## Company No 05456298

<del></del>	THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985 to 2006
	PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
	WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS
	of

## THE GREEN TRANSPORT COMPANY LIMITED

(Passed on 14 April 2009)

The following resolutions were duly passed pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006 on 14 April 2009 by members of the Company representing the required majority of total voting rights of eligible members in the case of the first resolution as an ordinary resolution and in the case of the second resolution as a special resolutions:

## **ORDINARY RESOLUTION**

THAT the authorised share capital of the company be increased from £1,000 to 1. £5,000 by the creation of 4,000 ordinary shares of £1 each ranking pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of £1 each in the capital of the Company; and

# **SPECIAL RESOLUTION**

THAT the draft regulations attached to this resolution be adopted as the articles of 2. association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association.

**/**Director<del>/Secretary}</del>



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THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 - 2006

**COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES** 

NEW

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION** 

of

THE GREEN TRANSPORT COMPANY LIMITED

Registered Number: 5456298

(Adopted by a written resolution passed on 14 April 2009)

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#### THE COMPANIES ACT 1985-2006

#### **COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES**

#### **NEW**

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

#### THE GREEN TRANSPORT COMPANY LIMITED

(Adopted by a written resolution passed on 14 April 2009)

#### 1. Introduction

- 1.1 The Regulations contained or incorporated in Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 as amended by:
  - (a) The Companies (Tables A to F) Amendment Regulations 1985;
  - (b) Schedule 1 to the Companies Act 1985 (Electronic Communications) Order 2000 (SI 2000/3373); and
  - (c) The Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 2007 (SI 2007/2541) ("Table A"),

shall apply to the Company, save insofar as they are varied or excluded by, or are inconsistent with, the following Articles.

1.2 In Regulation 1 of Table A, the words "and in articles of association adopting the same" shall be inserted after the word "Regulations" in the last paragraph of that Regulation and the sentence "Any reference to any statutory provision shall be deemed to include a reference to each and every statutory amendment, modification, re-enactment and extension thereof for the time being in force" shall be inserted at the end of that Regulation.

## 1.3 In these Articles:

- (a) article headings are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles;
- (b) words denoting the singular include the plural and vice versa and reference to one gender includes the other gender and neuter and vice versa; and
- (c) Regulations 8, 29, 30, 31, 54, 62, 76, 77, 80, 82, 94 to 98 (inclusive), 99, 115 and 118 of Table A shall not apply to the Company.

#### 2. Definitions

In these Articles the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings:

"2006 Act" means the Companies Act 2006 (as amended from time to time);

"Accounts" means the audited balance sheet and profit and loss account of the Company or, if at the relevant time the Company has any Subsidiary Undertaking(s), a consolidation of the audited balance sheets and profit and loss accounts of the Company and its Subsidiary Undertaking(s), for each Financial Year;

"Act" means the Companies Act 1985 (as amended from time to time);

"Acting in Concert" has the meaning given to it in The City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers (as amended from time to time);

"Asset Sale" means the disposal by the Company of all or substantially all of its undertaking and assets;

"Associate" in relation to any person means:

- any person who is an associate of that person and the question of whether a
  person is an associate of another is to be determined in accordance with
  section 435 of the Insolvency Act 1986 and (whether or not an associate as so
  determined);
- (b) any Member of the same Group;

"Auditors" means the auditors of the Company from time to time;

"Bad Leaver" means a person (other than the Founder) who ceases to be an Employee at any time and who is not a Good Leaver;

"Board" means the board of Directors and any committee of the board constituted for the purpose of taking any action or decision contemplated by these Articles;

"Business Day" means a day on which English clearing banks are ordinarily open for the transaction of normal banking business in the City of London (other than a Saturday or Sunday);

"Civil Partner" means in relation to a Shareholder, a civil partner (as defined in the Civil Partnerships Act 2004) of the Shareholder;

"Commencement Date" means the date the relevant Employee commences his employment with the Company;

"Company" means The Green Transport Company Limited (registered number: 5456298);

"Controlling Interest" means an interest in shares giving to the holder or holders control of the Company within the meaning of section 840 of ICTA;

"Date of Adoption" means the date on which these Articles were adopted;

"Director(s)" means a director or directors of the Company from time to time;

"Effective Termination Date" means the date on which the Employee's employment or consultancy terminates;

"Employee" means an individual who is employed by or who provides consultancy services to, the Company or any member of the Group;

"Employee Share Option Plan(s)" means the employee share option plan(s) of the Company, the terms of which have been approved by the Founder;

"Employee Shares" in relation to an Employee means all Ordinary Shares in the Company held by:

- (a) the Employee in question; and
- (b) by any Permitted Transferee of that Employee other than those Ordinary Shares held by those persons that the Founder declares himself satisfied were not acquired directly or indirectly from the Employee or by reason of his/her relationship with the Employee;

"Employee Trust" means a trust, the terms of which are approved by the Founder, whose beneficiaries are the Employees;

"Encumbrance" means any mortgage, charge, security, interest, lien, pledge, assignment by way of security, equity, claim, right of pre-emption, option, covenant, restriction, reservation, lease, trust, order, decree, judgment, title defect (including without limitation any retention of title claim), conflicting claim of ownership or any other encumbrance of any nature whatsoever (whether or not perfected other than liens arising by operation of law);

"Expert Valuer" is as determined in accordance with Article 18.2;

"Fair Value" is as determined in accordance with Article 18.3;

"Family Trusts" means as regards any particular individual member or deceased or former individual member, trusts (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than the individual and/or Privileged Relations of that individual; and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a share if such share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by such person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power or discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons;

"Financial Year" and "Financial Period" means an accounting reference period (as defined by the Act) of the Company;

