ABBEY RAVENSCROFT PARK LIMITED **ANNUAL REPORT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Mr J M Patel

Mrs D J Patel

Secretary

Mrs D J Patel

Company number

05502514

Registered office

9 Spareleaze Hill

Loughton Essex IG10 1BS

Auditors

Alwyns LLP Crown House 151 High Road Loughton Essex

IG10 4LG

CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic report	1
Directors' report	2 - 3
Independent auditors' report	4 - 5
Profit and loss account	6
Statement of total recognised gains and leaves	7
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	,
Balance sheet	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 15

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

The directors present the Annual Report for the year ended 30 April 2015.

Review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the running of a care home.

Turnover increased by 7.9% from last year.

The care market is fairly steady, but the company closely monitors market trends and takes action to address issues that may affect its trading. Active participation with the service users ensures new ways of meeting their changing needs. The company also maintains tight control over its underlying cost base in order to be able to continue to offer competitive pricing.

We believe that strong, sustainable revenue and profit growth will help us reinvest our profit to better fulfil our purpose of long-term economic value. It is our aim to ensure customers enjoy better health and wellbeing by providing access to advice and care that's affordable and right for them. To this end, the directors would like to thank all people involved for their hard work and commitment, delivering another successful year for the company. The company has already signed up to the Social Care Commitment pledge to improve the quality of its workforce.

Customer care is always at the heart of what we do. Our care homes are regulated by the Care Quality Commission (CQC), and the company is fully compliant with health and safety, labour, and employment laws. The company's compliance performance compares favourably with other providers of a similar scale.

A full review of the business activities of the group is included in the group consolidated financial statements.

Principal risks

The company forms part of the Abbey Total Care Group and has an appropriate risk management structure in place which is designed to identify, manage and mitigate business risk. Risk assessment and evaluation is carried out continuously, and the company is not aware of any such matters that may have a material impact on its financial position.

Given the current challenging commercial and regulatory climate, the achievements of this year are particularly significant. The cap on care costs due to come into force in April 2016, has been delayed until 2020. In spite of such uncertainties in the sector, the company is confident that it is well placed to respond to the challenges that this may present. Increasing care needs of the frail elderly are placing higher demands on state funding, something that is being reflected each year in the limited uplift of fees paid by the local authorities and the NHS. Added to this some local authorities and the NHS bodies have now lengthened payment periods, making an impact on the company's cash flows.

Embracing all challenges, we are confident of maintaining the current level of quality care through cost effective solutions to staffing, reasonable fee increases, and greater efficiencies internally to mitigate pressure on income. Value for money has been a key focus for the year.

On behalf of the board

Mr J M Patel Director

28 October 2015

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 May 2014:

Mr J M Patel
Mrs D J Patel

Financial instruments

The Abbey Total Care Group, of which the company is a member, operates a centralised treasury function which is responsible for managing the liquidity, interest and credit risks associated with the group's activities.

Treasury operations and financial instruments:

The group's principal financial instruments include bank overdrafts and loans, the main purpose of which is to finance the group's operations. In addition, the group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade debtors and trade creditors arising directly from operations.

Liquidity risk:

The group manages its cash and borrowing requirements in order to maximise interest income and minimise interest expense, whilst ensuring the group has sufficient liquid resources to meet the operating needs of the business.

Interest rate risk:

The group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk on its borrowings and cash flow interest rate risk on bank overdrafts and loans. The group has an interest rate cap on part of its borrowing to mitigate its exposure to excessive interest rate increases.

Credit risk:

Investments of cash surpluses and borrowings are made through banks which must fulfil credit rating criteria approved by the Board.

All service users enter into formal agreements with the group which stipulate payment terms. The group regularly review trade debtors and pursue any outstanding debts on a timely basis. Where necessary, provisions are made for doubtful debts.

