Registered number: 05520917

PARAGON CUSTOMER COMMUNICATIONS (FINSBURY CIRCUS) LIMITED (FORMERLY ST. IVES MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED)



ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE 11 MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors P J Crean (appointed 22 June 2018)

L T Salmon (appointed 22 June 2018)
J E C Walters (appointed 22 June 2018)
M R Armitage (resigned 22 June 2018)
N E Cole (resigned 22 June 2018)
P B Gray (resigned 22 June 2018)

C J Lovett (resigned 14 March 2018)

Company secretary R J Cahill

Registered number 05520917

Registered office Lower Ground Floor

Park House

16/18 Finsbury Circus

London EC2M 7EB

Independent auditors Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

30 Finsbury Square

London EC2A 1AG

Bankers Lloyds Bank Plc

25 Gresham Street

London EC2V 7HV

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of supply of print management services.

Business review

The results for the company for the 11 months period ended 30 June 2018 show an operating profit of £2.0 million (52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 - £5.1 million) and turnover of £32.0 million (52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 - £49.5 million). The directors have paid an interim dividend of £4.0m in the current period and no further dividend is being proposed (52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 - £4.0 million). The net asset position at the end of the period is £1.5 million (28 July 2017 - £2.9 million).

The company was acquired by Paragon Customer Communications (London) Limited on 22 June 2018 and changed its name to Paragon Customer Connunications (Finsbury Circus) Limited.

Key performance indicators

Paragon Customer Communications (Finsbury Circus) Limited is managed by the directors in accordance with the strategies of its parent company, Paragon Customer Communications Limited (the "group"). For this reason, the directors believe that further key performance indicators for the company are not necessary or appropriate to understand the development, performance or position of the business. These strategies and key performance indicators are discussed in the group strategic report of the company's parent which does not form part of this report.

Strategy and future developments

The company will continue to focus on the implementation of a strong and stable platform to focus on its strategy of being a business partner to our customers by working alongside them to deliver cost effective and efficient client communication platforms and solutions. Future developments include the extension of the service offering of the company to include greater presence in the analysis of data and digital solutions which in turn drives multichannel communication and better customer experience.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Paragon Customer Communications Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in Paragon Customer Communications Limited's group strategic report.

Environmental matters

The company recognises the importance of their environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to mitigate any adverse impact that might be caused by its activities. The company operates in accordance with ISO 14001 and is FSC accredited. Initiatives aimed at minimising the company's impact on the environment include safe disposal of manufacturing waste, recycling and reducing energy consumption.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

This report was approved by the board on 22 May 2019 and signed on its behalf.

J E C Walters

Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the 11 months period ended 30 June 2018.

Results and dividends

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £1.6 million (52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 - £4.1 million).

Dividends are disclosed in the strategic report.

Directors

-

The directors who served during the period were:

P J Crean (appointed 22 June 2018)

L T Salmon (appointed 22 June 2018)

J E C Walters (appointed 22 June 2018)

M R Armitage (resigned 22 June 2018)

N E Cole (resigned 22 June 2018)

P B Gray (resigned 22 June 2018)

C J Lovett (resigned 14 March 2018)

Going concern

The directors have considered the company's current and future prospects and its availability of financing, and are satisfied that the company can continue to pay its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate cash flow risk. The company has in place a financial risk management program that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of trade debtors, creditors and in particular those relating to overseas suppliers and customers. The company does 'not use derivative financial instruments to manage currency' risk exposure and as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

Foreign currency risk

The majority of the company's customers and suppliers are in the United Kingdom. The foreign currency exposure arising from the small proportion of foreign currency customers and suppliers is deemed low risk by the directors. The directors of the company will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations change in size or nature.

Credit risk

The company is exposed to customer credit risk through continuing uncertainty in the economy. The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before work is undertaken. Additionally any significant increases in activity on existing clients will result in a reassessment of their credit risk. The company is a party to Paragon Customer Communications Limited group's debt factoring arrangements which minimizes credit risk issue.