"Founders" means as such term is defined in the Shareholders' Agreement;

"Good Leaver" means a person who:

- (a) ceases to be an Employee at any time by reason of:
  - (i) death;
  - (ii) permanent incapacity;

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(iii) the Board, with the prior written approval of the Founder, determining that he is a Good Leaver;

"Group" means the Company and its Subsidiary Undertaking(s) (if any) from time to time and "Group Company" shall be construed accordingly;

"Holding Company" means a newly formed holding company, pursuant to which the membership, pro rata shareholdings and classes of shares comprised in such holding company matches that of the Company immediately prior to such transfer;

"ICTA" means the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;

"IPO" means the admission of all or any of the Shares or securities representing those shares (including without limitation American depositary receipts, American depositary shares and/or other instruments) to or the grant of permission by any like authority for the same to be traded or quoted on Nasdaq or on the Official List of the United Kingdom Listing Authority or on the AIM Market operated by the London Stock Exchange Plc or any other recognised investment exchange (as defined in section 285 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000):

"ITEPA" means Income Tax (Earnings and Pensions) Act 2003;

"a Member of the same Group" means as regards any company, a company which is from time to time a Parent Undertaking or a Subsidiary Undertaking of that company or a Subsidiary Undertaking of any such Parent Undertaking;

"Nasdaq" means the Nasdaq National Stock Market of the Nasdaq Stock Market Inc.;

"New Securities" means any shares or other securities convertible into, or carrying the right to subscribe for those shares, issued by the Company after the Date of Adoption (other than shares or securities issued as a result of the events set out in Article 7.6);

"Ordinary Shareholders" means the holders from time to time of the Ordinary Shares;

"Ordinary Shares" means the ordinary shares of £1.00 each in the capital of the Company;

"Permitted Transfer" means a transfer of Shares in accordance with Article 10:

### "Permitted Transferee" means:

- (a) in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual, any of his Privileged Relations or Trustees:
- (b) in relation to a Shareholder which is an undertaking (as defined in section 259(1) of the Act) means any Member of the same Group;

"Privileged Relation" in relation to a Shareholder who is an individual member or deceased or former member means a spouse, Civil Partner, child or grandchild (including step or adopted or illegitimate child and their issue);

"Proposed Purchaser" means a proposed purchaser who at the relevant time has made an offer on arm's length terms;

"Proposed Seller" means any person proposing to transfer any shares in the capital of the Company;

"Sale Shares" has the meaning set out in Article 11.2(a) of these Articles;

"Seller" has the meaning set out in Article 11.2 of these Articles;

"Shareholder" means any holder of any Shares;

"Shareholders' Agreement" means the shareholders' agreement dated on or around the Date of Adoption between, inter alia, the Company and some of the Shareholders;

"Shares" means the Ordinary Shares from time to time;

"Subsidiary", "Subsidiary Undertaking" and "Parent Undertaking" have the meanings set out in the Act;

"Transfer Notice" shall have the meaning given in Article 11.2;

"Transfer Price" shall have the meaning given in Article 11.2(c);

"Trustees" in relation to a Shareholder means the trustee or the trustees of a Family Trust.

## 3. Share capital

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- 3.1 The authorised share capital of the Company at the Date of Adoption is £5,000 divided into 5,000 Ordinary Shares.
- 3.2 In these Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, references to shares of a particular class shall include shares created and/or issued after the Date of Adoption and ranking pari passu in all respects (or in all respects except only as to the date from which those shares rank for dividend) with the shares of the relevant class then in issue.
- 3.3 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles the Ordinary Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects.

### 4. Dividends

4.1 Any dividend to be paid by the Company shall be distributed to the appropriate Shareholders pro rata according to the numbers of shares held by them respectively. All dividends are expressed net and shall be paid in cash.

### 5. Liquidation preference

On a distribution of assets on a liquidation or a return of capital (other than a conversion, redemption or purchase of Shares) the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be applied (to the extent that the Company is lawfully permitted to do so) among the holders of Shares pro rata to the number of Shares held.

## 6. Votes in general meeting

6.1 The Ordinary Shares shall confer on each holder of Ordinary Shares the right to receive notice of and to attend, speak and vote at all general meetings of the Company.

6.2 Shares shall be voted on a poll only and not on a show of hands. Where Shares confer a right to vote, on a poll each holder of such shares who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy shall have one vote for each Share held by him.

## 7. Allotment of new shares or other securities: pre-emption

- 7.1 Subject to the remaining provisions of this Article 7, the Directors are generally and unconditionally authorised for the purpose of section 80 of the Act and/or section 551 of the 2006 Act to exercise any power of the Company to:
  - (a) offer, allot or grant rights to subscribe for;
  - (b) convert securities into, or
  - (c) otherwise deal in, or dispose of,

any Shares or any other relevant securities in the Company to any persons, at any times and subject to any terms and conditions as the Directors think proper, provided that:

- (1) this authority shall be limited to a maximum nominal amount of Shares equal to the amount of the authorised but unissued share capital of the Company immediately following the Date of Adoption;
- (2) this authority shall only apply insofar as the Company in general meeting has not waived or revoked it;
- (3) this authority may only be exercised for a period of five years commencing upon the Date of Adoption, save that the Directors may make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after the expiry of such authority (and the Directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of an offer or agreement as if such authority had not expired).
- 7.2 In accordance with section 91(1) of the Act and section 567(1) of the 2006 Act, sections 89(1) and 90(1) to (6) (inclusive) of the Act and sections 561(1) and 562(1) to (5) (inclusive) of the 2006 Act do not apply to an allotment of equity securities made by the Company.
- 7.3 Unless otherwise agreed by special resolution passed in general meeting or as a written resolution passed in accordance with part 13 of the 2006 Act, if the Company proposes to allot any New Securities those New Securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has in the first instance offered them to all holders of Shares on the same terms and at the same price as those New Securities are being offered to other persons on a pari passu and pro rata basis to the number of Shares held by those holders (as nearly as may be without involving fractions). The offer:
  - (a) shall be in writing, give details of the number and subscription price of the New Securities; and
  - (b) may stipulate that any Shareholder who wishes to subscribe for a number of New Securities in excess of the proportion to which each is entitled shall in their acceptance state the number of excess New Securities ("Excess Securities") for which they wish to subscribe.
- 7.4 Any New Securities not accepted by Shareholders pursuant to the offer made to them in accordance with Article 7.3 shall be used for satisfying any requests for Excess