Auditors

The auditors, Alwyns LLP, are deemed to be reappointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Additionally, the directors have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Mr J M Patel Director

28 October 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ABBEY RAVENSCROFT PARK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Abbey Ravenscroft Park Limited for the year ended 30 April 2015 set out on pages 6 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF ABBEY RAVENSCROFT PARK LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Always LLP

David Stanley (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Alwyns LLP

28 October 2015

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Crown House 151 High Road Loughton Essex IG10 4LG

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

	Notes	2015 £	2014 £
Turnover	2	1,948,444	1,805,852
Cost of sales		(1,271,902)	(1,100,936)
Gross profit		676,542	704,916
Administrative expenses		(427,731)	(425,555)
Operating profit	3	248,811	279,361
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	4 5	- (95,078)	3 (93,826)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		153,733	185,538
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(35,636)	(26,347)
Profit for the year	12	118,097	159,191

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

	2015	2014
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	118,097	159,191
•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties	596,996	-
		
Total recognised gains and losses relating to	•	
the year	715,093	159,191
•		

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2015

		20	2015		114
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		7,460,000		6,691,885
Current assets					
Debtors	. 8	223,316		87,302	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,509		28,159	
		233,825		115,461	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(6,198,331)		(5,938,482)	
Net current liabilities			(5,964,506)		(5,823,021)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,495,494		868,864
Provisions for liabilities	10		(31,537)		- .
			1,463,957		868,864
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	11		1		1
Revaluation reserve	12		1,457,473		860,477
Profit and loss account	12		6,483		8,386
Shareholders' funds	13		1,463,957		868,864

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 28 October 2015

Mr J M Patel Director

Company Registration No. 05502514

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings.

The company is dependent upon the support of its parent undertaking. The directors are confident that this support will continue and therefore the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 1 (Revised 1996) from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a subsidiary undertaking where 90 percent or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services provided.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets other than freehold land and buildings are stated at cost less depreciation. Freehold land and buildings are stated at valuation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Equipment (short life) over a period of 3 years
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 25% reducing balance
Integral features 10% reducing balance

Contrary to the accounting requirement of the Companies Act 2006, depreciation is not provided in respect of the company's freehold buildings. The directors believe that the company fully meets the criteria laid down by Financial Reporting Standard Number 15, and are of the opinion that the ongoing maintenance work undertaken keeps properties to a high standard of repair. The directors also believe that the residual value of the properties is not materially less than the value at which the properties are shown in the financial statements. For these reasons, any provision for depreciation would be immaterial in the context of the company's financial statements, and such a policy would prevent the financial statements from showing a true and fair view, as required by Section 395(1) of the Companies Act 2006.

The freehold land and buildings are revalued professionally at least every five years, with an interim valuation in the third year of the cycle, and are reviewed by the directors annually.

1.4 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution scheme for the benefit of its employees. Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

1.5 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2015 £	2014 £
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		-
	Depreciation of tangible assets	84,516	25,795
	Auditors' remuneration	660	660
	Directors' remuneration and other benefits	-	-
	No director accrued pension benefits from the company.		
4	Investment income	2015	2014
		£	£
	Other interest	_	3
5	Interest payable	2015	2014
		£	£
	On group bank loans and overdrafts	95,078	93,826

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

2014 £	2015 £	Taxation
	_	Domestic current year tax
26,347	4,099	U.K. corporation tax
26,347	4,099	Total current tax
		Deferred tax
-	31,537	Origination and reversal of timing differences
26,347	35,636	
		Factors affecting the tax charge for the year
185,538	153,733	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation
	====	
42,377	30,747	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 20.00% (2014 - 22.84%)
		Effects of:
5,892	16,903	Depreciation add back
(20,162)	(43,551)	Capital allowances
(1,755)	-	Group relief
(5)	· <u>-</u>	Other tax adjustments
(16,030)	(26,648)	
26,347	4,099	Current tax charge for the year

