Registered number: 5401909

G MORGAN ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

PBS Hereford Ltd Hereford House 3 Offa Street Hereford Herefordshire HR1 2LL

G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

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G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd Balance Sheet As At 30 April 2023

Registered number: 5401909

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		12,266		1 5,817
		-		_	
			12,266		1 5,817
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	2,000		2,000	
Deblors	5	9,130		10,920	
Cash at bank and in hand		73,639	_	61,013	
		84,769		73,933	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(33,265)	-	(28,317)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			51,504	_	45,616
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			63,770		64 422
		-	63,770	_	61,433
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation		-	(2,330)	_	(4,013)
NET ASSETS			61,440		57,420
		=	·	=	·
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	•		,		
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and Loss Account		-	61,439	_	57,419
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			61,440		57,420
		=		_	

G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As At 30 April 2023

For the year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Gareth Morgan

Director

18 August 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 33% straight line Motor Vehicles 25% straight line Computer Equipment 33% straight line

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 4 (2022: 4)

3. Tangible Assets

C. Tungible / Goods	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 May 2022	813	44,250	3,719	48,782
Additions	2,913	-	-	2,913
As at 30 April 2023	3,726	44,250	3,719	51,695
Depreciation				
As at 1 May 2022	813	29,051	3,101	32,965
Provided during the period	559	5,287	618	6,464
As at 30 April 2023	1,372	34,338	3,719	39,429
Net Book Value		-		
As at 30 April 2023	2,354	9,912		12,266
As at 1 May 2022	-	15,199	618	15,817
4. Stocks				
			2023	2022
			£	£
Stock - materials			2,000	2,000
			2,000	2,000

G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

5. Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	7,582	9,690
VAT	1,548	1,230
	9,130	10,920
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
3	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	_	- 1,52 1
Trade creditors	16,790	6,812
Bank loans and overdrafts	11,750	14,750
Corporation tax	4,065	4,988
Other taxes and social security	597	243
Director's loan account	63	3
	33,265	28,317
7. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase	0000	
	2023	2022
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Within one year	-	1,521
	-	1,521
		1,521
8. Share Capital		<u>_</u>
	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1_	1

9. General Information

G Morgan Electrical Contractors Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 5401909 . The registered office is Hereford House, 3 Offa Street, Hereford, Herefordshire, HR1 2LL.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic for authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.	m,