Blue Box One Limited

Registered number: 05291470

Balance Sheet

as at 30 November 2016

	Notes		2016		2015
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		39,832		39,317
Current assets					
Stocks		8,600		5,925	
Debtors	3	58,526		63,273	
Cash at bank and in hand		113,739		160,005	
		180,865		229,203	
Creditors: amounts falling	ţ				
due within one year	4	(94,429)		(92,713)	
Net current assets			86,436		136,490
Net assets		-	126,268	_ _	175,807
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			126,168		175,707
Shareholder's funds		-	126,268	- -	175,807

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

P Whitehorne

Director

Approved by the board on 2 June 2017

Blue Box One Limited

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 November 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery over 4 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 4 years

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any

transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and	Plant and machinery	
	buildings	etc	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 December 2015	38,000	11,200	49,200
Additions	407	583	990
At 30 November 2016	38,407	11,783	50,190
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2015	-	9,883	9,883
Charge for the year	-	475	475
At 30 November 2016		10,358	10,358
Net book value			
At 30 November 2016	38,407	1,425	39,832
At 30 November 2015	38,000	1,317	39,317

Debtors	2016	2015
	£	£
Trade debtors	58,526	63,273
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016	2015
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	126	-
Trade creditors	51,605	52,778
Corporation tax	29,273	28,321
Other taxes and social security costs	12,006	10,258
Other creditors	1,419	1,356
	94,429	92,713
	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs	Trade debtors Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security costs 1,419

5 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the sole director who owns 100% of the issued share capital

6 Other information

Blue Box One Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

14 Eelmoor Road

Farnborough

Hampshire

GU14 7QN

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