Company registration number: 5191437

Paul Leeks Cad Services Limited

31 October 2020

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited
27 Wanderdown Road
Ovingdean
Brighton
East Sussex
BN2 781



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Directors and other information

Director

P. Leeks

Secretary

S. Leeks

Company number

5191437

Registered office

27 Wanderdown Road

Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

Accountant

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited

27 Wanderdown Road

Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

Bankers

Barclays

Leicester LE87 2BB

Report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Paul Leeks Cad Services Limited Year ended 31 October 2020

As described on the statement of financial position, the director of the company is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2020 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions I have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to me.

Lynne Stone Taxation Consultants Limited 27 Wanderdown Road Ovingdean Brighton East Sussex BN2 7BT

28 January 2021

Statement of financial position 31 October 2020

		2020		2019	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	1,117		1,489	
			1,117		1,489
Current assets					
Debtors	6	2,830		3,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		42,385		38,942	
		45,215		42,442	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(19,852)		(18,861)	
Net current assets			25,363		23,581
Total assets less current liabilities			26,480		25,070
Net assets			26,480		25,070
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			26,479		25,069
Shareholders funds	,	•	26,480		25,070

For the year ending 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 5 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 October 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 28 January 2021, and are signed on pehalf of the board by:

P. Leeks Director

Company registration number: 5191437

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 October 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 27 Wanderdown Road, Ovingdean, Brighton, East Sussex, BN2 7BT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 October 2020

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment

- 25%

reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost, except for investments in non - puttable ordinary shares which are measured at fair value, with changes recognised in profit and loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and there after at fair value with changes in profit and loss.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2019: 1).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 October 2020

5. Tangible assets

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Fixtures, tings and quipment
			£
	Cost At 1 November 2019 and 31 October 2020		7,237
	Depreciation		
	At 1 November 2019		5,748
	Charge for the year		372
	At 31 October 2020		6,120
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 October 2020		1,117
	At 31 October 2019		1,489
6.	Debtors		
•		2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade debtors	2,830	3,500
_			
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2020	2019
		£	£
	Accruals and deferred income	1,273	1,213
	Corporation tax	9,828	11,298
	Social security and other taxes	98	-
	Director loan accounts	8,653	6,350
		19,852	18,861