Directors' report and consolidated financial statements for the year ended

**31 DECEMBER 2016** 

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### **DIRECTORS AND ADVISERS**

**Directors** 

Thomas Irwin David Walls

Registered office

Belmont House Station Way Crawley West Sussex RH10-1JA

**Bankers** 

Natwest Bank Commercial Road Portsmouth Hampshire PO1 1ES

**Auditors** 

Nexia Smith & Williamson Chartered Accountants and

Statutory Auditor

4th Floor

Cumberland House 15-17 Cumberland Place

Southampton SO15 2BG

**Solicitors** 

Irwin Mitchell

The Corn Exchange

Baffins Lane Chichester West Sussex PO19 1GE

Company's registered number

05375397

#### STRATEGIC REPORT

The past five years' rifle production has significantly increased as a result of the facilities expansion during 2011 and the process improvement activities undertaken subsequently. The sales have continued in an upwards trend. Not only has there been an increase in output, we have seen an improvement in the quality of our components. There is less excess inventory due to the commonality of parts used within the range of products. Our process improvement activities continue and should be considered an integral part of our business and not a special project.

The demand for our products is still high and the future looks encouraging. As a result we are looking toward expanding our facilities in the UK and USA.

In the UK we are running out of space for machine shop, assembly and test, packing and shipping, office and car park. We need to look for an additional building in order to expand and that will be our focus going forward.

One of the biggest risks to our business in the USA was if Hillary Clinton were to have been elected. That was not the case and as a result any changes to the gun laws are unlikely to impact us.

In the USA we identified the need to have our own production and development test facility for rifles as we rely on using the local gun club at present. This is a potential risk to the business and under certain hot and cold conditions we are unable to test as it is an outdoor range. During August 2017 we acquired some land near Fredericksburg, VA and plan to build a 100 metre facility for rifle testing and proof testing. We also need to look at increased capacity for assembly and plan to lease a larger building.

The demand for our AX range of products high with our military customers and both AX and AT rifle systems are popular with Law Enforcement. The civilian market demand is growing for both AX and AT ranges.

The cash balance remains healthy as we have been enjoying continued demand and sales growth.

In summary, the business is healthy, stable and offers opportunity for growth.

# Return on capital 5% 4% employed 38% 38% Operating profit 3% 3%

percentage
Long term debt:equity 0.03 0.03
ratio

Collection days 56 71

Purchases as a 42% 32%

Approved by the board of directors and signed on behalf of the board

Thomas Irwin Director

percentage of sales

KPI's

Date 25th September 2017

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Company's registered number

The company's registered number is 05375397.

#### **Principal activities**

The group's principal activities are the manufacture and sale of sniper rifles and related products.

#### Financial risk management

The group's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The group has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the group by closely monitoring levels of debt whilst cash levels are reviewed on a weekly basis.

#### Price risk

The group is exposed to price risk due to normal inflationary increases in the purchase price of the goods and services it purchases. The group has no exposure to equity securities price risk as it holds no listed or other equity investments.

#### Credit risk

The group endeavours to limit its exposure to credit risk through the use of in-country agents and letters of credit where deemed appropriate. The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is assessed on a case by case basis by the board.

#### Liquidity risk

The group actively maintains a mixture of long-term debt finance and cash funds that is designed to ensure the group has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

#### Results for the year

The profit for the year after taxation was £334,742 (2015: £274,333).

#### Statement of recommended dividend

After reviewing the financial statements and cash position of the company the Directors have recommended a dividend not be paid.

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)**

#### **Directors**

The directors of the company who served throughout the year are:

Thomas Irwin David Walls

#### Disclosure of information to the auditors

In the case of each person who was a director at the time this report was approved:

- so far as that director was aware there was no relevant available information of which the group's auditors were unaware; and
- that director had taken all steps that the director ought to have taken as a director to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors were aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provision of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Auditors**

The current auditors, Nexia Smith & Williamson, are deemed to be reappointed as auditors.

Approved by the board of directors and signed on behalf of the board

Thomas Irwin Director

Date 25th September 2017

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report, Strategic Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the parent company and of the group and of their profit or loss for that period. In preparing each of the group and parent company financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the ongoing concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and parent company will continue in business:

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ACCURACY INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Accuracy International Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Financial Position, the Group Statement of Cash Flows, the Group and Parent Company Statements of Changes in Equity, and the related notes 1 to 26. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate">www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate</a>.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- The information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material mis-statements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report.



#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Andrew Edmonds
Senior Statutory Auditor, for and on behalf of
Nexia Smith & Williamson
Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants

Alexa Smith & Williamon

Date:

25th September 2017

4<sup>th</sup> Floor Cumberland House 15-17 Cumberland Place Southampton SO15 2BG

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Turnover	6	13,224,624	12,102,445
Cost of sales	-	(8,168,317)	(7,552,746)
Gross profit		5,056,307	4,549,699
Administrative expenses		(4,619,965)	(4,194,076)
Operating profit	-	436,342	355,623
Other interest receivable and similar income	9	78,420	22,429
Interest payable and similar charges	10	(20,693)	(13,385)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	7	494,069	364,667
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	12	(159,327)	(90,334)
Profit for the financial year	-	334,742	274,333
Net exchange differences on translation of net investments		(196,169)	(46,020)
Total recognised gains and losses relating to the financial year	-	138,573	228,313

The results in both the current and previous year relate to continuing operations.

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £	2016 £	2015 £	2015 £
Fixed assets		_	_	~	~
Property, plant and equipment	14		2,574,525		2,684,629
Intangible assets	13		153,450		198,254
			2,727,975		2,882,883
Current assets					
Inventories	16	3,184,428	•	2,310,316	
Receivables	17	3,389,164		2,534,967	
Cash		2,023,436		2,402,811	
		8,597,028		7,248,094	
Payables: amounts falling due within one year	18	(2,946,154)		(1,868,124)	
Net current assets			5,650,874		5,379,970
Total assets less current liabilities			8,378,849		8,262,853
Payables: amounts falling due after more than one year	19		(235,110)	٠.	(257,894)
Provisions for liabilities	20		(148,360)		(148,153)
Net assets			7,995,379		7,856,806
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		60,000		60,000
Capital redemption reserve			530,001		530,001
Retained earnings	1		7,405,378		7,266,805
Shareholders' funds			7,995,379		7,856,806

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on  $\frac{15}{9}$  and were signed on its behalf by:

Thomas Irwin Director

### **COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 31 December 2016**

	Note	2016 £	2016 £	2015 £	2015 £
Fixed assets		_			
Property, plant and equipment	14		2,525,654		2,625,426
Intangible assets	13		141,743		181,795
Investments	15		50,000	,	50,000
		·	2,717,397		2,857,221
Current assets					
Inventories	16	2,749,512		1,792,347	
Receivables: amounts falling due within one year	17	1,851,136		1,586,233	
Receivables: amounts falling due after more than one year	17	1,767,597		2,746,052	
Cash		1,953,058		2,296,963	
•		8,321,303		8,421,595	
Payables: amounts falling due within one year	18	(2,685,155)		(1,678,185)	
Net current assets			5,636,148		6,743,410
Total assets less current liabilities			8,353,545		9,600,631
Payables: amounts falling due after more than one year	19		(235,110)		(257,894)
Provisions for liabilities	20		(148,360)		(148,153)
Net assets			7,970,075	•	9,194,584
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	22		60,000		60,000
Capital redemption reserve			530,001		530,001
Retained earnings			7,380,074		8,604,583
Shareholders' funds			7,970,075		9,194,584

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25/9/17 and were signed on its behalf by:

