# **Mark College Limited**

Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2006

Registered number 5258066



Mark College Limited Directors' report and financial statements Year ended 31 December 2006

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## Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006. The comparative figures are for the period from 13 October 2004 to 31 December 2005.

### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company is the provision of specialist education for pupils with dyslexia

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2005 fnil)

## Directors and directors' interests

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

PJ Greensmith (resigned 22 March 2007)
Dr CB Patel (resigned 9 March 2007)

D Spruzen (appointed 27 July 2006, resigned 24 April 2007)

On 16 April 2007, S Bradshaw and Professor C Thompson were appointed as directors of the company On 2 May 2007, Swagatam Mukerji was appointed as a director of the company

In accordance with the articles of association, no directors retire by rotation. None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the company

The interests of Dr CB Patel in the shares of Priory Investments Holdings Limited (the ultimate parent company) are disclosed in the financial statements of that company

The interests of PJ Greensmith and D Spruzen in the shares of Priory Investments Holdings Limited are set out below

			Interest at end of year Interest at begin		nning of year	or date of		
							appointm	ent if later
	A Ordinary B	<b>Ordinary</b>	Non Voting	Preference	A Ordinary	B Ordinary	Non Voting	Preference
	shares	shares	<b>B</b> Ordinary	shares	shares	shares	B Ordinary	shares
			shares				shares	
PJ Greensmith	-	200,000	300,000	1,553,153	-	200,000	300,000	1,500,000
D Spruzen *	-	100,000	100,000	53,153	-	100,000	100,000	53,153

<sup>\*</sup> B Ordinary shares and Non Voting B Ordinary shares held indirectly

#### **Auditors**

In accordance with Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 (as amended), the Company has elected to dispense with the obligation to appoint auditors annually. Accordingly, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will continue in office as auditors

## Directors' report (continued)

### Provision of information to auditors

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware. Each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board

S Bradshaw Director Priory House Randalls Way Leatherhead Surrey KT22 7TP

17 May 2007

## Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Independent auditors' report to the members of Mark College Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Mark College Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

#### In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Ca Ship

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

London

17 May 2007

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	Year ended 31 December 2006 £000	Period from 13 October 2004 to 31 December 2005 £000
Turnover Cost of sales		1,47 <b>1</b> (1,293)	824 (572)
Gross profit Administrative expenses		178 (221)	252 (96)
Operating (loss)/profit Loss on disposal of fixed assets	2	(43)	156 (286)
Loss on ordinary activities before interest and tax Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	5 6	(43) 58 (2)	(130) 8 (64)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	2 7	13 6	(186) (38)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	13	19	(224)

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year. The historical cost retained profit and the reported retained profit are the same. The results for the current year derive from continuing activities.

# Balance sheet

at 31 December 2006	Note	£000	2006 £000	£000	2005 £000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	8		394		130
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9	1,680 103		1,676 81	
		1,783		1,757	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(1,770)		(1,488)	
Net current assets  Due within one year  Debtors due after more than one year	9	(830) 843		269	
			13	·	269
Total assets less current liabilities			407		399
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(12)		(23)
Net assets			395		376
Capital and reserves	13				
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	12 13		395		376
Shareholders' funds – equity			395		376

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 17 May 2007 and were signed on its behalf by

S Bradshaw Director

# Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds for the year ended 31 December 2006

	Year ended 31 Dec 2006 £000	13 Oct 2004 to 31 Dec 2005 £000
Profit/(loss) for the financial year Capital contribution from parent undertaking	19 -	(224) 600
Net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	19 376	376
Closing shareholders' funds	395	376

#### Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

## 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules

Under FRS 1 (revised) the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

The company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment

Assets in course of construction represent the direct costs of purchasing, constructing and installing tangible fixed assets ahead of their productive use. No depreciation is provided on an asset that is in the course of construction until it is completed and transferred to an asset heading that is appropriate.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Freehold buildings and long leasehold properties -

Short leasehold properties - over the period of the lease

Plant, fixtures and fittings - 3 to 16 years

Motor vehicles - over the shorter of the lease and 4 years

Land is not depreciated on the basis that land has an unlimited life. Where the cost of land and buildings cannot be split, the Directors have estimated that the value attributable to land is 22% of the cost of the land and buildings.

## Leases

Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised and the outstanding future lease obligations are shown in creditors. Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

### Post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Group relief

Payment is generally made for group relief at a rate of 30% at the time of first estimating the tax provision. To the extent that amendments are subsequently made to the group relief plan, there is generally no payment or receipt in respect of change.

