# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05160152**

# Light Oaks Car Sales Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 5 April 2021

# **Light Oaks Car Sales Limited**

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

#### 5 April 2021

		2021		2020	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		160		216
Current assets					
Stocks		165,340		124,296	
Debtors	5	3,070		4,677	
Investments	6	19,386		_	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,116		18	
		198,912		128,991	
Creditors: amounts falling due within on	ie				
year	7	77,349		83,916	
Net current assets			121,563		45,075
Total assets less current liabilities			121,723		45,291
Creditors: amounts falling due after mor	·e				
than one year		8	70,554		_
Net assets			51,169		45,291
Capital and reserves			*******	-	
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			51,168		45,290
Shareholders funds			51,169		45,291

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 5th April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# **Light Oaks Car Sales Limited**

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

# 5 April 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 February 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A W Gibson

Director

Company registration number: 05160152

# **Light Oaks Car Sales Limited**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 5th April 2021

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Alex House, 260 - 268 Chapel Street, Salford, M3 5JZ, England.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% reducing balance

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

# 4. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and	
	fittings	Total
Cost	£	£
At 6th April 2020 and 5th April 2021	3,017	3,017
Depreciation	<del></del>	
At 6th April 2020	2,801	2,801
Charge for the year	56	56
At 5th April 2021	2,857	2,857
Carrying amount		
At 5th April 2021	160	160
At 5th April 2020	216	216
5. Debtors		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	330	100
Other debtors	2,740	<b>4,</b> 577
	3,070	4,677
6. Investments		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Other investments	19,386	_
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	12,484	3,643
Trade creditors	8,165	7,987
Social security and other taxes	282	317
Other creditors	56,418	71,969
	77,349	83,916
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	70,554	_

## 9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

Included within other creditors above is an amount of £1,083 (2020: £1,142) owed to the director. No interest has been charged and the amount is repayable on demand.

## 10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr Gibson throughout the current and previous year. Mr Gibson is the managing director and majority shareholder. Included within other creditors is an amount of £52,385 (2020: £67,977) owed to a company that Mr A Gibson is a shareholder of on normal commercial terms.

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