Thomas Irwin Director

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 31 December 2016

	2016	2015
	£	£
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit for the financial year Adjustments for:	334,742	274,333
Adjustments for.  Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment Interest paid Interest received Taxation (Increase)/decrease in inventories (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Increase in provisions	76,799 417,602 (40,330) 20,693 (2,406) 232,801 (874,112) (926,814) 842,679 207	64,611 373,925 (9,000) 13,385 (2,889) (187,461) 557,531 443,236 (845,788) 45,314
Net cash generated from operating activities	81,861	727,197
Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Interest received	85,251 (352,419) (31,995) 2,406	9,000 (337,428) (121,963) 2,889
Net cash from investing activities	(296,757)	(447,502)
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of bank loans Repayment of finance lease obligations Funds from new loan and finance leasing arrangements Interest paid Dividends paid	(41,110) (77,978) 171,471 (20,693)	(225,084) (54,986) 178,209 (13,385)
Net cash used in financing activities	31,690	(115,246)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(183,206)	164,449
Foreign exchange translation adjustment  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(196,169) 2,402,811	(46,020) 2,284,382
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,023,436	2,402,811

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2016

Group	Share Capital	Capital Redemption Reserve	Profit & loss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
As at 1 January 2015	60,000	530,001	7,068,492	7,658,493
Profit for the year	-	-	274,333	274,333
Foreign exchange translation difference	-	-	(46,020)	(46,020)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	228,313	228,313
Dividends paid	-	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
As at 31 December 2015	60,000	530,001	7,266,805	7,856,806
Profit for the year		-	334,742	334,742
Foreign exchange translation difference	-	-	(196,169)	(196,169)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	138,573	138,573
As at 31 December 2016	60,000	530,001	7,405,378	7,995,379
Company	Share Capital	Capital Redemption Reserve	Profit & loss account	Total
A4.4 I 0045	£	£	£	£
As at 1 January 2015	60,000	530,001	8,115,612	8,705,613
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	518,971	518,971
Dividends paid	-	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
As at 31 December 2015	60,000	530,001	8,604,583	9,194,584
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	, -	<i>,</i> -	(1,224,509)	(1,224,509)
As at 31 December 2016	60,000	530,001	7,380,074	7,970,075

#### 1. Company Information

Accuracy International Limited (The Company) is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom. The address of its registered office is Belmont House, Station Way, Crawley, West Sussex, RH10 1JA.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

The Group and individual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and with the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Based on group profit for the year of £334,742 and group net assets of £7,995,379 (company net assets: £7,970,075) the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£).

As permitted by section 408(3) of the Companies Act 2006, the parent company's income statement has not been included in these financial statements. The parent company's loss for the year was £1,224,509 (2015: Profit of £488,566).

#### 3. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary undertaking made up to 31 December 2016. The acquisition method of accounting has been adopted. Under this method, the results of the subsidiary undertakings acquired or disposed of in the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 4. Significant judgements and estimates

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date and that affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. In this regard, the Directors believe that the critical accounting policy where judgements and estimations are necessarily applied are within stock valuation and provision for slow moving stock. Each year a review of stock is performed to determine any parts that have not been used within production during the preceding two years and a provision for slow moving stock is created. Parts are also provided for if they have been superseded and will no longer be used in production or if they relate to an item that is no longer going to be manufactured.

#### 5. Principal accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are set out below and have been consistently applied throughout the year.

#### a) Turnover

Turnover is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents the amounts receivable for goods and services supplied to customers in the normal course of business, net of trade discounts, Federal Excise Tax and VAT. The principal turnover stream of the Group is the manufacturing and sale of sniper rifles and their associated spares and accessories.

Sales of goods are recognised on despatch of goods.

Revenue arising from the provision of services is recognised when and to the extent that the Group obtains the right to consideration in exchange for the performance of its contractual obligations.

#### b) Employee benefits

#### i) Short Term benefits

Short term employee benefits, including holiday pay and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income when the service is received.

