

The Insolvency Act 1986**Liquidator's Progress
Report****S. 192****Pursuant to section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986****To the Registrar of Companies**

For official use

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Company Number

05335518

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of
company(a) **PLECK CASTINGS (UK)**

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and
address(es)**I/ PETER ALAN LANGARD
LIFFORD HALL, TUNNEL LANE, KINGS NORTON,
BIRMINGHAM B30 3JN**the liquidator of the company attach a copy of my Progress Report under
Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986Signed *P.A. Langard*Date *20 July 2011*Presenter's name, address
and reference
(if any)

For Official Use

Liquidator



AN31VWE6

A07

04/08/2011

251

COMPANIES HOUSE

THURSDAY

**Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of
The Insolvency Act 1986**

Name of Company
Company's registered number
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up
Date of commencement of winding up
Date to which this statement is brought down
Name and address of liquidator

PLECK CASTINGS (UK) LIMITED
05335518
CREDITORS VOLUNTARY
21 JULY 2009
20 JULY 2011
PETER ALAN LANGARD
LANGARD LIFFORD HALL,
LIFFORD LANE, TUNNEL LANE
KINGS NORTON
BIRMINGHAM B30 3JN

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance in bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in the statement.

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments or compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

Analysis of Balance

					£
Total realisations	. . . . .				0 00
Total disbursements	. . . . .				0 00
Balance					£ 0 00
The balance is made up as follows -					
1	Cash in hands of liquidator	.		...	0 00
2	Balance at bank	..		.	0 00
3	Amount in Insolvency Services Account			.	0 00
					£
4	* Amounts invested by liquidator	...	...	...
	Less: the cost of investments realised	..	..
Balance					0 00
Total balance as shown above					£ 0 00

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

* The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

					£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)	. . . . .				0 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	.			.	0 00
Floating charge holders	.			.	0 00
Unsecured creditors	. . . . .				273,832 98

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	. . . . .				1 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	. . . . .				0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

VAT REFUND CLAIM ON FACTORING COMPANY'S INVOICES

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

AS ABOVE

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

SIX MONTHS