1, 1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

7	Tangible fixed assets			
		Freehold land and buildings	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost or valuation			
	At 1 May 2014	6,508,823	558,848	7,067,671
	Additions	40,317	215,318	255,635
	Revaluation	596,996	-	596,996
	At 30 April 2015	7,146,136	774,166	7,920,302
	Depreciation			
	At 1 May 2014	-	375,786	375,786
	Charge for the year	•	84,516	84,516
	At 30 April 2015	-	460,302	460,302
	Net book value			
	At 30 April 2015	7,146,136	313,864	7,460,000
	At 30 April 2014	6,508,823	183,062	6,691,885

In October 2015 Christie Owen & Davies Limited, a firm of independent Chartered Surveyors, performed an interim valuation of the freehold land and buildings on the basis of 'existing use value'. The directors have used this as a basis for the valuation at the balance sheet date.

Historical cost for the land and buildings included at valuation

At 1 May 2014
Additions
5,648,345
40,317
At 30 April 2015
5,688,662

£

The potential tax liability on the disposal of the freehold land and buildings at the balance sheet value would be circa £90,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

8	Debtors	2015 £	2014 £
	Trade debtors	200,029	71,817
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,628	4,628
	Other debtors	3,767	3,692
	Prepayments and accrued income	14,892	7,165
		223,316	87,302
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2015	2014
		£	£
	Trade creditors	26,336	10,598
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	6,038,540	5,754,402
	Corporation tax	4,099	26,347
	Other taxes and social security costs	21,583	13,624
	Other creditors	15,025	15,335
	Accruals and deferred income	92,748	118,176
		6,198,331	5,938,482
10	Provisions for liabilities		
			Deferred tax liability £
	Profit and loss account		31,537
	Balance at 30 April 2015		31,537
	The deferred tax liability is made up as follows:		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances	31,537	-

₫, •

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

11	Share capital	2015 £	2014 £
	· Allotted, called up and fully paid	£	L
	1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
12	Statement of movements on reserves		
		Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account
		£	£
	Balance at 1 May 2014	860,477	8,386
	Profit for the year	-	118,097
	Dividends paid	•	(120,000)
	Revaluation during the year	596,996 	-
	Balance at 30 April 2015	1,457,473	6,483
13	Reconciliation of movements in Shareholders' funds	2015 £	2014 £
	Profit for the financial year	118,097	159,191
	Dividends	(120,000)	(160,000)
	Other recognised gains and losses	(1,903) 596,996	(809)
	Net addition to/(depletion in) shareholders' funds	595,093	(809)
	Opening Shareholders' funds	868,864	869,673
	Closing Shareholders' funds	1,463,957	868,864

14 Contingent liabilities

At the balance sheet date there were contingent liabilities in respect of a debenture and unlimited inter company guarantees to secure the group's bank loan and overdraft facilities of £24,084,935 by first legal charge over the assets of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2015

15 Employees

4, 5

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:

	2015 Number	2014 Number
Resident welfare Administration	70 4	63 4
7 Administration	74	67
Employment costs	2015	2014
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,108,516	965,975
Social security costs	63,450	50,561
Other pension costs	4,265	
	1,176,231	1,016,536
	=======================================	

Other pension costs represent contributions to defined contribution pension schemes.

16 Parent company and controlling party

The immediate and ultimate parent company in both years was Abbey Total Care Group Ltd which owns 100% of the share capital.

The ultimate controlling party in both years is Mr J M Patel, by virtue of his 100% shareholding in the parent company.

17 Related party relationships and transactions

During the year Design & Construct (London) Ltd charged property development costs of £40,317 (2014 - £108,745), repairs and maintenance costs of £199,097 (2014 - £279,367) and fixtures and fittings of £209,006 (2014 - £59,453).

At the year end the company owed Design & Construct (London) Ltd £Nil (2014 - £6,635). Design & Construct (London) Ltd is under the control of the director, Mr J M Patel.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies.