Registered number: 05407827

ANGLIAN VEHICLE LININGS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

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Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Balance Sheet As At 30 June 2023

Registered number: 05407827

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	5		349,223	_	334,254
			0.40.000		004.054
CURRENT ASSETS			349,223		334,254
Stocks	6	20,000		20,000	
Deblors	7	440,439		419,296	
Cash at bank and in hand		562,939		564,294	
			-	_	
		1,023,378		1,003,590	
Creditore: Amounto Folling Due Within One Year	0	(224.222.)		(244 420)	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	8	(331,232)	-	(314,138)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			692,146		689,452
,				-	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,041,369		1,023,706
		•		_	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	9		(17,230)		-
		-		_	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES Deferred Taxation			(78,203)		(49,586)
Deletted Taxation			(78,203)	_	(49,300)
NET ASSETS			945,936		974,120
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		:		=	
Called up share capital	11		100		100
Profit and Loss Account	•		945,836		974,020
		-		_	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			945,936		974,120
		•		=	

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As At 30 June 2023

For the year ending 30 June 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board
Mr David Byatt
Director
20/01/2024

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

General Information

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05407827. The registered office is 8 Landermere Farm Buildings Walton Road, Thorpe-Le-Soken, Clacton-On-Sea, CO16 0NJ.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

2.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold20% straignt linePlant & Machinery25% straignt lineMotor Vehicles25% straignt line

2.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

2.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

2.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.8. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 19 (2022: 21)

Intangible Assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
As at 1 July 2022	275,000
As at 30 June 2023	275,000
Amortisation	
As at 1 July 2022	275,000
As at 30 June 2023	275,000
Net Book Value	
As at 30 June 2023	•
As at 1 July 2022	-

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

5. Tangible Assets				
	Land & Property			
	Leasehold	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 July 2022	15,858	415,902	378,176	809,936
Additions	-	10,077	104,212	114,289
Disposals	-	-	(115,667)	(115,667)
As at 30 June 2023	15,858	425,979	366,721	808,558
Depreciation				
As at 1 July 2022	15,858	257,144	202,680	475,682
Provided during the period	-	40,095	50,633	90,728
Disposals		-	(107,075)	(107,075)
As at 30 June 2023	15,858	297,239	146,238	459,335
Net Book Value				
As at 30 June 2023		128,740	220,483	349,223
As at 1 July 2022	-	158,758	175,496	334,254
6. Stocks				
o. Stocks			2023	2022
			£	£
Materials			20,000	20,000
		_	20,000	20,000
		=		
7. Debtors				
			2023	2022
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade debtors			423,844	409,296
Other debtors			16,595	10,000
		_	440,439	419,296
8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
<u>.</u>			2023	2022
			£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			35,205	10,310
Trade creditors			182,411	132,984
Corporation tax			18,661	21,966
Other taxes and social security			15,889	1 5,919
VAT			76,139	121,138
Other creditors			932	10,444
Accruals and deferred income			1,350	1,350
Directors' loan accounts		_	645 	27
		_	331,232	314,138

Anglian Vehicle Linings Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2023

9. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	17,230	-
	17,230	-
10. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2023	2022
	£	£
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	35,205	10,310
Later than one year and not later than five years	17,230	-
	52,435	10,310
	52,435	10,310
11. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.	onic form,