Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

30 June 2012

Company Number 5302439

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

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Directors

D Z Ting

A G Roy

N Clear

Secretary and registered office

N Clear, Faraday House, Eastern Avenue, Stretton, Burton on Trent, Staffordshire, DE13 0BB

Company number

5302439

Auditors

BDO LLP, Lockton House, Clarendon Road, Cambridge, CB2 8FH

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2012

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

Results

The profit and loss account is set out on page 5 and shows the loss for the year

Principal activities

The company's principal activity is the design, selling and installation of innovative and patented metal melting and circulation systems, incorporating electro magnetic pumps. The principal activity is based in the non-ferrous metal market, particularly aluminium. The company's product is marketed globally.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were

D Z Ting A G Roy

N Clear

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting

In preparing this directors' report advantage has been taken of the small companies' exemption

On behalf of the board

14 February 2013

Director

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Independent auditor's report

To the member of EMP Technologies Limited

We have audited the financial statements of EMP Technologies Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's member in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2012 and of its loss for the
 year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

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Piers Harrison (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Cambridge
United Kingdom

19 February 2013

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 June 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Turnover	2	3,678,407	3,583,730
Cost of sales		2,499,745	2,471,187
Gross profit		1,178,662	1,112,543
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		476,486 755,843	381,032 600,829
Operating (loss)/profit	3	(53,667)	130,682
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	(20,876)	301 (30,164)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before and after taxation for the financial year		(74,543)	100,819

All amounts relate to continuing activities
All recognised gains and losses in the current and prior year are included in the profit and loss account

Balance sheet at 30 June 2012

Company number 5302439	Note	2012 £	2012 £	2011 £	2011 £
Fixed assets	_				
Intangible assets Tangible assets	7 8		151,947		29,518 134,024
			151,947		163,542
Current assets					
Stocks	9	385,804		301,187	
Debtors	10	1,037,732		683,091	
Cash at bank and in hand	, 0	312		214,621	
outh at ballit and in hallo					
		1,423,848		1,198,899	
Creditors. amounts falling due within					
one year	11	2,022,479		1,739,582	
Net current liabilities			(598,631)		(540,683)
Net current numities					
Total assets less current liabilities			(446,684)		(377,141)
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	12		5,000		-
			(451,684)		(377,141)
			(· - · , ·)		

Balance sheet at 30 June 2012 (continued)

	Note	2012 £	2012 £	2011 £	2011 £
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		2		2
Share premium account	14		210,554		210,554
Capital contribution reserve	14		1,255,992		1,255,992
Profit and loss account	14		(1,918,232)		(1,843,689)
Shareholder's deficit	15		(451,684)		(377,141)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on February 14 h 2013

Director

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, notwithstanding net current liabilities of £598,631 as of 30 June 2012, based on

- a commitment from the company's ultimate parent Pyrotek, Inc to continue to provide financial support, and
- the availability of committed bank borrowing facilities, which management expects to be sufficient to meet the company's cash requirements for the foreseeable future

Consequently, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash Flow Statements (Revised 1996)' not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a 'small' company under the Companies Act 2006

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a trade or subsidiary undertaking is the difference between the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. Positive goodwill is capitalised and amortised through the profit and loss account over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life of 7 years. Impairment tests on the carrying value of goodwill are undertaken.

- at the end of the first full financial year following acquisition,
- in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts less value added tax or local taxes. Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered or services provided.

Revenue on contracts is recognised as work is carried out, after taking into account the company's right to consideration based on the value of goods and services provided to customers, in accordance with the accounting policy on long-term contracts as stated below

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets, except for investment properties and freehold land, evenly over their expected useful lives—It is calculated at the following rates

Leasehold improvements Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Office equipment - over the remaining term of the lease

10% straight line20-25% straight line25% straight line

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks and long term contracts

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Work in progress and finished goods value is based on the cost of materials and direct labour costs, together with an appropriate proportion of production overheads, on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Long-term contracts are assessed on a contract by contract basis and are reflected in the profit and loss account by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses. Where the outcome of each long-term contract can be assessed with reasonable certainty before its conclusion, the attributable profit is recognised in the profit and loss account as the difference between the reported turnover and related costs for that contract

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Research and development

Expenditure on pure and applied research is charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred

Development costs are also charged to the profit and loss account in the year of expenditure

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates making sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences

Deferred tax balances are not discounted

Operating leases

Annual rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

Pension costs

Contributions to the company's defined contribution pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the year in which they become payable

2 Turnover

The proportion of turnover that is attributable to markets outside the United Kingdom is 76% (2011 - 97%)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