#### ii) Pension costs

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged to the profit and loss account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. Any outstanding amounts at the period end are presented within payables.

#### c) Goodwill

Purchased goodwill (representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the separable net assets acquired) arising on business combinations in respect of acquisitions since 1 January 1998 is capitalised. Positive goodwill is amortised to nil by equal annual instalments over its estimated useful life. The useful life is estimated at 5 years.

#### d) Computer Software

Under FRS 102 purchased computer software is now recognised as an intangible asset. It is initially measured at cost and is amortised on a straight line basis over its expected useful life of five years. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset together with those costs necessary to bring the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

#### e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or any impairment loss. Cost includes the original purchase price and any costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight line basis to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Freehold buildings - 50 years

Leasehold buildings & fixtures - Period of the lease

Fixtures, fittings, tools & equipment - 5 years
Plant & machinery - 5 years

Residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if necessary, at each balance sheet date.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### f) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as incurred.

#### g) Leased assets

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the leased asset to the group. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are included in property, plant and equipment and the capital element of the related lease commitment is shown as obligations under finance lease within payables. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged against profit over the period of the lease.

Operating lease costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

The company has taken advantage of the transitional relief available for lease incentives and where a lease commenced before the date of transition, the remaining benefit of the lease incentive continues to be recognised in accordance with previous UK GAAP. Lease incentives are credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the term of the lease until the first rent review.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into the operating lease are also spread on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### h) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, using the first in first out (FIFO) method and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items. In determining the cost of raw materials, consumables and goods purchased for resale, the standard cost is used, being the purchase price and an appropriate proportion of attributable overhead. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less the estimated costs of disposal. At the end of each reporting period inventories are assessed

for impairment and a slow moving provision is created for parts that have not been used in production within the previous two years.

#### i) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Trade and other debtors and creditors are classed as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. A provision is established when there is objective evidence that the group will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and comprise cash in hand and at bank and short term bank deposits.

Interest bearing bank loans which meet the criteria to be classified as basic financial instruments are initially recorded at the present value of cash payable to the bank, which is ordinarily equal to the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate.

#### j) Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in a foreign currency are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at the rate ruling at that date. All exchange differences are dealt with in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The assets and liabilities of the overseas subsidiary undertaking are translated at the closing exchange rate. The profit and loss account of the undertaking is consolidated at the average rates of exchange during the year. Gains and losses arising on these transactions are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit and loss.

#### k) Taxation

The tax expense recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income is the aggregate of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period.

Current tax is recognised for the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the current or previous reporting periods.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all material timing differences at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing differences.

#### I) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

The Group recognises a provision for annual leave accrued by employees as a result of services rendered in the current period, and which employees are entitled to carry forward and use within the next three months. The provision is measured at salary cost payable for the period of absence.

#### m) Research and Development

Research and development costs are written off to the consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income as they are incurred.

6.	<b>Turnover</b> Turnover, analysed geographically between markets, was as follows:		
	ionows.	2016	2015
	Group	£	£
	United Kingdom	2,267,718	2,693,443
	USA	4,107,841	4,385,843
	European Union	2,065,501	1,258,305
	Rest of the World	4,783,564	3,764,854
		13,224,624	12,102,445
	Company	2016 £	2015 £
	Company	_	~
	United Kingdom	2,267,718	2,693,443
	USA	2,220,911	2,805,016
	European Union	2,065,501	1,258,305
	Rest of the World	4,783,564	3,764,854
		11,337,694	10,521,618
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
<b>7</b> .	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:		
		2016 £	2015 £
		L	L
	Auditor's remuneration:  Fees payable for the audit of the company's annual accounts  Fees payable for other services	30,000	27,000
	Audit of the accounts of the subsidiary		
	Tax compliance services	4,200	4,200
	Depreciation and other amounts written off property, plant & machinery:		
	Owned	335,300	325,365
	Leased	82,302	48,560
	Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	76,799	64,611
	Foreign exchange profits	395,697	74,067
	Other operating lease rentals	96,586	96,372
	Research and development expense	44,725	13,286

