Registered number: 05448086

ALERTSEC LTD

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

ALERTSEC LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 05448086

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note		2017 £		2016 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		3,822		1,447
		-	3,822	_	1,447
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	29,772		33,640	
Cash at bank	6	7,888		6,071	
	•	37,660		39,711	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(3,719)		(6,508)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS	-		33,941		33,203
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	37,763	_	34,650
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred tax	8	(762)		(283)	
	-		(762)		(283)
NET ASSETS		- -	37,001	<u>-</u>	34,367
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			30,000		30,000
Profit and loss account			7,001		4,367
		- -	37,001	_	34,367

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ALERTSEC LTD REGISTERED NUMBER: 05448086

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr M E Ahlberg

Director

Date: 20 April 2018

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Alertsec Ltd is a private Company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 3 Morley's Place, Sawston, Cambridge, CB22 3TG. This Company is part of a group.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised by the Company in respect of software encryption services supplied during the year. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment - 33%

reducing balance

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.8 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

2.10 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2016 - 1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

			Office equipment
			£
	COST		
	At 1 January 2017		2,796
	Additions		3,517
	At 31 December 2017		6,313
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 January 2017		1,349
	Charge for the year on owned assets		1,142
	At 31 December 2017		2,491
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 December 2017		3,822
	At 31 December 2016		1,447
5 .	DEBTORS		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors	29,030	31,957
	Other debtors	506	973
	Prepayments and accrued income	236	710
		29,772	33,640
6.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	7,888	6,071

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

		2017 £	2016 £
	To the sea Phone		
	Trade creditors	911	1,913 837
	Corporation tax	169 1,989	2,241
	Other taxation and social security Other creditors	-	2,241 867
	Accruals and deferred income	650	650
	Accidats and deterred income		
		3,719	6,508
8.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
0.	DEFENCED TAXATION		
			2017
			£
	At beginning of year		(283)
	Charged to profit or loss		(479)
	AT END OF YEAR	-	(762)
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
		20 17 £	2016 £
		2	~
	Accelerated capital allowances	(762)	(283)
		(762)	(283)
9.	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	-	_
	100 Ordinary shares of £300 each	30,000	30,000

10. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £1,200 (2016 - £,1200). No contributions (2016 - £Nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

11. TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

At 01 January 2017 the Company owed one of the directors £867. During the year the Company paid expenses on their behalf of £925. At 31 December 2017 £58 was owed to the Company. This loan is interest free and repayable on demand. S455 tax has been provided for in full.

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