Rule 4 223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of
Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to section 192 of the
Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

Company Number

5328480

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

A-ONE FIRE & SAFETY LIMITED

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I, (b) Manubhai Govindbhai Mistry

of Horsfields
Belgrave Place
8 Manchester Road
Bury
BL9 0ED

the liquidator of the company attach a copy of my statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

mfunst

Date

26 May 2014

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any) Mr M G Mistry Horsfields Belgrave Place 8 Manchester Road Bury BL9 0ED

MGM/HM/CVL159/15

For Official Use

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#319

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of company

A-ONE FIRE & SAFETY LIMITED

Company's registered number

5328480

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

10 November 2009

Date to which this statement is brought down

09 May 2015

Name and address of liquidator

Manubhai Govindbhai Mistry of Horsfields Belgrave Place 8 Manchester Road Bury BL9 0ED

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc, and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- When dividends, installments of compositions etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend etc, actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend etc, payable to each creditor, or contributory
- When unclaimed dividends etc, are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- 5 Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules
- 6 This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate

Liquidator's statement of account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations					
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realized	Amount		
			£		
		Brought forward	47,085 17		
08-Dec-14	Barclays Bank	Gross Interest	1 19		
13-Jan-15	HM Revenue & Customs	VAT refund	3,021 89		
02-Mar-15	Barclays Bank	Gross Interest	2 32		
		Carried forward	50,110 57		

Disbursements Date To whom paid Nature of disbursements Amount				
vale	10 whom paid	Nature of dispursements	Amount	
			£	
		Brought forward	28,573 28	
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		Carried forward	28,573 28	

Note No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements	£ 50,110 57 28,573 28	
	Balance £	21,537 29
The balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		
2 Balance at bank		21,537 29
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		
	£	
4 * Amounts invested by liquidator		
Less the cost of investments realised]	
Balance		
Total balance as shown above	£	21,537 29

[NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement]

*The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations

The liquidator should also state

The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)

Liabilities Fixed charge creditors
Floating charge holders
Unsecured creditors

127,743

The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash

- The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- 4 Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
- 5 The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed 6 months