

Registered Number 05183092

GLOW BEAUTY LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

30 November 2012

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2012

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2011</i>
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	2	36,000	39,000
Tangible assets	3	46,654	55,230
		<u>82,654</u>	<u>94,230</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		42,500	38,750
Cash at bank and in hand		2,298	-
		<u>44,798</u>	<u>38,750</u>
Prepayments and accrued income		3,278	3,094
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(128,844)	(135,927)
Net current assets (liabilities)		<u>(80,768)</u>	<u>(94,083)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,886</u>	<u>147</u>
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>1,886</u>	<u>147</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4	100	100
Profit and loss account		1,786	47
Shareholders' funds		<u>1,886</u>	<u>147</u>

- For the year ending 30 November 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 30 August 2013

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr K P Shoemark, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 30 November 2012**1 Accounting Policies****Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts**

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy

The turnover shown in the accounts represents the value of services delivered during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Tangible assets depreciation policy**Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings - 15% of net book value

Intangible assets amortisation policy**Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 5% on straight line basis

Valuation information and policy**Fixed Assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Other accounting policies

Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 Intangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 December 2011	60,000
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 30 November 2012	<u>60,000</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 December 2011	21,000
Charge for the year	3,000
On disposals	-
At 30 November 2012	<u>24,000</u>
Net book values	
At 30 November 2012	<u><u>36,000</u></u>
At 30 November 2011	<u><u>39,000</u></u>

3 Tangible fixed assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 December 2011	106,525

Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 30 November 2012	<u>106,525</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 December 2011	51,295
Charge for the year	8,576
On disposals	-
At 30 November 2012	<u>59,871</u>
Net book values	
At 30 November 2012	<u>46,654</u>
At 30 November 2011	<u>55,230</u>

4 **Called Up Share Capital**

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	<i>2012</i>	<i>2011</i>
	£	£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

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