manager") to manage the Partnership. The Manager presents the financial statements for Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019.

# Strategic Report

The Partnership is considered as "small" under Section 414B of The Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships, and it is therefore exempt from preparing a strategic report.

# Disclosure of the information to the auditors

The General Partner and Manager confirm that so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware and that they have taken all steps that they ought have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of such information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies with part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to Qualifying Partnerships.

Signed on behalf of the Manager

Owen with

Owen Trotter Designated Member

∕ € 2019

KCP KEY CAPITAL

#### Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations") requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the General Partner has prepared the Partnership's financial statements in accordance with the statement of compliance and accounting policies in Note 2 and Note 3 to the financial statements. Under company law as applied to qualifying partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless it is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Partnership and of the profit or loss of the Partnership for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the General Partner is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, as specified in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Partnership and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Regulations. The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 LP

#### Opinion

We have audited the Financial Statements of Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 LP (the "Partnership") for the year ended 30 April 2019 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the Financial Statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Partnership's affairs as at 30 April 2019 and of its profit for the year theπ ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
   and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that
  may cast significant doubt about the Partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
  for issue.

# Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the Information given in the Report of the Manager for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Manager has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.



# Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 LP (continued)

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Manager.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the Partnership was not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption, as applied to qualifying partnerships, in preparing the Report of the Manager, and the exemption from preparing a Strategic Report.

# Responsibilities of the General Partner

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the General Partner determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the Partnership or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

# Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Partnership's members, as a body, in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Partnership's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Partnership and the Partnership's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ian Cowan (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditor

August 2019

1 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD



# Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Year ended 30 April 2019	Year ended 30 April 2018	
	Notes	£	£	
Interest income		5,467	6,491	
Unrealised gain on investments Realised loss on investments	7	2,168 -	58,291 (24,008)	
Profit for the financial year		7,635	40,774	

All results shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income are from continuing operations. The Partnership has no comprehensive income other than the amounts recognised above. Accordingly, no Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been prepared.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.



PARTNERS page 8

# Statement of Financial Position

	Notes	As at 30 April 2019 £	As at 30 April 2018 £
Non-current assets			
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	151,078	152,032
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	6	226	11,715
Cash and cash equivalents		33	33
		259	11,748
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables		(2)	(2)
Net Current Assets	•	257	11,746
Net Assets attributable to Partners		151,335	163,778
Partners' accounts			
Capital contribution account		73	73
Loan account		381,886	381,886
Distribution to Partners		(328,309)	(308,231)
Retained earnings		97,685	90,050
Total Partners' Funds	•	151,335	163,778

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to entities subject to the Small Entities Regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the Designated Members of the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP on 6/4 2019.

Signed on behalf of Key Capital Partners LLP

Owen Trotter

**Designated Member** 

Partnership Number LP12942



Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 L.P Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for year ended 30 April 2019

