

## The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of  
Receipts and Payments  
Pursuant to Section 192 of  
The Insolvency Act 1986**S.192**

For Official Use

To the Registrar of Companies

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Company Number

5319471

Name of Company

A &amp; A Flowers Limited

I / We  
David Moore  
No 1 Old Hall Street  
Liverpool  
L3 9HFDonald Bailey  
No 1 Old Hall Street  
Liverpool  
L3 9HFthe liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and  
payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed



Date

12/01/2011

Begbies Traynor (Central) LLP  
No 1 Old Hall Street  
Liverpool  
L3 9HF

Ref AA01/DM/ALM/MJR/ANB/AXM

For Official Use

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COMPANIES HOUSE

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	A & A Flowers Limited
Company Registered Number	5319471
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Creditors
Date of commencement of winding up	06 February 2007
Date to which this statement is brought down	11 January 2011
Name and Address of Liquidator	
David Moore No 1 Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9HF	Donald Bailey No 1 Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9HF

## NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

Liquidator's statement of account  
under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations			
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
11/01/2011	HM Revenue & Customs	Brought Forward Vat Control Account	18,679 44 247 48
Carried Forward			18,926 92

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	17,253 09
18/08/2010	Begbies Traynor	Liquidators fees	750 00
18/08/2010	Begbies Traynor	Vat Receivable	131 25
18/08/2010	Begbies Traynor	Specific Bond	33 00
18/08/2010	Begbies Traynor	Vat Receivable	5 78
16/09/2010	Begbies Traynor	Liquidators fees	200 00
16/09/2010	Begbies Traynor	Vat Receivable	35 00
14/10/2010	Begbies Traynor	Liquidators fees	200 00
14/10/2010	Begbies Traynor	Vat Receivable	35 00
11/01/2011	Begbies Traynor	Liquidators fees	161 39
11/01/2011	Begbies Traynor	Vat Receivable	28 24
11/01/2011	TMP (UK) Limited	Statutory Advertising	74 63
11/01/2011	TMP (UK) Limited	Vat Receivable	12 21
11/01/2011	Allied Irish Bank	Bank Charges	7 33
Carried Forward			18,926 92

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

**Analysis of balance**

Total realisations  
Total disbursements

Balance £

This balance is made up as follows

- 1 Cash in hands of liquidator
- 2 Balance at bank
- 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account

- 4 Amounts invested by liquidator  
Less The cost of investments realised  
Balance
- 5 Accrued Items

Total Balance as shown above

£		18,926 92
		18,926 92
Balance £		0 00
		0 00
		0 00
		0 00
£	0 00	
	0 00	
		0 00
		0 00
		0 00

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

- (1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors including the holders of floating charges)	12,651 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	39,075 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	60,819 00

- (2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	2 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Now

- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

Now