

# Varnavas Enterprises Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements  
for the Period from 1 August 2017 to 30 July 2018

# **Varnavas Enterprises Ltd**

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# Varnavas Enterprises Ltd

(Registration number: 05590137)

## Balance Sheet as at 30 July 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Investment property	<u>4</u>	87,447	76,212
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	193	-
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>2,606</u>	<u>11,705</u>
		2,799	11,705
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	<u>6</u>	<u>(105,168)</u>	<u>(101,606)</u>
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(102,369)</u>	<u>(89,901)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(14,922)</u>	<u>(13,689)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		<u>(14,924)</u>	<u>(13,691)</u>
<b>Total equity</b>		<u>(14,922)</u>	<u>(13,689)</u>

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Varnavas Enterprises Ltd**

**(Registration number: 05590137)**

## **Balance Sheet as at 30 July 2018**

For the financial period ending 30 July 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the period in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 25 September 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

.....

S Varnavas  
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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# **Varnavas Enterprises Ltd**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2017 to 30 July 2018**

### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

13 Lower Mead Drive  
Burnley  
Lancashire  
BB12 0ED  
England

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 25 September 2019.

### **2 Accounting policies**

#### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared in sterling (£) using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;  
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;  
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Investment property**

Investment property is carried at fair value, derived from the current market prices for comparable real estate determined annually by external valuers. The valuers use observable market prices, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

# **Varnavas Enterprises Ltd**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2017 to 30 July 2018**

### **Goodwill**

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# Varnavas Enterprises Ltd

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2017 to 30 July 2018

### Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the period, was 2 (2017 - 3).

### 4 Investment properties

	2018 £
At 1 August	76,212
Additions	<u>11,235</u>
At 30 July	<u><u>87,447</u></u>

There has been no valuation of investment property by an independent valuer.

### 5 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Other debtors	<u>193</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u><u>193</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

# Varnavas Enterprises Ltd

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Period from 1 August 2017 to 30 July 2018

### 6 Creditors

#### Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Due within one year</b>			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>7</u>	6,637	6,636
Trade creditors		1,071	-
Accruals and deferred income		850	768
Other creditors		96,610	94,202
		<u>105,168</u>	<u>101,606</u>

### 7 Loans and borrowings

	2018 £	2017 £
<b>Current loans and borrowings</b>		
Other borrowings	<u>6,637</u>	<u>6,636</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.