Liquidity risk

The company has access to funding from other group companies sufficient to ensure the company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

Interest rate risks

The company has no interest bearing assets and liabilities. All intercompany liabilities are interest free and currently deemed low risk. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the market change significantly.

Directors' qualifying third party indemnity provisions

Paragon Customer Communications Limited maintains liability insurance for the directors of Paragon Customer Communications (Finsbury Circus) Limited. For the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, Paragon Customer Communications Limited provides indemnity insurance for the directors and company secretary of Paragon Customer Communications (Finsbury Circus) Limited for qualifying third party provisions. The indemnity insurance was in place for the whole period and up to the date the financial statements were approved.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the audited financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the audited financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these audited financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the audited financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the audited financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

To the best of our knowledge:

- the financial statements, prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report include a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the company and the undertakings included in the consolidation taken as a whole, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that they face.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP was appointed as auditor for the period ended 30 June 2018.

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 22 May 2019 and signed on its behalf.

J E C Walters

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PARAGON CUSTOMER COMMUNICATIONS (FINSBURY CIRCUS) LIMITED (FORMERLY ST. IVES MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Paragon Customer Communications (Finsbury Circus) Limited (formerly St. Ives Management Services Limited) (the 'Company') for the period ended 30 June, 2018, which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2018 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PARAGON CUSTOMER COMMUNICATIONS (FINSBURY CIRCUS) LIMITED (FORMERLY ST. IVES MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED) (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PARAGON CUSTOMER COMMUNICATIONS (FINSBURY CIRCUS) LIMITED (FORMERLY ST. IVES MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED) (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

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Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members. those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Paul Naylor

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

22 May 2019 **28**

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 11 MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	11 months			
	period	•	•	,
d period ended			r	
	30 June		-	
	2018	•	-	•
	£000	Note ,	•	
2 49,458	31,982	. 4		Turnover
	(26 <u>,7</u> 29)		ि । जे अनु	Cost of sales
3 9,192	5,253		***************************************	Gross profit
4) (600)	(344)	•	·	Distribution costs
7) (3,457)	(2,947)		ses	Administrative expen
5,135	1,962	5		Operating profit
(2)	-	8	nd similar income	Interest receivable a
6 . 17	16	9	expenses	Interest payable and
5 , 150	1,978		•	Profit before tax
(1,022)	(384)	10		Tax on profit
4,128	1,594		ial period	Profit for the finance

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2018 or 2017 other than those included in the statement of comprehensive income.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

		30 June 2018		28 July 2017
Note	•	£000		£000
12	-	185		18
13 '		7		62
	_	192		80
14	-		543	
15	6,207		8,586	
16	3,177		6,845	
-	9,384	_	15,974	
17	(8,054)		(13,186)	
-		1,330	<u> </u>	2,788
		1,522	_	2,868
	_	1,522		2,868
	_		. 	
		1,060		-
		462		2,868
	_	1,522	_	2,868
	12 13 '	12 13 14 - 15 6,207 16 3,177 - 9,384	Note 2018 £000 12 185 13 7 192 14 15 6,207 16 3,177 9,384 17 (8,054) 1,330 1,522 1,060 462	Note 2018 £000 12 185 13 7 192 14 - 15 6,207 8,586 16 3,177 6,845 9,384 15,974 17 (8,054) (13,186) 1,330 1,522 1,060

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

J E C Walters Director

Date: 22 May 2019

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Called up share capital	Capital contribution	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 29 July 2017		-	2,868	2,868
Comprehensive income for the period,	•			
Profit for the period	-	-	1,594	1,594
Othermovement	•	1,060	-	1,060
Other comprehensive income for the period		1,060	• .	1,060
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,060	1,594	2,654
Dividends: Equity capital	•	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
At 30 June 2018	-	1,060	462	1,522

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 28 JULY 2017

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000
At 29 July 2016	-	2,740	. 2,740
Comprehensive income for the year		•	
Profit for the period	-	4,128	4,128
	<u> </u>		
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	4,128	4,128
Dividends: Equity capital	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
Total transactions with owners		(4,000)	(4,000)
At 28 July 2017	-	2,868	2,868

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

1. General information

Paragon Customer Communications (Finsbury Circus) Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is given on the company information page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the strategic report.