Securities made pursuant to Article 7.3 and in the event that there are insufficient Excess Securities to satisfy such requests, the Excess Securities shall be allotted to the applicants on a pro rata basis to the number of Shares held by the applicants immediately prior to the offer made to Shareholders in accordance with Article 7.3 (as nearly as may be without involving fractions or increasing the number allotted to any Shareholder beyond that applied for by him) and after that allotment, any Excess Securities remaining shall be offered, subject to Article 7.5, to any other person as the Directors may determine at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the Shareholders.

- 7.5 Subject to Articles 7.3 and 7.4 and to the provisions of section 80 of the Act, any New Securities shall be at the disposal of the Board who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to any persons at those times and generally on the terms and conditions they think proper, provided that the allotment to that person must be approved in writing by the Founder.
- 7.6 The provisions of Articles 7.3 to 7.5 shall not apply to:
  - (a) options to subscribe for Ordinary Shares under the Employee Share Option Plans:
  - (b) New Securities issued in consideration of the acquisition by the Company of any company or business which has been approved in writing by the Founder;
  - (c) New Securities which the Founder has agreed in writing should be issued without complying with the procedure set out in this Article 7;
  - (d) New Securities issued as a result of a bonus issue of shares which has been approved in writing by the Founder; and
- 7.7 No Shares shall be allotted to any Employee, Director, prospective employee or director unless such person has entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company.

### 8. Lien

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every Share not fully paid for all and any indebtedness of any holder of it to the Company (whether a sole holder or one of two or more joint holders), whether or not that indebtedness or liability is in respect of the Shares concerned and whether or not it is presently payable.

### 9. Transfers of Shares – general

- 9.1 In Articles 15 to 23 inclusive, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer or assignment of a beneficial or other interest in that Share or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that Share and reference to a Share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- 9.2 No Share may be transferred unless the transfer is made in accordance with these Articles.
- 9.3 If a Shareholder transfers or purports to transfer a Share otherwise than in accordance with these Articles he will, subject to the Directors determining otherwise, be deemed immediately to have served a Transfer Notice in respect of all Shares held by him.

- 9.4 Any transfer of a Share by way of sale which is required to be made under Articles 17 to 23 (inclusive) will be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells with full title guarantee.
- 9.5 In addition to the provisions of Regulation 24 of Table A, the Directors may refuse to register a transfer if:
  - (a) it is a transfer of a share to a bankrupt, a minor or a person of unsound mind;
  - (b) the transfer is to an Employee, Director or prospective employee or director and such person has not entered in a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company,

and Regulation 24 of Table A shall be modified accordingly.

- 9.6 The Directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether pursuant to a Permitted Transfer or otherwise), require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed agreeing to be bound by the terms of any shareholders' agreement or similar document in force between some or all of the shareholders and the Company in any form as the Directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document) and if any condition is imposed in accordance with this Article 9.6 the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee.
- 9.7 To enable the Directors to determine whether or not there has been any disposal of shares in the capital of the Company (or any interest in shares in the capital of the Company) in breach of these Articles the Directors may, with the Founder's consent, require any holder or the legal personal representatives of any deceased holder or any person named as transferee in any transfer lodged for registration or any other person who the Directors and the Founder may reasonably believe to have information relevant to that purpose, to furnish to the Company that information and evidence the Directors may request regarding any matter which they deem relevant to that purpose. including (but not limited to) the names, addresses and interests of all persons respectively having interests in the shares in the capital of the Company from time to time registered in the holder's name. If the information or evidence is not provided to enable the Directors to determine to their reasonable satisfaction that no breach has occurred, or where as a result of the information and evidence the Directors are reasonably satisfied that a breach has occurred, the Directors shall immediately notify the holder of such shares in the capital of the Company in writing of that fact and the following shall occur:
  - (a) the relevant shares shall cease to confer upon the holder of them (including any proxy appointed by the holder) any rights:
    - (i) to vote on a poll and whether exercisable at a general meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the class in question); or
    - (ii) to receive dividends or other distributions otherwise attaching to those shares or to any further shares issued in respect of those shares; and
  - (b) the holder may be required at any time following receipt of the notice to transfer some or all of its Shares to any person(s) at the price that the Directors may require by notice in writing to that holder.

The rights referred to in (a) above will be reinstated by the Board upon the determination of the Founder to that effect and shall in any event be reinstated upon the completion of any transfer referred to in (b) above.

- 9.8 In any case where the Board may require a Transfer Notice to be given in respect of any Shares, if a Transfer Notice is not duly given within a period of 10 Business Days of demand being made, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given at the expiration of that period. If a Transfer Notice is required to be given or is deemed to have been given under these Articles, the Transfer Notice will be treated as having specified that:
  - (a) the Transfer Price for the Sale Shares will be as agreed between the Board (except for the Founder, any other director with whom the Seller is connected (within the meaning of section 252 of the 2006 Act) not voting) and the Seller, or, failing agreement within five Business Days after the date on which the Board becomes aware that a Transfer Notice has been deemed to have been given, will be the Fair Value of the Sale Shares;
  - (b) it does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition (as defined in Article 11.2(d));and
  - (c) the Seller wishes to transfer all of the Shares held by it.