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Partners

Edwards (Carried Interest) (Investments)         (Investments)         Partner           Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018         160,715         12         3,041         10           Additions         942         -         3,041         10           Priority Profit for the financial year         7,332         -         303         -           Priority Profit Share         (19,757)         -         (321)         -           Priority Profit Share         -         (321)         -         (342)           Priority Profit Share         -         -         -         (342)         -           Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019         148,290         12         3,023         10		Steven Lloyd	KCP	KCP	General	
E         E         LLP         LIM           isets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018         160,715         12         3,041           ions         942         -         -         -           for the financial year         7,332         -         303         9           y Profit Share         (942)         -         -         -         6           butions         ment of loan         (19,757)         -         -         -         6           y Profit Share         -         -         -         -         -         -         6           ssets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019         148,290         12         3,023         -		Edwards	(Carried Inter	(Investments)	Partner	
seets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018         160,715         12         3,041           ions         942         -         303           for the financial year         7,332         -         303           y Profit Share         (942)         -         -         9           ment of loan         (19,757)         -         (321)         (9           y Profit Share         -         -         -         -         -           sy Profit Share         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>LLP</td> <td>LP</td> <td>Limited</td> <td>Total</td>			LLP	LP	Limited	Total
seets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018       160,715       12       3,041         ions       942       -       -       303         for the financial year       7,332       -       303         y Profit Share       (942)       -       -         ment of loan       (19,757)       -       -         y Profit Share       -       -       -         seets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019       148,290       12       3,023		43	લા	લા	લ	<b>u</b> i
for the financial year       942       -       303         for the financial year       7,332       -       303         y Profit Share       (942)       -       -         butions       -       (19,757)       -       (321)         y Profit Share       -       -       -       -       -         y Profit Share       -       -       -       -       -       -         sets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019       148,290       12       3,023	Net assets attributable to Partners as at 1 May 2018	160,715	12	3,041	10	163,778
for the financial year for the financial year y Profit Share  butions  ment of loan y Profit Share y Profit Share  y Profit Share  y Profit Share						
for the financial year 7,332 - 303 y Profit Share (942) - 303 butions ment of loan (19,757) - (321) y Profit Share - 3,023	Additions					
al year 7,332 - 303 (942) - 303 (942) - 303 - 303 (942) - 303 - 3221) (19,757) - (321) - 3023 (148,290 12 3,023	Loan	942	•	ì	ŧ	942
(942) (321) (19,757) - (321)	Profit for the financial year	7,332	ş	303	•	7,635
(19,757) - (321) (321) table to Partners as at 30 April 2019 148,290 12 3,023	Priority Profit Share	(942)	•	ŧ	942	•
(19,757) - (321) (321) table to Partners as at 30 April 2019 148,290 12 3,023	Distributions					
148,290 12 3,023	Repayment of loan	(19,757)	1	(321)	,	(20,078)
148,290 12 3,023	Priority Profit Share	•	ı	•	(942)	(942)
	Net assets attributable to Partners as at 30 April 2019	148,290	12	3,023	10	151,335

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1 Background and Partnership Agreement

Steven Lloyd Edwards Fund KCP2 LP is a Limited Partnership (the "Partnership"), established in England under the Limited Partnerships Act 1907, by the Limited Partnership Agreement (the "Agreement") dated 25 April 2008.

The principal purpose of the Partnership is to carry on the business of investing in qualifying companies, with a view to providing profits for distribution in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

The Partnership commenced operations on 1 May 2008 and will continue in existence until all investments of the Partnership have been sold or liquidated unless extended or dissolved earlier in accordance with its Agreement dated 25 April 2008.

The Manager is an authorised person under the United Kingdom Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA"). As a consequence, the Manager is permitted to manage and operate collective investment schemes and manage their portfolios, the Manager is also authorised for the conduct of business in the United Kingdom by the Financial Conduct Authority.

#### 2 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Partnership have been prepared in compliance with the Agreement, United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice, by applying the Small Entities requirements under Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

The Partnership has applied the Small Entities Regime under FRS 102 and exercised the option to not prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied throughout the period, unless otherwise stated. The Partnership has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements where applicable.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Partnership's financial statements:

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments held at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts are presented in Pound Sterling ("GBP", "£"), which is also the Partnership's functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the General Partner to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

# (b) Going concern

The Partnership meets its working capital requirements through capital calls based on the level of commitments of each Partners have a legal commitment per the Agreement to pay capital into the Partnership up to the amount committed. The Partnership has adequate remaining capital commitments to meet future obligations, payment of Priority Profit Share and other expenses. Any follow on investments will only be made after consideration of the sufficiency of the remaining capital commitments to fund those future obligations.

After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

KCP KEY CAPITAL PARTNERS

# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Revenue recognition

The Partnership recognises revenue when the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Partnership.

Bank interest and investment income are recognised on a receivable basis.

#### (d) Allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses

The allocation of Net Income, Net Losses and Realised Capital Gains and Capital Losses is made in accordance with Section 13 of the Agreement. The General Partner is entitled to a Priority Profit Share agreed by the Limited Partners. The Priority Profit Share is payable quarterly in advance. If the Partnership Income in any Accounting Period is insufficient to pay the Priority Profit Share in full, the amount of the shortfall shall be paid to the General Partner out of gains arising from the disposal of Partnership assets, failing which it shall be advanced interest free by the Partnership to the General Partner as a drawdown from Annual Commitments pursuant to Clause 6 of the Agreement.

#### (e) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation and no provision for taxation has been made in the financial statements. Any tax on income or capital gains is the responsibility of each individual Partner.