The company was acquired by Paragon Customer Communications (London) Limited on 22 June 2018 and changed its name to Paragon Customer Communications (Finsbury Circus) Limited.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- · the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(b), 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A;
- the requirements of Section 26 Share based Payment paragraphs 26.18(b), 26.19 to 26.21 and 26.23;
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of Paragon Customer Communications Limited as at 30 June 2018 and these financial statements may be obtained from Lower Ground Floor, Park House, 16/18 Finsbury Circus, London, EC2M 7EB.

2.3 Going concern

The directors have considered the company's current and future prospects and its availability of financing, and are satisfied that the company can continue to pay its liabilities as they fall due for a period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of value added tax and trade discounts.

Print-mail

Turnover is recognised based upon the number of packages or items printed and delivered to or mailed on behalf of clients.

Services

Turnover is recognised on delivery of digital media and associated products, as well as delivery services.

Development, data processing and consulting services are provided on a time and materials basis and are recognised as the services are provided. Turnover provided under a fixed price contract is recognised on a percentage completion basis.

2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed five years.

Amortisation on purchased software is provided at a rate of between 20% and 33.3% per annum.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - between 20% and 33.3% per annum

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

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Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign cyrrencies are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'other operating income'.

2.12 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.13 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

2.14 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.15 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.16 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.17 Reserves

The company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- Capital contribution reserve represents funds injected from the parent company through balances due which have been waived.
- The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements the directors have made the following judgements:

• Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may way depending on a number of factors. In re assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Contract accounting

The company applies its policies on turnover and contracts when recognising revenue and profit on partially completed contracts. The application of this policy requires judgements to be made in respect of the total expected costs to complete and the profit margin achievable on each contract. The company has in place established internal control processes to ensure that the evaluation of costs and revenues is based upon appropriate estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

4. Turnover

An analysis of turnover by class of business is as follows:

	11 months period ended 30 June 2018 £000	52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 <u>≕</u> £000
Services	31,982	49,458
	31,982	49,458
Analysis of turnover by country of destination:		
•	11 months period ended 30 June 2018 £000	52 weeks . period ended 28 July 2017 £000
United Kingdom	31,115	48,858
Rest of the world	867	600
·		

5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	11 months	
	period	52 weeks
	ended	period ended
	30 June	28 July
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Exchange differences	(5)	(40)
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of annual financial		
statements of the company	32	11
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	14	14
Amortisation of intangible assets	13	13
Other operating lease rentals	16	9

49,458

31,982

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

6. Employees

Staff costs were as follows:

	' 11 months	
•	period	52 weeks
	ended	period ended
Annua.	30 June	≘ 28 July
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	1,547	1,808
Social security costs	163	185
Cost of defined contribution scheme	41	43
	1,751	2,036

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the period was as follows:

	11 months	52 weeks
	period	period
	ended	ended
·	. 30	28
	June	July
	2018	2017
	No.	No.
Sales	30	35
Administration and management	7	7
	37	42

7. Directors' remuneration

The directors were remunerated through other group companies and no recharges were made as it was not possible to determine the proportion of the directors' work that was performed for the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018.

8.	Interest receivable		
	•	11 months	
		period	52 weeks
	•	ended	period ended
		30 June	28 July
	and the second s	2018	2017
	:	£000	£000
	Other interest receivable	-	(2)
9.	Interest payable and similar expenses		
		11 months	
		period	52 weeks
	·	ended	period ended
		30 June	28 July
	•	2018	2017
		£000	£000
	Bank interest payable	. 16	17