#### **Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the year and takes into account taxation deferred tax is recognised without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by FRS 19

#### Turnover and revenue recognition

Turnover represents the amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from the provision of services Revenue is recognised as the services are provided

## 2 Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging	Year ended 31 Dec 2006 £000	13 Oct 2004 to 31 Dec 2005 £000
Auditors' remuneration (inclusive of VAT)		
Audit	-	-
Depreciation and other amounts written off tangible fixed assets		
Owned	35	20
Leased	7	1
Rentals under operating leases		
Hire of plant and machinery	9	6
Other operating leases	224	33
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	286

The remuneration of the auditors in the current year and the prior period was borne by another group undertaking

## 3 Remuneration of directors

The directors received no emoluments for services to the company during the year (prior period £nil)

## 4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows

category, was as follows	Number of emplo	
Ye	ear ended	13 Oct 2004 to
	Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
Teachers and social workers	35	26
Administrative staff	13	-
	48	26
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows		
Ye	ear ended	13 Oct 2004 to
311	Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	715	386
Social security costs	57	35
Other pension costs	59	13
	831	434
5 Other interest receivable and similar income		
Ye	ear ended	13 Oct 2004 to
31	Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
	£000	£000
Inter-company interest receivable	58	-
	<del></del>	<del></del>
6 Interest payable and similar charges		
	ear ended	13 Oct 2004 to
31	Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
	£000	£000
On bank loans and overdrafts	-	64
Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases	2	
	2	64

#### 7 Taxation

UK corporation tay	Year ended 31 Dec 2006 £000	13 Oct 2004 to 31 Dec 2005 £000
UK corporation tax		
Current tax on income for the financial year	14	38
Adjustment relating to prior years	(16)	-
	<del> </del>	<del></del>
	(2)	38
Deferred tax credit	(4)	-
	(6)	38
	<del></del>	

The tax charge of £14,000 (2005 £38,000) on profits for the year has been relieved by the surrender of losses by other group companies in exchange for payment of the same amount

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 30% (2005–30%). The actual tax charge for the year is above the standard rate for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation.

	Year ended	13 Oct 2004 to
	31 Dec 2006	31 Dec 2005
	£000	£000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	13	(186)
		-
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities at standard rate	4	(56)
Factors affecting charge for the period		
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	7	1
Other timing differences	(3)	-
Depreciation of non-qualifying assets	5	7
Profit/loss on non-qualifying assets	•	86
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1	-
Adjustment to tax charges in respect of prior years	(16)	-
	<del></del>	<del></del>
Total actual amount of current tax	(2)	38

## 8 Tangible assets

	Freehold land and buildings £000	course of	Fixtures and fittings £000	Motor Vehicles £000	Total £000
Cost	_				
At beginning of the year	6	42	98	30	134
Additions Disposals	•	43	256	34	333
Transfers	-	(27)	27	(30)	(30)
At end of the year	6	16	381	34	437
		<del></del>			
Depreciation					
At beginning of the year	-	-	3	1	4
Charge for the year On disposals	-	-	34	8 (3)	42 (3)
At end of the year	<del></del>	-	37	6	43
·					
<i>Net book value</i> At 31 December 2006	6	16	344	28	394
		<u></u>			
At 31 December 2005	<del>-</del>	-	95		130

Included in the total net book value of motor vehicles is £23,000 (2005 £29,000) in respect of assets held under finance leases. Depreciation for the year on these assets was £7,000 (2005 £1,000)

## 9 Debtors

	2006	2005
	£000	£000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Trade debtors	307	306
Amounts due to group undertakings	515	1,361
Other debtors	3	2
Deferred tax asset	4	-
Prepayments and accrued income	8	7
	837	1,676
Amounts falling due after more than one year Amounts due to group undertakings	843	-
	1,680	1,676

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2006 £000	2005 £000
Trade of Amous Group	tion under finance lease contracts creditors hts owed to group undertakings relief payable taxes and social security	6 16 1,193 14 17	6 60 924 38
Other	creditors Ils and deferred income	8 516	460
		1,770	1,488
11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	· ·	2006 £000	2005 £000
Obliga	tion under finance lease contracts	12	23
Obliga	tions under finance leases are payable as follows	2006 £000	2005 £000
Within	one year or less one to two years two to five years	6 6 6	6 6 17
		18	29
12	Called up share capital		
Author	usad	2006 £	2005 £
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	d, called up and fully paid nary shares of £1 each	1	1

#### 13 Reserves

	Profit and loss account £000
At beginning of the year Retained profit for the year	376 19
At end of the year	395

#### 14 Commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows

		2006		2005
	Land and buildings	Other	Land and Buildings	Other
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year	-	7	-	-
In the second to fifth years inclusive	•	2	-	-
Over five years	222	•	224	-
	222	9	224	-
			·	<del></del>

## 15 Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into banking facilities set-off agreements in respect of which guarantees have been given. The aggregate amount outstanding under the agreements was £nil at 31 December 2006 (2005 £nil)

#### 16 Pension scheme

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The pension cost charge for the year represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £9,000 (2005, 10,000).

As at 31 December 2006, there were outstanding contributions of £1,000 (31 December 2005 £nil)

The company participated in the Teachers' Pension Scheme ("the scheme") which is a government funded final salary scheme. The pension charge for the year was £50,000 (31 December 2005 £3,000). The company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme in which it participates on a consistent and reliable basis. It has therefore taken advantage of the exemption under Financial Reporting Standard 17 paragraph 9 to treat the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

## 17 Ultimate parent company

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Priory Education Services Limited, which is incorporated in England

The largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Priory Investments Holdings Limited No other group accounts include the results of the company