#### 8. Directors and employees

Staff costs during the year were as follows:

2015	2016	
£	£	•
3,337,656	3,668,996	Wages and salaries
294,612	325,067	Social security costs
56,587	88,652	Other pension costs
3,688,855	4,082,715	

The company operates a stakeholder defined contribution pension scheme for the benefit of the employees and directors. The assets of the scheme are administered by an independent pension provider. Pension payments recognised as an expense during the year amount to £88,652 (2015: £56,587). Contributions amounting to £nil (2015: £nil) were outstanding at the end of the year.

The average number of employees of the group during the year was:

	2016	2015
	Number	Number
Overhead	23	22
Direct	56	58
	79	80

Remuneration in respect of directors who are the Group's key management personnel was as follows:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Emoluments	1,079,009	1,021,047
Pension contributions	12,518	11,747
	1,091,527	1,032,794

During the year 1 director (2015:1) participated in the defined contribution pension scheme

The amounts set out above include remuneration in respect of the highest paid director as follows:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Emoluments	600,514	551,837
Pension contributions	12,518	11,747
	613,032	563,584

### 9. Other interest receivable and similar income

		2016 £	2015 £
	Net exchange gains	76,014	19,540
,		2,406	2,889
	Interest receivable	<u> </u>	2,009
		78,420	22,429
			•
10.	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	11,267	9,607
	Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases and hire purchase contracts	9,426	3,778
		20,693	13,385
		-	
11.	Dividends		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Final dividend paid	-	-
	Final dividend proposed	-	30,000

#### 12. Taxation

Analysis of charge in period				
	2016	3	2015	
	£	£	£	£
UK Corporation tax on income for the period Adjustments in respect of prior years Overseas taxation	127,668 (502) 31,954		52,753 (1,497) =	
Total current tax		159,120	<u> </u>	51,256
Deferred tax (see note 20) Origination/reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of previous years Effect of tax rate change on opening balance	6,735 (1) (6,527)		45,666 1,393 (7,981)	
Total deferred tax	<del></del>	207		39,078
Tax on profit on ordinary activities		159,327		90,334

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current period

The current tax charge for the period is higher *(2015:higher)* than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 20% (2015: 20.25%). The differences are explained below.

	2016 £	2015 £
Reconciliation of tax charge Profit on ordinary activities before tax	494,069	364,667
Current tax at 20% (2015:20.25%)	98,814	73,833
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Other timing differences Small company relief Net difference between capital allowances and depreciation Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior years Overseas taxation Unrecognised losses relating to Accuracy International of North America	418,432 5,956 (52,130) (502) 31,954 (343,197)	24,586 (14,789) (301) (36,816) (1,497) - 45,318
Total tax charge (see above)	127,373	90,334

### 13. Intangible fixed assets

0.44		
Soπware Costs £	Goodwill £	Total £
503,598 13,732 18,263	129,839 - - -	633,437 13,732 18,263
535,593	129,839	665,432
305,344 11,286 65,513	129,839 - - -	435,183 11,286 65,513
382,143	129,839	511,9822
153,450	-	153,450
198,254	-	198,254
	£ 503,598 13,732 18,263 535,593 305,344 11,286 65,513 382,143	Costs £

Amortisation of intangible fixed assets is included in administrative expenses.

### Intangible fixed assets (continued)

Company	0.4		
	Software Costs £	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost At beginning of year Additions Disposals	438,853 18,263	129,839 - -	568,692 18,263
At end of year	457,116	129,839	586,955
<b>Depreciation</b> At beginning of year Charge for year Disposals	257,058 58,315	129,839 - -	386,897 58,315
At end of year	315,373	129,839	445,212
Net book value At 31 December 2016	141,743	-	141,743
At 31 December 2015	181,795	-	181,795

Amortisation of intangible fixed assets is included in administrative expenses.