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

10. Taxation

——————————————————————————————————————	=	11 months period ended 30 June 2018 £000	52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 £000
Current tax on profits for the year		380	1,012
Adjustments in respect of previous periods		-	6
		380	1,018
Total current tax		380	1,018
Deferred tax			
Origination and reversal of timing differences		4	3
Adjustment in respect of prior year		-	1
Total deferred tax		. 4	4
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities		384	1,022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

10. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the period/year

The tax assessed for the period/year is lower than (2017 - higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.67%). The differences are explained below:

The state of the s		
	11 months	
	period	52 weeks
•	ended	period ended
	30 June	28 July
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	1,978	5,154
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2017 - 19.67%) Effects of:	376	1,014
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	8	1
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	7
Total tax charge for the period/year	384	1,022

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Legislation has been enacted to reduce the main UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% effective from 1 April 2017. A further reduction to 17% has also been enacted and will be effective from 1 April 2020. The deferred tax balances have been re measured at these rates as appropriate.

11. Dividends

	30 June	28 July
	2018	2017
	£000	£000
Equity dividend paid per ordinary share	4,000	4,000
	4,000	4,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

12. Intangible assets

•		•	Computer software £000
Cost	÷		
At 29 July 2017			278
Additions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	180
At 30 June 2018			458
Amortisation			
At 29 July 2017			260
Charge for the year			13
At 30 June 2018 .	•		. 273
Net book value			
At 30 June 2018			185
At 28 July 2017			18

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

13. Tangible fixed assets

	·		,	•	Fixture fi	s and ttings £000
Cost or valuation					, .	400
At 29 July 2017 Disposals						106 (42)
At 30 June 2018			•			64
Depreciation						
At 29 July 2017						43
Charge for the period						14
At 30 June 2018 .	•					57
Net book value						
At 30 June 2018						7
At 28 July 2017						63

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

		·	_	
14.	Stocks	•		
	•		30 June 2018 £000	28 July 2017 £000
	Work in progress (goods to be sold)	•	•	543
				<u>543</u>
	=			=====
15.	Debtors			
			30 June 2018 £000	28 July 2017 £000
	Trade debtors		5,673	7,800
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		-	172
	Other debtors •	•	. 258	14
	Prepayments and accrued income		263	36
	VAT and other taxes		-	552
	Deferred taxation		13	12
			6,207	8,586
16.	Cash and cash equivalents			
			30 June 2018 £000	28 July 2017 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand		3,177	6,845
			3,177	6,845
			=	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

17.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year			
			30 June 2018 £000	28 July 2017 £000
•	Trade creditors		6,202	9,431
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		-	283
	Corporation tax	in wait Januari	349	1,019
	Other:taxation and social security	=	93	<u> </u>
	Other creditors		•	19
	Accruals and deferred income		1,410	2,434
			8,054	13,186
18.	Deferred taxation			
•	•	•	2018 £000	2017 £000
	At beginning of year		12	12
	At end of year		12	12
	The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:			
			30 June	28 July
			2018 £000	2017 £000
	Assoluted equital allowances		13	12
	Accelerated capital allowances			
			13	12
19.	Share capital		•	
			30 June	28 July
			2018	2017
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		£	£
	1 (2017 - 1) Ordinary share of £1.00		1	1
-				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

20. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund amounted to £41k (52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 - £43k). Contributions totalling £Nil (52 weeks period ended 28 July 2017 - £Nil) were payable to the fund at the reporting date.

<u>=21</u>. Related party transactions

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The company has taken advantage of the exemption, under FRS 102 Section 33.1(a), from disclosing related party transactions as they are all with other companies that are wholly owned by Paragon Customer Communications Limited.

22. Controlling party

The ownership of the company changed during the period, the immediate parent undertaking, effective from 22 June 2018, is Paragon Customer Communications (London) Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

Paragon Customer Communications Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Paragon Customer Communications Limited can be obtained from Lower Ground Floor, Park House, 16/18 Finsbury Circus, London, EC2M 7EB.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Paragon Group Limited, a company incorporated in England. Grenadier Holdings Plc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Paragon Group Limited, is the immediate parent undertaking of Paragon Customer Communications Limited.