### 10. Permitted transfers

- 10.1 A Shareholder (the "**Original Shareholder**") may transfer all or any of his or its Shares to a Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise.
- 10.2 Where under the provision of a deceased Shareholder's will or laws as to intestacy, the persons legally or beneficially entitled to any Shares, whether immediately or contingently, are Permitted Transferees of the deceased Shareholder, the legal representative of the deceased Shareholder may transfer any Share to those Permitted Transferees, in each case without restriction as to price or otherwise. Shares previously transferred as permitted by this Article 10.2 may be transferred by the transferee to any other Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder without restriction as to price or otherwise.
- 10.3 If a Permitted Transferee who was a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder ceases to be a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder, the Permitted Transferee must not later than five Business Days after the date on which the Permitted Transferee so ceases, transfer the Shares held by it to the Original Shareholder or a Member of the same Group as the Original Shareholder (which in either case is not in liquidation) without restriction as to price or otherwise failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of those Shares.
- 10.4 Trustees may (i) transfer Shares to a company in which they hold the whole of the share capital and which they control (a "Qualifying Company") or (ii) transfer Shares to the Original Shareholder or to another Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder or (iii) transfer Shares to the new or remaining trustees upon a change of Trustees without restrictions as to price or otherwise.
- 10.5 No transfer of Shares may be made to Trustees unless the Board is satisfied:
  - (a) with the terms of the trust instrument and in particular with the powers of the trustees;
  - (b) with the identity of the proposed trustees;

- (c) the proposed transfer will not result in 50% or more of the aggregate of the Company's equity share capital being held by trustees of that and any other trusts; and
- (d) that no costs incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of the Family Trust in question are to be paid by the Company.
- 10.6 If a company to which a Share has been transferred under Article 10.4, ceases to be a Qualifying Company it must within five Business Days of so ceasing, transfer the Shares held by it to the Trustees or to a Qualifying Company (any may do so without restriction as to price or otherwise) failing which it will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of such Shares.
- 10.7 If a Permitted Transferee who is a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder ceases to be a spouse or Civil Partner of the Original Shareholder whether by reason of divorce or otherwise he must, within 15 Business Days of so ceasing either:
  - (a) execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them; or
  - (b) give a Transfer Notice to the Company in accordance with Article 11.2,

failing which he shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice.

- On the death (subject to Article 10.2), bankruptcy, liquidation, administrator or administrative receivership of a Permitted Transferee (other than a joint holder) his personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy, or its liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver must within five Business Days after the date of the grant of probate, the making of the bankruptcy order or the appointment of the liquidator, administrator or the administrative receiver execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the Shares held by the Permitted Transferee without restriction as to price or otherwise. The transfer shall be to the Original Shareholder if still living (and not bankrupt or in liquidation) or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to any Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder. If the transfer is not executed and delivered within five Business Days of such period or if the Original Shareholder has died or is bankrupt or is in liquidation, the personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy or liquidator or administrator or administrative receiver of the Permitted Transferee will be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice.
- 10.9 Any Shares may at any time be transferred where there is a sale of the entire issued share capital of the Company to a Holding Company, which has been approved by a majority of the Board, including the Founder.

### 11. Transfers of Shares subject to pre-emption rights

- 11.1 Save where the provisions of Articles 10, 15, and 16 apply, any transfer of Shares by a Shareholder shall be subject to the pre-emption rights contained in this Article 11.
- 11.2 A Shareholder who wishes to transfer Shares (a "Seller") shall, except as otherwise provided in these Articles, before transferring or agreeing to transfer any Shares give notice in writing (a "Transfer Notice") to the Company specifying:
  - (a) the number of Shares which he wishes to transfer (the "Sale Shares");
  - (b) if he wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed transferee:

- (c) the price (in cash) at which he wishes to transfer the Sale Shares (which will be deemed to be Fair Value of the Sale Shares if no cash price is agreed between the Seller and the Board (including the Founder) (the "Transfer Price"); and
- (d) whether the Transfer Notice is conditional on all or a specific number of the Sale Shares being sold to Shareholders (a "Minimum Transfer Condition").
- 11.3 Except with the written consent of the Founder, no Transfer Notice once given or deemed to have been given under these Articles may be withdrawn.
- 11.4 A Transfer Notice constitutes the Company the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares at the Transfer Price.
- 11.5 As soon as practicable following the later of:
  - (a) receipt of a Transfer Notice; and
  - (b) in the case where the Transfer Price has not been specified or the Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served, the determination of the Transfer Price under Article 12.

the Board shall offer the Sale Shares for sale to the Shareholders pro rata to their existing holding of Shares. Each offer must be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.

### 11.6 Transfers: First Offer

- (a) The Board shall offer the Sale Shares to all shareholders specified in the offer other than the Seller (the "Continuing Shareholders") inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the offer (inclusive) (the "First Offer Period") for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.
- (b) If the Sale Shares are subject to a Minimum Transfer Condition then any allocation made under Articles 11.6 and 11.7 will be conditional on the fulfilment of the Minimum Transfer Condition.
- (c) If, at the end of the First Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied for Sale Shares but no allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.
- (d) If not all Sale Shares are allocated in accordance with Article 11.6 (c) but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied those Sale Shares shall be allocated to the relevant applicant(s) in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 11.6 (c).
- (e) If, at the end of the First Offer Period, the number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the Board shall allocate the Sale Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications and the balance (the "Initial Surplus Shares") will be dealt with in accordance with Article 11.7.

