FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

28 February 2010

SATURDAY



433 27/11/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

375

# 247 Home Furnishings Limited OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

#### **DIRECTORS**

D J Peterkin D J Maher

**SECRETARY** 

D J Maher

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

Apex House 172 Blackmoorfoot Road Crosland Moor Huddersfield West Yorkshire HD4 5RE

#### **AUDITOR**

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants The Waterfront Salts Mill Road Saltaire Shipley West Yorkshire BD17 7EZ

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors submit their report and financial statements of 247 Home Furnishings Limited for the year ended 28 February 2010

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principle activity of the company during the year was the sale of window furnishings

#### **REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS**

The directors are pleased to report that the company continues to realize the benefits of purchasing Apex House including expanded capacity and the improved efficiency gained from having a bespoke layout and modern office services. Together with improved back end systems (which continue to improve) the company is now able to cope with the impressive growth rate maintained by the business up to now and that forecast into the future without a subsequent proportional increase in the businesses operating costs. We are currently experiencing positive market conditions and the business is benefiting from improvements in the supply chain which are expected to make positive contributions to the company's operating profit.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

D J Peterkin

D J Maher

#### **DONATIONS**

During the year the company made the following contributions

	2010	2009
	£	£
Charitable	-	3,355

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The directors who were in office on the date of approval of these financial statements have confirmed that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware. Each of the directors have confirmed that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor

#### **AUDITOR**

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

#### SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

By order of the board

D J Maher

Company Secretary

Date 24/11/2010

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- a select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- b make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- c prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF 247 HOME FURNISHINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 11 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities) The company was exempt from audit in the year ended 28 February 2009 and consequently the corresponding figures are unaudited

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As more fully explained in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP

#### Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 February 2010 and its profit for the year then ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion.

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report

Bales Tily UK Awail- LLP

ROLAND CLARK (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of BAKER TILLY UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor

**Chartered Accountants** 

Chartered Account The Waterfront Salts Mill Road Saltaire Shipley West Yorkshire BD17 7EZ

Date 25 11 10

# 247 Home Furnishings Limited PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 28 February 2010

	Notes	2010 £	Unaudited 2009 £
TURNOVER		7,883,509	5,519,832
Cost of sales		(5,645,964)	(4,116,566)
Gross profit		2,237,545	1,403,266
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income	2	(66,365) (1,984,752) 41,250	(42,989) (1,155,643)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	227,678	204,634
Interest receivable		202	1,120
		227,880	205,754
Interest payable and similar charges		(1,121)	_
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE	TAXATION	226,759	205,754
Taxation	5	(48,806)	(42,908)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	15	177,953	162,846

BALANCE SHEET 28 February 2010

	Notes	£	2010 £	£	Unaudited 2009
FIXED ASSETS	-		2.000		
Intangible assets Tangible assets	7 8		3,000 234,842		6,000 5,167
langible assets	0				
OF ID D IN A COURT			237,842		11,167
CURRENT ASSETS		C 420			
Stocks Debtors	9	6,428 256,670		147,063	
Cash at bank and in hand	9	193,147		205,183	
CREDITORS		456,245		352,246	
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(571,746)		(350,355)	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSE	TS		(115,501)		1,891
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIA	ABILITIES		122,341		13,058
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(80,713)		
yea	11		(60,713)		-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	12		(9,617)		_
			32,011		13,058
			<del></del>		
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital Profit and loss account	14 15		100 31,911		100 12,958
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			32,011		13,058

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The financial statements on pages 5 to 11 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24/11/2010 and are signed on their behalf by

D J Peterkin Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2010

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

#### GOING CONCERN

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have considered how the company will meet the challenges presented by the current economic climate and have carried out a detailed review of the company's resources including the adequacy of working capital for the next twelve months. The directors are satisfied that the company has sufficient cash flows to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least one year from the date of approval of the accounts.

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sale of goods and services in the ordinary nature of the business. Turnover is shown net of Value Added Tax

#### **AMORTISATION**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

5 years

#### **FIXED ASSETS**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### **DEPRECIATION**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Freehold Property Plant & Machinery Fixtures & Fittings 2% straight line25% straight line

Equipment

25% straight line 33% straight line

#### **STOCKS**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2010

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
		2010	Unaudited 2009
	Management charges receivable	£ 41,250	£ 
3	OPERATING PROFIT		
	Operating profit is stated after charging		
		2010 £	Unaudited 2009 £
	Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of owned fixed assets Auditor's fees	3,000 9,595 6,000	3,000 3,551 —
4	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		
	The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying	g services were:	
		2010 £	Unaudited 2009 £
	Aggregate remuneration	10,400	10,400
5	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Analysis of charge in the year		
	Current tax	2010 £	Unaudited 2009 £
	In respect of the year		
	UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 21% (2009 - 21%) Over/under provision in prior year	39,189	43,148 87
	Total current tax	39,189	43,235
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	9,617	(327)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	48,806	42,908

# 247 Home Furnishings Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 28 February 2010

6	DIVIDENDS			
	Equity dividends	2010 £		Unaudited 2009 £
	Paid during the year Equity dividends on ordinary shares of £1,590 00 (2009 - £1,500 00) per share	159,000		150,000
7	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
				Goodwill £
	Cost At 1 March 2009 and 28 February 2010			15,000
	Amortisation At 1 March 2009 Charge for the year			9,000 3,000
	At 28 February 2010			12,000
	Net book value At 28 February 2010			3,000
	At 28 February 2009			6,000
8	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
			Other plant & machinery etc	Total £
	Cost At 1 March 2009 Additions	_ 234,843	11,490 4,427	11,490 239,270
	At 28 February 2010	234,843	15,917	250,760
	Depreciation At 1 March 2009 Charge for the year	4,697	6,323 4,898	6,323 9,595
	At 28 February 2010	4,697	11,221	15,918
	Net book value At 28 February 2010	230,146	4,696	234,842
	At 28 February 2009		5,167	5,167

# 247 Home Furnishings Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2010

9	DEBTORS		
		•••	Unaudited
		2010 £	2009 £
	Trade debtors	172,557	121,562
	Other debtors	84,113	25,501
		·	<u> </u>
		256,670	147,063
10	CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year		
	•		Unaudited
		2010	2009
	Doub loom	£	£
	Bank loan Trade creditors	4,736 346,472	183,332
	Corporation tax	39,189	43,148
	PAYE and social security	5,286	3,641
	VAT	75,129	8,611
	Directors current accounts	318	2,345
	Other creditors	3,791	3,381
	Accruals and deferred income	96,825	105,897
		571,746	350,355
	The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falli	ng due within one year are secui	red by the company
			Linguidated
		2010	Unaudited
		2010 £	2009
	Bank loan	2010 £ 4,736	
		£	2009
	Bank loan  The bank loan is secured against the freehold property	£	2009
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property	4,736	2009 £ 
11		4,736 e year	2009 £ 
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property	4,736 e year	2009 £  Unaudited 2009
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on	4,736 e year 2010 £	2009 £ 
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property	4,736 e year	2009 £  Unaudited 2009
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on	4,736  4,736  e year  2010 £ 80,713	Unaudited 2009 £  Unaudited 2009 £ ar are secured by the
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on  Bank loan  The following liabilities disclosed under creditors fall	$\frac{£}{4,736}$ e year $\frac{2010}{£}$ $80,713$ ing due after more than one year	Unaudited 2009 £  Unaudited 2009 £  ar are secured by the Unaudited
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on  Bank loan  The following liabilities disclosed under creditors fall	$\frac{£}{4,736}$ The eyear $\frac{2010}{£}$ $\frac{80,713}{}$ Find the due after more than one year $\frac{2010}{}$	Unaudited 2009 £  Unaudited 2009 £  ar are secured by the Unaudited 2009
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on  Bank loan  The following liabilities disclosed under creditors fall company	$\frac{£}{4,736}$ e year $\begin{array}{r} 2010 \\ £ \\ 80,713 \end{array}$ Ing due after more than one year $\begin{array}{r} 2010 \\ £ \end{array}$	Unaudited 2009 £ Unaudited 2009 £ ar are secured by the Unaudited
11	The bank loan is secured against the freehold property  CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than on  Bank loan  The following liabilities disclosed under creditors fall	$\frac{£}{4,736}$ The eyear $\frac{2010}{£}$ $\frac{80,713}{}$ Find the due after more than one year $\frac{2010}{}$	Unaudited 2009 £  Unaudited 2009 £  ar are secured by the Unaudited 2009

The bank loan is secured against the freehold property

Included within creditors falling due after more than one year is an amount of £59,988 (2009 - £Nil) in respect of liabilities which fall due for payment after more than five years from the balance sheet date

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2010

#### 12 PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Deterred
	taxation
	£
Profit and Loss Account movement arising during the year	9,617
Balance carried forward	9,617

The provision for deferred taxation consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of

		Unaudited
	2010	2009
	£	£
Excess of taxation allowances over depreciation on fixed		
assets	9,617	-
		<del></del>
	9,617	-

#### 13 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company made payments for marketing and advertising of £330,000 (2009 - £706,769), staff costs of £nil (2009 - £10,000), website hosting costs of £10,000 (2009 - £nil), service trading bank charges of £15,000 (2009 - £nil), telephone costs of £40,000 (2009 - £20,000), sundry costs of £473 (2009 - £nil) and rent, rates and water of £nil (2009 - £10,500) to Kinmah Partnership, a business of which D J Maher and D J Peterkin are joint partners

During the year the company paid dividends of £79,500 (2009 - £75,000) to D J Maher and £79,500 (2009 - £75,000) to D J Peterkin

#### 14 SHARE CAPITAL

		Unaudited
	2010	2009
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	<del></del>	_

#### 15 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

		Unaudited
	2010	2009
	£	£
At 1 March 2009	12,958	112
Profit for the financial year	177,953	162,846
Dividends	(159,000)	(150,000)
At 28 February 2010	31,911	12,958