COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05442373

Registrar of Companies

ROBERT LITTLE GARAGES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

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BALANCE SHEET

30 JUNE 2017

		201	2017	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets Tangible assets	5 6		- 131,639	- 122,590
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 8	133,138 77,927 38,641		93,403 76,789 728
		249,706		170,920
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	9	230,385		212,364
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			19,321	(41,444)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			150,960	81,146
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	10		31,596	36,959
PROVISIONS Taxation including deferred tax			22,978	23,653
NET ASSETS			96,386	20,534
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Allotted, called up and fully paid share capital Profit and loss account			100 96,286	100 20,434
SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS			96,386	20,534

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The balance sheet continues on the following page. The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30 JUNE 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 August 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R G Little Director

Company registration number: 05442373

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Harker Service Station, Harker, Carlisle, CA6 4DT.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 July 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 14.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity, and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be reliably estimated, revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its useful economic life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed five years. Useful economic lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and revised if necessary, subject to the constraint that the revised life shall not exceed 20 years from the date of acquisition. The carrying amount at the date of revision is amortised over the revised estimate of remaining useful economic life.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property and

- 2% reducing balance

property improvements
Plant and machinery

20% reducing balance20% reducing balance25% reducing balance

Fixtures and fittings Motor vehicles

Office equipment

- 33% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided.

4. STAFF COSTS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the director, amounted to 5 (2016: 4).

Raw materials and consumables

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

5.	INTANGIBLE AS	SETS		 ,			,
							Goodwill £
	Cost At 1 Jul 2016 an	d 30 Jun 20	17				35,000
	Amortisation At 1 Jul 2016 an	d 30 Jun 20	17				35,000
	Carrying amoun At 30 June 2017		·				
6.	TANGIBLE ASSE	TS					
		Freehold property and property		Fixtures			
	•	improve-	Plant and	and	Motor	Office	
		•	machinery	fittings	vehicles e		Total
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Cost At 1 Jul 2016	162,749	103,187	31,451	11,050	3,689	312,126
	Additions	-	8,535	7,857	8,750	-	25,142
	At 30 Jun 2017	162,749	111,722	39,308	19,800	3,689	337,268
	Depreciation At 1 Jul 2016 Charge for the	84,342	66,522	27,322	7,876	3,474	189,536
	year	1,568	9,040	2,397	2,981	107	16,093
	At 30 Jun 2017	85,910	75,562	29,719	10,857	3,581	205,629
	Carrying amount						
	At 30 Jun 2017	76,839	36,160	9,589	8,943	108	131,639
	At 30 Jun 2016	78,407	36,665	4,129	3,174	215	122,590
7.	STOCKS						
						2017 £	2016 £

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

8.	DEBTORS		
		2017	2016
	•	£	£
	Trade debtors	74,667	72,688
	Other debtors	3,260	4,101
		77,927	76,789
9.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	5,261	36,891
	Trade creditors	.116,616	57,627
	Corporation tax	22,180	7,437
	Social security and other taxes	22,221	18,225
	Other creditors	64,107	92,184
		230,385	212,364
	The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due wit company:	thin one year are sec	cured by the
	company:	2017 £	2016 £
-		2017	2016
-	company: Bank loans and overdrafts	2017 £ 5,261	2016 £ 36,891
	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company.	2017 £ 5,261 5,261	2016 £ 36,891
10.	company: Bank loans and overdrafts	2017 £ 5,261 5,261	2016 £ 36,891 36,891
10.	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company.	2017 £ 5,261 5,261	2016 £ 36,891 36,891
10.	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one years.	2017 £ 5,261 5,261 ear 2017 £	2016 £ 36,891 36,891 2016 £
10.	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company.	2017 £ 5,261 5,261	2016 £ 36,891 36,891
10.	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one years.	2017 £ 5,261 5,261 ear 2017 £ 31,596	2016 £ 36,891 36,891 2016 £ 36,959
10.	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one years. Bank loans and overdrafts The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due	2017 £ 5,261 5,261 ear 2017 £ 31,596	2016 £ 36,891 36,891 2016 £ 36,959
10.	Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one years. Bank loans and overdrafts The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due	2017 £ 5,261 5,261 2017 £ 31,596 after more than or	2016 £ 36,891 36,891 2016 £ 36,959

Bank loans are secured on the assets of the company.

Included within creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year is an amount of £5,292 (2016: £11,231) in respect of liabilities payable or repayable by instalments which fall due for payment after more than five years from the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

11. DIRECTOR'S ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2017			
	Balance brought forward £	Advances/ (credits) to the director £	Amounts repaid £	Balance outstanding £
Mr R G Little	(84,165)	46,717	(19,231)	(56,679)
	Balance	201 Advances/	.6	
	brought	(credits) to	Amounts	Balance
•	forward	the director	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr R G Little	(78,600)	13,535	(19,100)	(84,165)

12. TRANSITION TO FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 July 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.