#### 11.7 Transfers: Second Offer

- (a) At the end of the First Offer Period, the Board shall offer the Initial Surplus Shares to all the Continuing Shareholders inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 15 Business Days after the date of the offer (inclusive) (the "Second Offer Period") for the maximum number of the Initial Surplus Shares they wish to buy.
- (b) If, at the end of the Second Offer Period, the number of Initial Surplus Shares applied for exceeds the number of Initial Surplus Shares, the Board shall allocate the remaining Initial Surplus Shares to each Continuing Shareholder in the proportion (fractional entitlements being rounded to the nearest whole number) which his existing holding of Shares bears to the total number of Shares (including Sale Shares) held by those Continuing Shareholders who have applied during the Second Offer Period for Initial Surplus Shares but no allocation shall be made to a Shareholder of more than the maximum number of Initial Surplus Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy.
- (c) If, at the end of the Second Offer Period, the number of Initial Surplus Shares applied for is less than the number of Initial Surplus Shares, the Board shall allocate the Initial Surplus Shares to the Continuing Shareholders in accordance with their applications and the balance (the "Second Surplus Shares") will be offered to any other person in accordance with 11.8(e).

# 11.8 Completion of transfer of Sale Shares

- (a) If the Transfer Notice includes a Minimum Transfer Condition and the total number of Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares the Board shall notify the Seller and all those to whom Sale Shares have been conditionally allocated under Articles 11.6 and 11.7 stating the condition has not been met and that the relevant Transfer Notice has lapsed with immediate effect.
- (b) If:
  - (i) the Transfer Notice does not include a Minimum Transfer Condition; and
  - (ii) allocations have been made in respect of all the Sale Shares,

the Board shall, when no further offers are required to be made under Articles 11.6 and 11.7, give written notice of allocation (an "Allocation Notice") to the Seller and each Shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (an "Applicant") specifying the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time (being not less than 10 Business Days nor more than 20 Business Days after the date of the Allocation Notice) for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares.

- (c) Upon service of an Allocation Notice, the Seller must, against payment of the Transfer Price, transfer the Sale Shares in accordance with the requirements specified in it.
- (d) If the Seller fails to comply with the provisions of Article 11.8 (c):
  - (i) the chairman of the Company or, failing him, one of the directors, or some other person nominated by a resolution of the Board, may on behalf of the Seller:

- (A) complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
- (B) receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it; and
- (C) (subject to the transfer being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of Shareholders as the holders of the Shares purchased by them; and
- (ii) the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered to the Company his certificate or certificates for the relevant Shares (or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Board, in respect of any lost certificate).
- (e) If an Allocation Notice does not relate to all the Sale Shares then, subject to Article 11.8 (f), the Seller may, within eight weeks after service of the Allocation Notice, transfer the Second Surplus Shares to any person at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price provided that the sale of the Second Surplus Shares shall continue to be subject to any Minimum Transfer Conditions.
- (f) The right of the Seller to transfer Shares under Article 11.8 (f) does not apply if the Board is of the opinion on reasonable grounds that:
  - (i) the transferee is a person (or a nominee for a person) who the Founder determines in his absolute discretion is a competitor with (or an Associate of a competitor with) the business of the Company or with a Subsidiary Undertaking of the Company;
  - (ii) the sale of the Sale Shares is not bona fide or the price is subject to a deduction, rebate or allowance to the transferee; or
  - (iii) the Seller has failed or refused to provide promptly information available to it or him and reasonably requested by the Board for the purpose of enabling it to form the opinion mentioned above.

### 11.9 Waiver of restrictions

The restrictions imposed by this Article may be waived in relation to any proposed transfer of Shares with the Founder's consent and the consent of Shareholders who, but for the waiver, would or might have been entitled to have such shares offered to them in accordance with this Article.

#### 12. Valuation of Shares

- 12.1 If a Transfer Notice does not specify a Transfer Price or if a Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served then, upon service of the Transfer Notice or, in the case of the deemed service of a Transfer Notice, on the date on which the Board first has actual knowledge of the facts giving rise to such deemed service, the Board shall either:
  - (a) appoint expert valuers in accordance with Article 12.2 (the "Expert Valuers") to certify the Fair Value of the Sale Shares; or (if the Fair Value has been certified by Expert Valuers within the preceding 12 weeks)
  - (b) specify that the Fair Value of the Sale Shares will be calculated by dividing any Fair Value so certified by the number of Sale Shares to which it related and

multiplying such Fair Value by the number of Sale Shares the subject of the Transfer Notice.

### 12.2 The Expert Valuers will be either:

- (a) the Auditors, or if so specified in the relevant Transfer Notice; or
- (b) an independent firm of Chartered Accountants to be agreed between the Board and the Seller or failing agreement not later than the date 10 Business Days after the date of service of the Transfer Notice to be appointed by the then President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales on the application of either party.
- 12.3 The "Fair Value" of the Sale Shares shall be determined by the Expert Valuer on the following assumptions and bases:
  - (a) valuing the Sale Shares as on an arm's-length sale between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
  - (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
  - (c) that the Sale Shares are capable of being transferred without restriction;
  - (d) valuing the Sale Shares as a rateable proportion of the total value of all the issued Shares without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent; and
  - (e) reflect any other factors which the Expert Valuers reasonably believe should be taken into account.
- 12.4 If any difficulty arises in applying any of these assumptions or bases then the Expert Valuers shall resolve that difficulty in whatever manner they shall in their absolute discretion think fit.
- 12.5 The Expert Valuers shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 20 Business Days of their appointment and to notify the Board of their determination.
- 12.6 The Expert Valuers shall act as experts and not as arbitrators and their determination shall be final and binding on the parties (in the absence of fraud or manifest error).
- 12.7 The Board will give the Expert Valuers access to all accounting records or other relevant documents of the Company subject to them agreeing such confidentiality provisions as the Board may reasonably impose.
- 12.8 The Expert Valuers shall deliver their certificate to the Company. As soon as the Company receives the certificate it shall deliver a copy of it to the Seller. Unless the shares are to be sold under a Transfer Notice, which is deemed to have been served, the Seller may by notice in writing to the Company within five Business Days of the service on him of the copy certificate, cancel the Company's authority to sell the Sale Shares.
- 12.9 The cost of obtaining the certificate shall be paid by the Company unless:
  - (a) the Seller cancels the Company's authority to sell; or

