#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 5420028**

# A & B WATERS LTD UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 APRIL 2013



# **ALDERWICK JAMES & CO**

Chartered Accountants
4 The Sanctuary
23 Oakhill Grove
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KT6 6DU

# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

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# **ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET**

## 30 APRIL 2013

	2013		2012		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			122,400		129,600
Tangible assets			7,329		9,686
			129,729		139,286
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		31,460		32,221	
Debtors		22,618		26,924	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,094		3,892	
		62,172		63,037	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	:				
within one year		113,644		110,248	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(51,472)		(47,211)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	7				
LIABILITIES			78,257		92,075
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due	after				
more than one year			70,827		84,947
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			1,257		1,682
			6,173		5,446

#### ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### 30 APRIL 2013

	2013		2012		
	Note	£	£	£	£
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		100		100
Profit and loss account			6,073		5,346
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			6,173		5,446

For the year ended 30 April 2013 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

#### Directors' responsibilities

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476, and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 13 September 2013, and are signed on their behalf by

MR A WATERS

Company Registration Number 5420028

#### **A&BWATERSLTD**

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

#### Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Goodwill

over 25 years

#### Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant & Machinery Fixtures & Fittings 25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance

Motor Vehicles Equipment 25% reducing balance25% reducing balance

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

# NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

#### 2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible	Tangible	
	Assets	Assets	Total
	£	£	£
COST			
At 1 May 2012	180,000	19,204	199,204
Additions		85	85
At 30 April 2013	180,000	19,289	199,289
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 May 2012	50,400	9,518	59,918
Charge for year	7,200	2,442	9,642
At 30 April 2013	57,600	11,960	69,560
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NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 April 2013	122,400	7,329	129,729
At 30 April 2012	129,600	9,686	139,286
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#### 3. SHARE CAPITAL

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2013		2012	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
				******

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

#### YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2013

#### 4. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Since the balance sheet date the company has given a fixed and floating charge to National Westminster Bank Plc covering all property owned "now or in the future" by the company