Registration number: 05696146

Wenn Townsend Accountants Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

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(Registration number: 05696146) Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>4</u>	83,571	75,216
Cash at bank and in hand	<u> </u>	26,283	10,846
		109,854	86,062
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>5</u>	(109,754)	(85,962)
Net assets		100	100
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>6</u>	100	100
Total equity		100	100

For the financial year ending 30 April 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 8 October 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

G L Cole Director		

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 30 St. Giles'
Oxford
OX1 3LE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 8 October 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
10 year straight line basis

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised at the transaction price. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised at the transaction price.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

3 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 May 2018	359,631	359,631
At 30 April 2019	359,631	359,631
Amortisation		
At 1 May 2018	359,631	359,631
At 30 April 2019	359,631	359,631
Carrying amount		
At 30 April 2019		
4 Debtors	2010	0040
	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	83,571	75,216
	83,571	75,216

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 April 2019

5 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

Note	2019 £	2018 £
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	10,380	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	75,000	75,000
Taxation and social security	2,118	2,316
Accruals and deferred income	18,700	4,424
Other creditors	3,556	4,222
	109,754	85,962

6 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

, , ,	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

7 Dividends

	2019 £	2018 £
Interim dividend of £150.00 (2018 - £180.00) per ordinary share	15,000	18,000

8 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Wenn Townsend Consultants Limited, incorporated in England. The ultimate controlling party is Wenn Townsend.

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.