(b) the sale is pursuant to a Transfer Notice which is deemed to have been served, and the Sale Price certified by the Expert Valuers is less than the price (if any) offered by the directors to the Seller for the Sale Share before Expert Valuer was instructed.

in which case the Seller shall bear the cost.

## 13. Compulsory transfers – general

- 13.1 A person entitled to a Share in consequence of the bankruptcy of a Shareholder shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of that Share at a time determined by the Directors.
- 13.2 If a Share remains registered in the name of a deceased Shareholder for longer than 6 months after the date of his death the Directors may require the legal personal representatives of that deceased Shareholder either:
  - (a) to effect a Permitted Transfer of such Shares (including for this purpose an election to be registered in respect of the Permitted Transfer); or
  - (b) to show to the satisfaction of the Directors that a Permitted Transfer will be effected before or promptly upon the completion of the administration of the estate of the deceased Shareholder.

If either requirement in this Article 13.2 shall not be fulfilled to the satisfaction of the Directors a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of each such Share save to the extent that, the Directors may otherwise determine.

- 13.3 If a Shareholder which is a company or a Permitted Transferee of that Shareholder, either suffers or resolves for the appointment of a liquidator, administrator or administrative receiver over it or any material part of its assets, the relevant Shareholder or Permitted Transferee shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the shares held by the relevant Shareholder and/or such Permitted Transferee save to the extent that, and at a time, the Directors may determine.
- 13.4 If there is a change in control (as control is defined in section 840 of ICTA) of any Shareholder which is a company, it shall be bound at any time, if and when required in writing by the Directors to do so, to give (or procure the giving in the case of a nominee) a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Shares registered in its and their names and their respective nominees' names save that, in the case of the Permitted Transferee, it shall first be permitted to transfer those Shares back to the original Shareholder from whom it received its Shares or to any other Permitted Transferee before being required to serve a Transfer Notice.

## 14. Compulsory transfer – employees

- 14.1 If any Employee ceases for any reason to be an Employee at any time the relevant Employee shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of all the Employee Shares on the Effective Termination Date. In such circumstances the Transfer Price shall be as follows:
  - (a) where the relevant Employee ceases to be an Employee by reason of being a Bad Leaver, the lower of Fair Value and the nominal value of the Employee Shares;

- (b) where the relevant Employee ceases to be an Employee by reason of being a Good Leaver, the Fair Value.
- 14.2 For the purposes of this Article, the Employee Shares shall be offered in the following order of priority:
  - (a) to a person or persons nominated by the Board to take the departing Employee's place conditionally upon them commencing employment with the Company; and/or
  - (b) to any of the existing Employees (other than the departing Employee); and/or
  - (c) to other participants or potential participants in, or trustees of the Employee Share Option Plan (other than the departing Employee); and/or
  - (d) to any other person or persons approved by the Board (other than the departing Employee); and/or
  - (e) to the Company (subject always to the provisions of the Act).
- 14.3 All voting rights attached to Employee Shares held by an Employee (the "Restricted Member"), if any, shall at the time he ceases to be an Employee be suspended unless the Board notifies him otherwise.
- 14.4 Any Employee Shares whose voting rights are suspended pursuant to Article 14.3 ("Restricted Shares") shall confer on the holders of Restricted Shares the right to receive a notice of and attend all general meetings of the Company but shall have no right to vote either in person or by proxy. Voting rights suspended pursuant to Article 14.3 shall be automatically restored immediately prior to an IPO. If a Restricted Member transfers any Restricted Shares in the Company in accordance with these Articles all voting rights attached to the Restricted Shares so transferred shall upon completion of the transfer (as evidenced by the transferee's name being entered in the Company's register of shareholders) automatically be restored.

## 15. Mandatory Offer on a Change of Control

- 15.1 Except in the case of Permitted Transfers and transfers pursuant to Articles 13 and 14, after going through the pre-emption procedure in Article 11, the provisions of Article will apply if one or more Proposed Sellers propose to transfer in one or a series of related transactions any Shares (the "Proposed Transfer") which would, if put into effect, result in any Proposed Purchaser (and Associates of his or persons Acting in Concert with him) acquiring a Controlling Interest in the Company.
- 15.2 A Proposed Seller must, before making a Proposed Transfer procure the making by the Proposed Purchaser of an offer (the "Offer") to the other Shareholders to acquire all of the Company's Shares for a consideration per share the value of which is at least equal to the Specified Price (as defined in Article 15.7).
- 15.3 The Offer must be given by written notice (a "Proposed Sale Notice") at least 10 Business Days (the "Offer Period") prior to the proposed sale date ("Proposed Sale Date"). The Proposed Sale Notice must set out, to the extent not described in any accompanying documents, the identity of the Proposed Purchaser, the purchase price and other terms and conditions of payment, the Proposed Sale Date and the number of Shares proposed to be purchased by the Proposed Purchaser (the "Proposed Sale Shares").