3	Operating (loss)/profit		
		2012	2011
	This is arrived at after charging/(crediting)	£	3
	Research and development - current year's expenditure Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of positive goodwill Hire of plant and machinery - operating leases Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration - fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's annual accounts	60,587 20,918 29,518 4,341 55,224	22,946 22,017 29,518 3,421 97,888 14,925
	Exchange differences Defined contribution pension cost	107,026 70,455	(41,561) 57,274
4	Directors' remuneration		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Aggregate emoluments, pension contributions and amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes	148,462	133,348
	There was 1 director in the company's defined contribution pension scheme during	ng the year (2	011 - 1)
5	Other interest receivable and similar income		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Loans to group companies	-	301
6	Interest payable and similar charges		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Loans from group companies	1,372 19,504	1,205 28,959 ————
		20,876	30,164

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

7	Intangible fixed assets			
				Purchased goodwill
	Cost			£
	At 1 July 2011 and 30 June 2012			206,625
	Amortisation			177,107
	At 1 July 2011 Provided for the year			29,518
	At 30 June 2012			206,625
	Net book value			 -
	At 30 June 2012			-
	At 30 June 2011			29,518
8	Tangible fixed assets			
		Leasehold Improvements £	Plant and machinery	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 July 2011	53,760	228,805	282,565 38,841
	Additions Disposals	8,500 -	30,341 (6,350)	(6,350)
	At 30 June 2012	 62,260	252,796	315,056
	Depreciation	20.041	110 500	140 541
	At 1 July 2011 Provided for the year	29,041 6,058	119,500 14,860	148,541 20,918
	Disposals	-	(6,350)	(6,350)
	At 30 June 2012	35,099	128,010	163,109
	Net book value At 30 June 2012	27,161	124,786	151,947
	At 30 June 2011	24,719	109,305	134,024

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Included within Plant and machinery is £74,182 (2011 - £58,622) relating to assets in the course of construction. No depreciation has been charged on these assets during the year

9 Stocks

	2012 £	2011 £
Raw materials Work in progress	276,911 108,893	226,078 75,109
	385,804	301,187

There is no material difference between the replacement cost of stocks and the amounts stated above

10 Debtors

	2012 £	2011 £
Trade debtors	715,447	380,496
Amounts owed by group undertakings	70,381	102,599
Other debtors	251,904	199,996
	1,037,732	683,091
	(-10	

All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year

11 Creditors amounts falling due within one year

	2012 £	2011 £
Bank loans and overdrafts (secured)	744,129	-
Trade creditors	212,312	302,193
Amounts owed to group undertakings	772,265	1,211,011
Taxation and social security	77,779	29,291
Other creditors	215,994	197,087
	2,022,479	1,739,582

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

11 Creditors. amounts falling due within one year (continued)

The bank overdraft of £744,129 (2011 - £nil) arises within a group pooling facility which is secured by a cross-guarantee with other group companies. The total liabilities of other group companies under this facility at 30 June 2012 were £1,414,152 (2011 - £355,858), and the group's net borrowings across the facility as a whole were £368,404 (2011 - £nil)

12 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2012 £	2011 £
	Other creditors	5,000	-
13	Share capital		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	~	~
	Anotted, caned up and rany paid		
	2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
		 	

14 Reserves

	Share premium account £	Capital contribution reserve £	Profit and loss account
At 1 July 2011 Loss for the year	210,554	1,255,992	(1,843,689) (74,543)
At 30 June 2012	210,554	1,255,992	(1,918,232)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

5 Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's deficit

	2012 £	2011 £
(Loss)/profit for the year	(74,543)	100,819
Opening shareholder's deficit	(377,141)	(477,960)
Closing shareholder's deficit	(451,684)	(377,141)

16 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge amounted to £70,455 (2011 - £57,274) Contributions amounting to £5,956 (2011 - £5,613) were payable to the fund and are included in creditors

17 Commitments under operating leases

The company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below

Operating leases which expire	Land and buildings 2012 £	Other 2012 £	Land and buildings 2011 £	Other 2011 £
In two to five years	62,000	7,287	58,500	3,341

18 Related party disclosures

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with members of the group headed by Pyrotek, Inc. on the grounds that the company (and the group companies that it has transacted with) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Pyrotek, Inc. and all these companies are included in consolidated financial statements.

19 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of larger group

At 30 June 2012, the ultimate parent company and the ultimate controlling party was Pyrotek, Inc. which is incorporated in the state of Washington, United States of America. Pyrotek, Inc. is the parent undertaking of both the smallest and largest groups for which group accounts are drawn up. The group accounts of Pyrotek, Inc. are available from 9503 East Montgomery Ave, Spokane, WA99206, USA

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 (continued)

20 Contingent liabilities

At the balance sheet date the company has outstanding bank guarantees in favour of customers of £275,034 (2011 - £421,311) These guarantees form part of the group facility as disclosed per note 11 to these financial statements