Registration number: 05234145

HL HEALTHCARE LIMITED

Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

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Company Information

Directors Mrs Caroline Jane Llewellyn

Mr Mark Llewellyn

Registered office Pure Offices

Tachbrook Business Park

Warwick CV34 6WE

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(Registration number: 05234145) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	4	68,568	56,606
Tangible assets	4 5 6	25,043	13,579
Investments	<u>6</u>	1,157,849	500,000
		1,251,460	570,185
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>7</u>	66,979	86,456
Debtors		874,170	632,339
Cash at bank and in hand		260,075	211,452
		1,201,224	930,247
Prepayments and accrued income		535	688
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(665,605)	(521,460)
Net current assets		536,154	409,475
Total assets less current liabilities		1,787,614	979,660
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(1,052)	-
Accruals and deferred income		(26,975)	(3,000)
Net assets	_	1,759,587	976,660
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,000	4
Profit and loss account		1,758,587	976,656
Total equity		1,759,587	976,660

For the financial year ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 05234145) Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2019

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 16 December 2019 and signed on its behalf by:
Mr Mark Llewellyn
Director
The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these abridged financial statements. Page 3

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: Pure Offices Tachbrook Business Park Warwick CV34 6WE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 16 December 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures and fittings
Computer equipment

Motor vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

10% Reducing balance 25% Reducing balance 25% Reducing balance

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at acquisition date of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the group in exchange for control of the acquired, plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. When a business combination agreement provides for an adjustment to the cost of the combination contingent on future events, the group includes the estimated amount of that adjustment in the cost of the combination at the acquisition date if the adjustment is probable and can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets

Separately acquired trademarks and licences are shown at historical cost.

Trademarks, licences (including software) and customer-related intangible assets acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date.

Trademarks, licences and customer-related intangible assets have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class

Patents

Amortisation method and rate
Straight line over 20 years

Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment. Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 3 (2018 - 3).

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

Total

4 Intangible assets

	£
Cost or valuation	
At 1 April 2018	90,120
Additions acquired separately	17,335
At 31 March 2019	107,455
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2018	33,514
Amortisation charge	5,373
At 31 March 2019	38,887
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2019	68,568
At 31 March 2018	56,606
5 Tangible assets	
	Total £
Cost or valuation	
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018	
	£
At 1 April 2018	£ 42,094
At 1 April 2018 Additions	£ 42,094 28,915
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals	£ 42,094 28,915 (29,900)
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019	£ 42,094 28,915 (29,900)
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year	£ 42,094 28,915 (29,900) 41,109 28,515 7,991
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation At 1 April 2018	£ 42,094 28,915 (29,900) 41,109
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year	£ 42,094 28,915 (29,900) 41,109 28,515 7,991
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal	42,094 28,915 (29,900) 41,109 28,515 7,991 (20,440)
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal At 31 March 2019	42,094 28,915 (29,900) 41,109 28,515 7,991 (20,440)
At 1 April 2018 Additions Disposals At 31 March 2019 Depreciation At 1 April 2018 Charge for the year Eliminated on disposal At 31 March 2019 Carrying amount	42,094 28,915 (29,900) 41,109 28,515 7,991 (20,440) 16,066

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2019

6 Investments		Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018	-	1,157,849
Provision		
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2019	=	1,157,849
At 31 March 2018	=	500,000
7 Stocks	2019	2018

£

66,979

£

86,456

8 Share capital

Other inventories

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Anotted, caned up and runy paid snare				
	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary A of £1 each	250	250	4	4
Ordinary B of £1 (2018 - £0) each	250	250	-	-
Ordinary C of £1 (2018 - £0) each	250	250	-	-
Ordinary D of £1 (2018 - £0) each	250	250	-	-
	1,000	1,000	4	4
				<u> </u>

9 Related party transactions

Directors' remuneration

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Remuneration	16,848	8,164

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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.