

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05357035

Martin Phelps Systems Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 October 2019

Martin Phelps Systems Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

31 October 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	4,586	3,227
Current assets			
Stocks		27,934	21,015
Debtors	6	80,399	41,254
Cash at bank and in hand		39,879	76,111
		148,212	138,380
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	52,965	54,176
Net current assets		95,247	84,204
Total assets less current liabilities		99,833	87,431
Provisions			
Taxation including deferred tax		680	379
Net assets		99,153	87,052
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		99,053	86,952
Shareholders funds		99,153	87,052

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 October 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Martin Phelps Systems Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 October 2019

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 May 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs C J Phelps

Director

Company registration number: 05357035

Martin Phelps Systems Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 October 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Oakley House, Tetbury Road, Cirencester, Gloucestershire, GL7 1US.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	20% reducing balance
Equipment	-	20% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2018: 3).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 November 2018	1,399	5,831	7,230
Additions	—	2,746	2,746
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At 31 October 2019	1,399	8,577	9,976
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Depreciation			
At 1 November 2018	650	3,353	4,003
Charge for the year	149	1,238	1,387
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At 31 October 2019	799	4,591	5,390
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Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2019	600	3,986	4,586
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At 31 October 2018	749	2,478	3,227
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6. Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	72,203	34,493
Other debtors	8,196	6,761
	<u>80,399</u>	<u>41,254</u>

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	5,113	12,097
Corporation tax	17,011	14,476
Social security and other taxes	19,467	15,699
Other creditors	11,374	11,904
	<u>52,965</u>	<u>54,176</u>

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2019			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mrs C J Phelps	(9,979)	(120)	(10,099)
	<u>-----</u>	<u>----</u>	<u>-----</u>
2018			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mrs C J Phelps	(10,051)	72	(9,979)
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