#### f) Financial instruments

The Partnership has chosen to adopt the Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

#### (i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including receivables and cash and cash equivalents, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Other basic financial assets, including investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets are derecognised when (a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or (b) substantially all the risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset are transferred to another party or (c) control of the asset has been transferred to another party who has the practical ability to unilaterally sell the asset to an unrelated third party without imposing additional restrictions.

# (ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial tiabilities are derecognised when the tiability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.



#### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Fair value of investments

Investments are carried in the Statement of Financial Position at cost in the first year unless there is a clear indication of appreciation or impairment in value. In subsequent years, the investments are recorded at the fair value as calculated by the Manager at the reporting date, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Adjustments in the value of investments are reflected in the financial statements in the year in which the adjustment is made.

# 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

#### Fair value of investments

When the fair value of investments recorded in the Statement of Financial Position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques common in the private equity funds industry, primarity earnings multiples and recent comparable transactions. The inputs in the earnings multiples models include observable data, such as earnings multiples of comparable companies to the relevant portfolio company, and unobservable data, such as forecast earnings for the portfolio company. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of investments. The models used to determine fair values are validated and periodically reviewed by the Manager.

Changes in the underlying performance of the portfolio companies could cause a loss to the Partnership as a result of those companies being unable to meet their loan stock obligations, either in part or in full.

#### 5 Expenditure

General administrative expenses for the year, including auditors' remuneration have been borne by Key Capital Partners LLP, the Manager of the fund. Expenditure incurred in the acquisition of investments is accounted for as part of the cost of investments.

Expenditure incurred by the General Partner through the management and administration of the Partnership is borne by the General Partner in its own financial statements. These amounts are recovered by the General Partner through a Priority Profit Share charged to the Limited Partners.

All other expenditure is accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# 6 Trade and other receivables

	As at	As at
	30 April 2019	30 April 2018
	£	£
Loan stock interest receivable	226	11,715
	226	11,715



# 7 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Shares £	Loan Stock £	Total £
Cost			
As at 1 May 2018	25,870	54,994	80,864
Disposals	<u>.</u>	(3,122)	(3,122)
As at 30 April 2019	25,870	51,872	77,742
Change in Fair Value			
As at 1 May 2018	71,168	-	71,168
Change for the year	2,168	-	2,168
As at 30 April 2019	73,336		73,336
Fair Value			
As at 30 April 2019	99,206	51,872	151,078
As at 30 April 2018	97,038	54,994	152,032

The Partnership uses the following hierarchy to estimate the fair value of its investments which are measured at fair value through profit or loss:

- · Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
  - The Partnership has no investments as at 30 April 2019 and 30 April 2018 under this category.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The Partnership's investments as at 30 April 2019 amounting to £151,078 (30 April 2018: £152,032) were categorised under this category.

# 8 Investment Undertakings

	Fund	Geography	Business activity	Number of Shares	% Ownership
Wells 1p 'A' Ordinary Shares 10% Subordinated 'A' Loan Stock - 2011	IV	UK	Producer of specialist additive masterbatch and compounds	152,590	1.07%

# 9 Related Party Transactions

The General Partner has entered into a management agreement with the Manager, Key Capital Partners LLP, under which the Manager has assumed certain responsibilities. The Manager is entitled to a fee from the General Partner for its services. James Hall, Michael Fell, Owen Trotter, Peter Armitage and Philip Duquenoy are the Designated Members of Key Capital Partners LLP. The General Partner received £942 (30 April 2018: £1,296) as a Priority Profit Share and there were no amounts outstanding at the year end.



# 10 Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate controlling party of the Partnership is Key Capital Partners (General Partner) Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Key Capital Partners LLP, a limited liability partnership incorporated in the United Kingdom. There is no one overall controlling party.

# 11 Provision for Carried Interest

If the investment portfolio were to be fully realised at the values included in the Financial Statements at 30 April 2019, there would be a reallocation of Income between Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP and those of the other Partners

This would reallocate to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP Net Income of £13,026 (30 April 2018: £11,834) for Key Capital Partners Fund IV being an estimate, calculated in accordance with the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement, of the carried interest due to Key Capital Partners (Carried Interest) LLP at 30 April 2019.