#### 14. Property, plant and equipment

Group	_	machinery		Total £
Cost	£	£	£	L
At beginning of year Exchange movements Additions Disposals	2,524,599 15,032 10,243	16,924		4,868,111 45,313 307,106 (187,789)
At end of year	2,549,874	2,063,855	419,012	5,032,741
Depreciation			<del></del>	
At beginning of year Exchange movements Charge for year Disposals	536,806 15,032 83,382	1,358,842 8,744 256,054 (142,868)		2,183,482 35,247 382,355 (142,868)
At end of year	635,220	1,480,772	342,224	2,458,216
Net book value At 31 December 2016	1,914,654	583,083	76,788	2,574,525
At 31 December 2015	1,987,793	596,016	100,820	2,684,629

Included in the total net book value of plant and machinery is £209,073 (2015: £205,425) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £82,302 (2015: £48,560). The finance leases all relate to the Company.

Included within freehold property is land of £46,102 (2015: £46,102), which is not depreciated.

### Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Company	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment £	Total £
Cost				
At beginning of year Additions Disposals	2,453,723 10,243 -	1,873,783 279,862 (187,789)	326,956 17,001 -	4,654,462 307,106 (187,789)
			·	-
At end of year	2,463,966	1,965,856	343,957	4,773,779
			<del></del>	
Depreciation	405.000	1 000 010	000 100	
At beginning of year	465,933 83,382	1,326,610 239,599	236,493 38,976	2,029,036 361,957
Charge for year Disposals	-	(142,868)		(142,868)
At end of year	549,315	1,423,341	275,469	2,248,125
Net book value				
At 31 December 2016	1,914,651	542,515	68,488	2,525,654
At 31 December 2015	1,987,790	547,173	90,463	2,625,426

Included in the total net book value of plant and machinery is £209,073 (2015: £205,425) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £82,302 (2015: £48,560).

Included within freehold property is land of £46,102 (2015: £46,102), which is not depreciated.

#### 15. Investments

	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Subsidiary undertaking			
		Sale of	
Accuracy International of North America	USA	weapons and related products	100% ordinary

Registered office: 1111 N Northshore Drive, Knoxville, Tennessee 37919

The carrying cost of this investment was £50,000 (2015:£50,000).

#### 16. Inventories

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Work in progress	355,291	213,216	331,219	207,199
Finished goods and raw materials	2,829,137	2,097,100	2,418,293	1,585,148
	3,184,428	2,310,316	2,749,512	1,792,347

Stock recognised in cost of sales during the year as an expense was £6,592,360 (2015: £5,620,104) An impairment loss of £415,057 (2015: £325,611) was recognised in cost of sales against stock during the year due to slow moving and obsolete stock being provided for.

### 17. Receivables: amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2016 £	2015 £	Company 2016 £	2015 £
Trade debtors Other debtors	2,778,152 355,785	2,049,301 214,385	1,345,495 354,274	1,199,663 204,355
Corporation tax	333,783	72,617	-	72,617
Prepayments and accrued income	255,227	198,664	151,367	109,598
	3,389,164	2,534,967	1,851,136	1,586,233
Receivables: amounts falling due	after one year			
3				
Amounts due from group companies		-	1,767,597	2,746,052
			<del></del>	

