COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05263692

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 OCTOBER 2008



CAS
Chartered Accountants
CAS House
346c High Street
Chatham
Kent
ME4 4NP

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

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ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF ABBEY WASTE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

As described on the balance sheet, the directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 31 October 2008, set out on pages 2 to 4.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 1985.

In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these unaudited abbreviated accounts in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and information and explanations supplied to us.

CAS

Chartered Accountants

CAS House 346c High Street Chatham Kent ME4 4NP

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 OCTOBER 2008

		2008	2007	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			184,794	233,841
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		107,245		160,546
Cash at bank and in hand		4,328		36,297
				
		111,573		196,843
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	e year	187,777		225,987
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(76,204)	(29,144)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITY	ries		108,590	204,697
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more	e than			
one year			111,202	175,544
			(2,612)	29,153
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	3		2	2
Profit and loss account	·		(2,614)	29,151
			(2,017)	27,131
(DEFICIT)/SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(2,612)	29,153
				

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

MR S BUCKLAND Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery Fixtures & Fittings 25% written down value 25% written down value

Motor Vehicles

- 25% reducing balance

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Finance lease agreements

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Tangible

2. FIXED ASSETS

					Assets £
	COST At 1 November 2007 Additions				356,864 12,421
	At 31 October 2008				369,285
	DEPRECIATION At 1 November 2007				123,023
	Charge for year At 31 October 2008				61,468 184,491
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 October 2008				184,794
	At 31 October 2007				233,841
3.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			2008 £ 1,000	2007 £ 1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2008 No 	£ 2	2007 No 2	£ 2