- 15.4 If any other holder of Shares is not given the rights accorded him by this Article, the Proposed Sellers will not be entitled to complete their sale and the Company will not register any transfer intended to carry that sale into effect.
- 15.5 If the Offer is accepted by any Shareholder (an "Accepting Shareholder") within the Offer Period, the completion of the Proposed Transfer will be conditional upon the completion of the purchase of all the Shares held by Accepting Shareholders.
- 15.6 The Proposed Transfer is subject to the pre-emption provisions of Article 11 but the purchase of the Accepting Shareholders' shares shall not be subject to Article 11.
- 15.7 For the purpose of this Article:

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- the expression "transfer" and "purchaser" shall include the renunciation of a renounceable letter of allotment and the renouncee under any such letter of allotment respectively;
- (b) the expression "Specified Price" shall mean in respect of each Share a sum in cash equal to the highest price per Share offered or paid by the Proposed Purchaser:
  - (i) in the Proposed Transfer; or
  - (ii) in any related or previous transaction by the Proposed Purchaser or any person Acting in Concert with the Proposed Purchaser in the 12 months preceding the date of the Proposed Transfer,

plus an amount equal to the amount of any other consideration (in cash or otherwise) paid or payable by the Proposed Purchaser or any other person Acting in Concert with the Proposed Purchaser, which having regard to the substance of the transaction as a whole, can reasonably be regarded as an addition to the price paid or payable for the Shares.

## 16. Drag-along

- 16.1 If the holders of 65% of the Shares (the "Selling Shareholders") wish to transfer all their interest in Shares (the "Sellers' Shares") to a Proposed Purchaser, the Selling Shareholders shall have the option (the "Drag Along Option") to require all the other holders of Shares (the "Called Shareholders") to sell and transfer all their Shares to the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser shall direct in accordance with the provisions of this Article.
- 16.2 The Selling Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving a written notice to that effect (a "Drag Along Notice") to the Called Shareholders at any time before the transfer of the Sellers' Shares to the Proposed Purchaser. A Drag Along Notice shall specify that the Called Shareholders are required to transfer all their Shares (the "Called Shares") under this Article, the person to whom they are to be transferred, the consideration for which the Called Shares are to be transferred (calculated in accordance with this Article) and the proposed date of transfer.
- 16.3 Drag Along Notices shall be irrevocable but will lapse if for any reason there is not a sale of the Sellers' Shares by the Selling Shareholders to the Proposed Purchaser within 40 Business Days after the date of service of the Drag Along Notice. The Selling Shareholders shall be entitled to serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.

- 16.4 The consideration (in cash or otherwise) for which the Called Shareholders shall be obliged to sell each of the Called Shares shall be that to which they would be entitled if the total consideration proposed to be paid by the Proposed Purchaser were distributed to the holders of the Called Shares and the Sellers' Shares in accordance with the provisions of Article 5.
- 16.5 No Drag Along Notice may require a Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically provided for in this Article.
- Within five Business Days of the Proposed Purchaser serving a Drag Along Notice on the Called Shareholders, the Called Shareholders shall deliver stock transfer forms for their Shares in favour of the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser shall direct, together with the relevant share certificate(s) (or a suitable indemnity in lieu thereof) to the Company. On the expiration of that five Business Day period the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Purchaser, the amounts they are due pursuant to Article 16.4 to the extent the Proposed Purchaser has put the Company in the requisite funds. The Company's receipt for the amounts due pursuant to Article 16.4 shall be a good discharge to the Purchaser. The Company shall hold the amounts due to the Called Shareholders pursuant to Article 16.4 in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.
- 16.7 To the extent that the Proposed Purchaser has not, on the expiration of such five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to Article 16.4, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the stock transfer forms and share certificate (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this Article 16 in respect of their Shares.
- 16.8 If a Called Shareholder fails to deliver stock transfer forms and share certificates (or suitable indemnity) for its Shares to the Company upon the expiration of that five Business Day period, the Directors shall, if requested by the Proposed Purchaser, authorise any Director to transfer the Called Shareholder's Shares on the Called Shareholder's behalf to the Proposed Purchaser (or its nominee(s)) to the extent the Proposed Purchaser has, at the expiration of that five Business Day period, put the Company in funds to pay the amounts due pursuant to Article 16.4 for the Called Shareholder's Shares offered to him. The Board shall then authorise registration of the transfer once appropriate stamp duty has been paid. The defaulting Called Shareholder shall surrender his share certificate for his Shares (or provide a suitable indemnity) to the Company. On surrender, he shall be entitled to the amount due to him pursuant to Article 16.4.
- 16.9 Any transfer of Shares to a Proposed Purchaser (or as they may direct) pursuant to a sale in respect of which a Drag Along Notice has been duly served shall not be subject to the provisions of Article 11.
- 16.10 On any person, following the issue of a Drag Along Notice, becoming a Shareholder of the Company pursuant to the exercise of a pre-existing option to acquire shares in the Company or pursuant to the conversion of any convertible security of the Company (a "New Shareholder"), a Drag Along Notice shall be deemed to have been served on the New Shareholder on the same terms as the previous Drag Along Notice who shall then be bound to sell and transfer all Shares so acquired to the Proposed Purchaser or as the Proposed Purchaser may direct and the provisions of this Article shall apply with the necessary changes to the New Shareholder except that completion of the sale of the Shares shall take place immediately on the Drag Along Notice being deemed served on the New Shareholder.

# 17. General meetings

- 17.1 In Regulation 37 of Table A there shall be substituted for the words "in accordance with the Act" the words "for a date not later than twenty-eight days after the date on which the directors become subject to the requirement under section 303 of the 2006 Act".
- 17.2 In its application to the Company, Regulation 50 of Table A shall be modified by the insertion after the word "shall" and before the words "be entitled" of the word "not".

