# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05530196**

# **HOGBENS DUNPHY LIMITED**

UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
31 AUGUST 2010

TUESDAY



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31/05/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

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# **DAVID GREY & CO LIMITED**

Chartered Accountants 177 Temple Chambers Temple Avenue London EC4Y 0DB

# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2010

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# ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR OF HOGBENS DUNPHY LIMITED

#### YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2010

In accordance with our terms of engagement, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have compiled the financial statements of the company which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us

This report is made to the Company's Director, in accordance with the terms of our engagement Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Director that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to him in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Director, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with technical guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet as at 31 August 2010 your duty to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare financial statements that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 2006. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements

DAVID GREY & CO LIMITED Chartered Accountants

177 Temple Chambers Temple Avenue London EC4Y 0DB

# **ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET**

# 31 AUGUST 2010

	2010			2009
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Intangible assets			475,800	569,400
Tangible assets			18,886	35,515
			494,686	604,915
CURRENT ASSETS			<del>-</del>	
Debtors		666,435		694,756
Cash at bank and in hand		39,714		34,836
		706,149		729,592
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within on	ie year	532,609		874,162
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			173,540	(144,570)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILI	TIES		668,226	460,345
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after moi	re than			
one year			24,000	-
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,410	1,152
			<u></u>	460.102
			642,816	459,193

The Balance sheet continues on the following page
The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these abbreviated accounts

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### 31 AUGUST 2010

	2010			2009
	Note	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	4		1	1
Profit and loss account			642,815	459,192
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS			642,816	459,193

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act

The director acknowledges his responsibility for

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- (11) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 3115141.

MR R P WADHAMS

Director

Company Registration Number 05530196

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the fair value of professional services provided during the period to clients Turnover is recognised as contract activity progresses and the right to consideration is earned Fair value reflects the amount expected to be recoverable from clients and is based on time spent, skills and expertise provided and expenses incurred, but excludes VAT

Turnover that has been recognised but not invoiced by the balance sheet date is included in debtors in 'accrued income' Amounts invoiced in advance are included in 'accruals and deferred income'

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its estimated useful life up to a maximum of 20 years. This length of time is presumed to be the maximum useful life of purchased goodwill because it is difficult to make projections beyond this period. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following each acquisition and subsequently as and when necessary if circumstances emerge that indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

over 10 years

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

## Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

IT Equipment

25% on cost

Fixtures & Fittings

10% on cost

Office Equipment

25% on cost

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

## **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2010

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding hability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

#### 2 FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible	Tangıble	
	Assets	Assets	Total
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1 September 2009	936,000	102,094	1,038,094
Additions	_	5,914	5,914
Disposals		(41,188)	(41,188)
At 31 August 2010	936,000	66,820	1,002,820
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 September 2009	366,600	66,579	433,179
Charge for year	93,600	13,245	106,845
On disposals	· <del>-</del>	(31,890)	(31,890)
At 31 August 2010	460,200	47,934	508,134
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 August 2010	475,800	18,886	494,686
At 31 August 2009	569,400	35,515	604,915
=			

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

# YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2010

# 3. DIRECTOR'S CURRENT ACCOUNTS

Movements on the director account during the year were as follows

Mr R P Wadhams	
	£
Balance at 31 August 2009	274,078
Dividends not drawn	35,000
Drawings	(251,886

57,192

## 4. SHARE CAPITAL

## Authorised share capital:

Balance at 31 August 2010

Authorised share capital:				
			2010	2009
100 Ordinary shares shares of £1 each			£ 100	£ 100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2010		2009	
	No	£	No	£
1 Ordinary shares shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
				_