ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

for the year ended

31 May 2008

WEDNESDAY



08/04/2009 COMPANIES HOUSE

205

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 May 2008

		2008		200	2007	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	1		1,537		2,132	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Debtors		826,398		123,006		
Cash at bank and in hand		89,827		276,208		
		916,225		399,214		
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		(516,771)		(347,001)		
NET CURRENT ASSETS			399,454		52,213	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			400,991		54,345	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(188)		(188)	
			400,803		54,157	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital	2		100		100	
Profit and loss account			400,703		54,057	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			400,803		54,157	

In preparing these financial statements:

- (a) The directors are of the opinion that the company is entitled to the exemption from audit conferred by Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985;
- (b) No notice has been deposited under Section 249B(2) of the Companies Act 1985, and
- (c) The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:
 - ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221 of the Companies Act 1985, and
 - (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of Section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 11.02.2009

S Deane

DIRECTOR

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

COMPLIANCE WITH ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), which have been applied consistently (except as otherwise stated).

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced value, net of Value Added Tax, of goods sold and services provided to customers.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

over 4 years

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

For the year ended 31 May 2008

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1	FIXED ASSETS			
		Tan	gible assets	
			£	
	COST			
	At 1 June 2007 & at 31 May 2008		2,380	
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 June 2007		248	
	Charge for the period		595	
	At 31 May 2008	_	843	
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 May 2008	_	1,537	
	At 31 May 2007	=	2,132	
2	SHARE CAPITAL	2008	2007	
		£	£	
	AUTHORISED			
	10,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000	
	ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID			
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	

3 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

There is no ultimate controlling party.