### 18. Proxies

The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors may:

- (a) be deposited at the office or at any other place within the United Kingdom as may be specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote;
- (b) be delivered at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote to the Chairman or to the Secretary or to any Director; or
- (c) in the case of a poll, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the Chairman or to the Secretary or to any Director, or at the time and place at which the poll is held to the Chairman or to the Secretary or to any Director or scrutineer.

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

### 19. Directors' borrowing powers

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities as security for any debt, liability of obligation of the Company or of any third party.

### 20. Alternate directors

Notwithstanding any provision of these Articles to the contrary, any person appointed as a director may appoint any person as he thinks fit to be his, her or its alternate Director and the appointment of an alternate Director shall not require approval by a resolution of the Directors, and in its application to the Company Regulation 65 of Table A shall be modified accordingly.

### 21. Number of Directors

Unless and until the Company in general meeting shall otherwise determine the number of Directors shall be not less than two.

## 22. Appointment of Directors

- 22.1 In its application to the Company, Regulation 78 of Table A shall be modified by the deletion of the words "... and may also determine the rotation in which any additional Directors are to retire".
- 22.2 In its application to the Company, Regulation 84 of Table A shall be modified by the deletion of the third and final sentences.

## 23. Disqualification of Directors

In addition to that provided in Regulation 81 of Table A, the office of a Director shall also be vacated if, except in the case of the Founder, a majority of his co-Directors serve notice on him in writing, removing him from office.

### 24. Proceedings of Directors

- 24.1 To be quorate, any meeting of the Board must include the Founder or a duly authorised representative of the Founder. If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or at such time and place as determined by the directors present at such meeting. (If a quorum is not present at any such adjourned meeting within half an hour from the time appointed, then the meeting shall not proceed.
- 24.2 In its application to the Company Regulation 89 of Table A shall be modified:
  - (a) by the deletion of the words "may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number" in the first sentence; and
  - (b) by the addition of the following as the final sentence:
    - "In the event that a meeting of the Directors is attended by a Director who is acting as alternate for one or more other Directors, the Director or Directors for whom he is the alternate shall be counted in the quorum despite their absence, and if on that basis there is a quorum the meeting may be held despite the fact (if it is the case) that only one Director is physically present".
- 24.3 Any Director who participates in the proceedings of a meeting by means of a communication device (including a telephone) which allows all the other Directors present at that meeting (whether in person or by alternate or by means of that type of communication device) to hear at all times that Director and that Director to hear at all times all other Directors present at the meeting (whether in person or by alternate or by means of that type of communication device) shall be deemed to be present at the meeting and shall be counted when reckoning a quorum. A meeting held by these means shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of participators in number is assembled. In the absence of a majority the location of the chairman shall be deemed to be the place of the meeting.
- 24.4 A Director may vote at a meeting of the Directors, and form part of a quorum present at that meeting, in relation to any matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which conflicts or which may conflict with the interests of the Company, provided that he has previously disclosed the nature of such duty or interest to the Directors. The provisions of Regulation 86 of Table A shall be taken to apply equally to any disclosure to be made under the provisions of this Article.

- 24.5 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, each Director shall be entitled at Board meetings to a number of votes which is equivalent to the number of Shares held by him. As an example, where a Director holds 250 Shares in the capital of the Company he shall be entitled to 250 votes at meetings of the Board. Where a Director holds no Shares he shall be entitled to one vote at Board meetings.
- 24.6 Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of any equality of votes, the chairman shall not have a second or casting vote.

#### 25. Execution of documents

In its application to the Company, Regulation 101 of Table A shall be modified by the addition of the following sentence:

"Any instrument expressed to be executed by the Company and signed by two Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary, by the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors shall (to the extent permitted by the Act or the 2006 Act) have effect as if executed under seal".

#### 26. Dividends

In Regulation 103 of Table A the words from "If the share capital is divided" to the end of the third sentence of the Regulation shall be deleted.

#### 27. Notices

- 27.1 Any notice shall be in writing and shall be conclusively deemed to have been duly given:
  - (a) when hand delivered to the relevant party;
  - (b) when received when sent by facsimile, e-mail or any other form of electronic communication at the relevant address:
  - (c) two Business Days after dispatch if sent to an address in the United Kingdom by post;
  - (d) five Business Days after dispatch if sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the relevant party provided that delivery in at least five (5) Business Days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending Party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider; or
  - (e) by airmail (registered or certified) 15 Business Days after sending.
- 27.2 In proving service of a notice it shall be sufficient to prove that personal delivery was made, or that the relevant notice or other written communication was properly addressed stamped and posted or in the case of a facsimile, e-mail or other form of electronic communication evidence that the relevant communication was properly sent.
- 27.3 Regulation 115 of Table A shall be deleted.

### 28. Indemnities and insurance

- 28.1 Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act:
  - (a) every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his, her or its office or otherwise in relation to his, her or its office, including any liability incurred by him in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his, her or its favour or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under sections 144 or 727 of the Act or sections 661(3) or (4) or 1157 of the 2006 Act in which relief is granted to him by the court, and no Director or other officer shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his, her or its office or otherwise in relation to his, her or its office:
  - (b) the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase and maintain insurance for any such Director or other officer against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company.
- 28.2 The Company shall (at the cost of the Company) effect and maintain for each Director policies of insurance insuring each Director against risks in relation to his office as each director may reasonably specify including without limitation, any liability which by virtue of any rule of law may attach to him in respect of any negligence, default of duty or breach of trust of which he may be guilty in relation to the Company.

### 29. Secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act and/or the 2006 Act, the directors may appoint a secretary for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them. Regulation 99 of Table A shall not apply.