Company

#### 18. Payables: amounts falling due within one year

	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	112,543	68,634	112,543	68,634
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	88,719	57,461	88,719	57,461
Payments received on account	-	44,966	-	44,966
Trade payables	1,115,008	959,768	981,475	876,021
Taxation and social security	188,339	208,104	123,267	114,758
Corporation tax	160,184	-	127,668	-
Other payables	4,113	69,452	500	69,016
Accruals and deferred income	1,277,248	459,739	1,250,983	447,329
	2,946,154	1,868,124	2,685,155	1,678,185
19. Payables: amounts falling due after r		e year	•	
	Group 2016 £	2015	Company 2016	2015
Bank loans and overdrafts	160,976	£ 160,473	£ 160,976	£ 160,473
Obligations under finance leases	74,134	97,421	74,134	97,421
Obligations under infance leases				<del></del>
	235,110	257,894 	235,110	257,894
The maturity of obligations under finance leas	ses contracts is	as follows:		
	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Within one year	88,719	57,461	88,719	57,461
Between one and five years	74,134	97,421	74,134	97,421
	162,853	154,882	162,853	154,882
The maturity of obligations under the bank loa	an is as follows:			<del></del>
<b>3</b>	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Repayable by instalments:	£	£	£	£
Within one year	112,543	68,634	112,543	68,634
In the second to fifth years	160,976	160,473	160,976	160,473
Over five years	-	-	-	-
	273,519	229,107	273,519	229,107

The bank loans are secured against the land and property in Portsmouth. The US dollar loan is payable over 9 years at an interest rate of 2.125% pa above LIBOR and the Euro loan is payable over 3 years at an interest rate of 3.25% pa over LIBOR.

#### 20. Provisions for liabilities

	Provision for reinstatement	Deferred taxation	Total
	£	£	£
Group and Company			
At 1 January 2016	30,661	117,492	148,153
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	-	(1)	(1)
Charge to the profit and loss account	-	208	208
44.04 December 2040		447.000	440.200
At 31 December 2016	30,661	117,699	148,360

All the deferred tax relates to the difference between accumulated depreciation and amortisation and capital allowances. All deferred tax is held within Accuracy International Ltd.

The company has made a provision for expected dilapidations, being a time-based proportion of the best estimate of the expected cost of returning the buildings to their original condition at the end of the lease.

#### 21. Called up share capital

Group and Company	2016	2015
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each 10 % cumulative redeemable preference shares of £1 each	£ 100,000 750,000	£ 100,000 750,000
	850,000	850,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid	·	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	60,000	60,000

#### 22. Reserves

Called-up share capital – represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Capital redemption reserve - represents the nominal value of preference shares and ordinary shares redeemed by the company and is a non-distributable reserve.

Foreign exchange translation reserve – comprises translation differences arising from the translation of financial statements of the Group's subsidiary undertaking into Sterling (£).

Profit and loss account – includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

#### 23. Leasing commitments

The Group's future minimum operating lease payments are as follows:	2016 £	2015 £	
Within one year Between one and five years Over five years	81,986 214,147 -	94,980 244,000 7,625	
	296,133	346,605	
At the period end the Group had lease agreements in place on properties with fixed rentals over the term of the lease.			
The Group's future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:			
Within one year Between one and five years	95,143 76,235	64,191 96,287	
	171,378	160,478	
The Company's future minimum finance lease payments are as follows: Within one year Between one and five years	95,143 76,235	64,191 96,287	
	171,378	160,478	

Certain plant and machinery are held under finance lease arrangements. Finance lease liabilities are secured by the related assets held under finance leases. The lease agreements include fixed lease payments and a purchase option at the end of the lease.

#### 24. Controlling Party

The Company is privately owned and has no overall controlling shareholder.

#### 25. Related Party Transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions contained in FRS 102 "Related Party Transactions" by not disclosing transactions with wholly-owned members of the group.

	2016	2015
	£	£
Sales to associates	-	4,476
Purchases from associates	886,628	151,252
Trade debtor amounts due from associates	-	186
Trade creditor amounts due to associates	76,191	23,805
Key management personnel compensation	1,091,527	1,032,794
Dividends paid to directors	20,000	20,000

Amounts were billed under normal market rates and were due and payable under normal payment terms.

#### 26. Events after the End of the Reporting Period

In August 2017 Accuracy International purchased land at Bowling Green Virginia for the production of a test facility. The land cost \$139,949.